

1. (a) Complete the following truth table.

p	q	$p \Rightarrow \neg q$
T	T	F
T	F	T
F	T	F
F	F	T

(2)

Consider the propositions

p : Cristina understands logic
 q : Cristina will do well on the logic test.

- (b) Write down the following compound proposition in symbolic form.

“If Cristina understands logic then she will do well on the logic test”

(2)

- (c) Write down in words the contrapositive of the proposition given in part (b).

(2)

(Total 6 marks)

2. Consider the statement p :

“If a quadrilateral is a square then the four sides of the quadrilateral are equal”.

- (a) Write down the inverse of statement p in words.

(2)

- (b) Write down the converse of statement p in words.

(2)

- (c) Determine whether the converse of statement p is always true. Give an example to justify your answer.

(2)

(Total 6 marks)

3. Consider the following logic statements:

p : x is a factor of 6

q : x is a factor of 24

- (a) Write $p \Rightarrow q$ in words. (1)
- (b) Write the converse of $p \Rightarrow q$. (1)
- (c) State if the converse is true or false and give an example to justify your answer. (2)
- (Total 4 marks)**

4. Consider the statement “*If a figure is a square, then it is a rhombus*”.

- (a) For this statement, write in words
- (i) its converse;
 - (ii) its inverse;
 - (iii) its contrapositive.
- (b) Only one of the statements in part(a) is true. Which one is it?

(Total 8 marks)

5. Two propositions p and q are defined as follows:

p : *the number ends in zero*

q : *the number is divisible by 5*

- (a) Write in words
- (i) $p \Rightarrow q$;
 - (ii) the converse of $(p \Rightarrow q)$.

(b) Write in symbolic form

(i) the inverse of $(p \Rightarrow q)$;

(ii) the contrapositive of $(p \Rightarrow q)$.

(Total 4 marks)