

Self-assessment answers: 9 Circular measure and trigonometric functions

- 1. (a) a = 2, b = 3
 - (b) c = 3, d = 60

[7 marks]

2. Period of $\sin 4x$ is 90°, period of $\sin 6x$ is 60°.

Period of the overall function is the LCM of the constituent periods – that is, 180° (π radians).

[3 marks]

- 3. (a) h(14) = 9.64 metres (GDC)
 - (b) 7.4 metres
 - (c) $h(t) = 8.1 \implies t = 6.82, 11.18, 18.82, 23.18$ (GDC)

These correspond to times 06:49, 11:11, 18:49 and 23:11 on the 24 hour clock.

(d) $h(t) > 9 \implies t \in [0.649, 5.351] \cup [12.649, 17.351]$

These intervals correspond to periods 00:39 to 05:21 and 12:39 to 17:21 [8 marks]

4. (a) $f\left(\frac{\pi}{12}\right) = 3\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}$

(b)
$$f(x) = 0 \implies \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 0$$

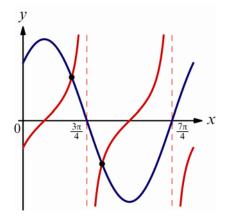
$$\Rightarrow x + \frac{x}{4} = \pi, 2\pi$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}$$

- (c) f(x) takes values in [-3, 3], so the minimum value of 5 f(x) is 2.
- (d) $g\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 1$

Subjidge Resolution

(e)



2 solutions [12 marks]