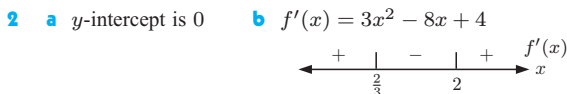


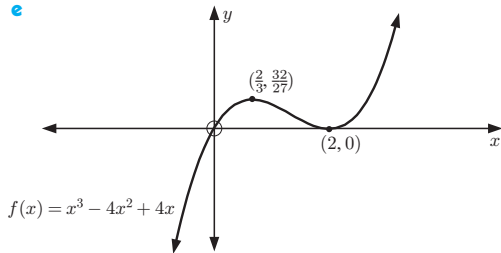
- b** ≈ 77.2 million tonnes per year
c ≈ 170 million tonnes per year, ≈ 50.2 years after mining begins
d when $t \approx 28.0$ years, and $t \approx 63.1$ years

REVIEW SET 21C

- 1 a** $A = -3, B = 7$
b local maximum at $(-1, 9)$, local minimum at $(1, 5)$



- c** increasing for $x \leq \frac{2}{3}$, $x \geq 2$, decreasing for $\frac{2}{3} \leq x \leq 2$
d local maximum at $(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{32}{27})$, local minimum at $(2, 0)$
e



- 3 a i** €312 **ii** €1218.75
b i 9.1 euros per km h^{-1} **ii** 7.5 euros per km h^{-1}
c 3 km h^{-1}
4 a $y = \frac{1}{x^2} \text{ m}$ **c** $C'(x) = 4x - \frac{8}{x^2}$
d 1.26 m by 1.26 m by 0.630 m **e** \$9.52
5 b 42 days
6 maximum value is $25\frac{1}{3}$, minimum value is $-1\frac{2}{3}$
7 a Domain = $\{t \mid 0 \leq t \leq 5.9\}$ **b** 49.8 m **c** 36.0 m

EXERCISE 22A

- 1 a** 0.31 **b** 0.305 **c** 3.05085×10^{-1}
2 a i If Farouk studies for the test, Farouk scores a good mark.
ii If Farouk does not study for the test, Farouk does not score a good mark.

b i $q \Rightarrow p$ **c**

p	q	$p \Rightarrow q$	$\neg p$	$\neg q$	$\neg q \Rightarrow \neg p$
T	T	T	F	F	T
T	F	F	F	T	F
F	T	T	T	F	T
F	F	T	T	T	T

same truth table column
 \therefore logically equivalent

- 3 a** ≈ 0.355 **b** $k \approx 6.01$
4 a $A(0, 9), B(6, 0)$ **b** $M(3, 4.5)$ **c** $-\frac{3}{2}$
d $4x - 6y = -15$

- 5 a** $\approx 26 \text{ cm}$
c 26 cm

b

Length (cm)	Frequency
$0 < x \leq 10$	15
$10 < x \leq 20$	40
$20 < x \leq 30$	75
$30 < x \leq 40$	51
$40 < x \leq 50$	19

- 6 a** $f'(x) = 10x^4 - 10x$ **b** $y = -2$
7 a Option A: \$15 124.98, Option B: \$15 167.93
b Option B, by \$42.95

- 8 a** $9.46 \times 10^{12} \text{ km}$ **b** $2.08 \times 10^{18} \text{ km}$

9 a i $x = 3, 4, 5, 10$ **b**

p	q	$\neg p$	$\neg p \wedge q$	$p \vee q$
T	T	F	F	F
T	F	F	F	T
F	T	T	T	T
F	F	T	F	F

ii $x = 3, 5$
iii $x = 1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9$

- 10 a** $P(G) = \frac{1}{3}$ **b** 75 'reds'

- c i** \$0 **ii** The game is fair.

- 11 a** $x = 5$ **b** $C(-5, 2)$
c $5x + 2y + 21 = 0$ **d** $D(5, -23)$

- 12 a i** H_0 : time spent on co-curricular activities and grade average are independent.

ii $df = (3 - 1) \times (3 - 1) = 4$ **iii** $\chi^2_{calc} \approx 5.31$

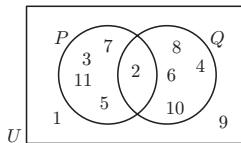
- b** H_0 is not rejected
c At a 1% level, the test does not support the principal's belief.

- 13 a** $y = f(c)$ **b** $x = b, c, d$ **c** $x \leq b, x \geq d$
d negative **e** The tangent lines are parallel.

- 14 a** €11 737 **b** £214 462.09

- 15 a** 6260.9 m^2 **b** 6300 m^2 **c** 0.625%

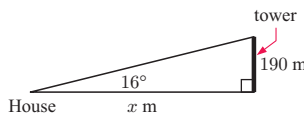
- 16 a**



- b i** {2}
ii {1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11}

- 17 a i** $A(-3, 0)$ **ii** $B(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{81}{4})$ **b** $(-2, -8)$ and $(5, -8)$

- 18 a**



- 19 a**

Time (t min)	Frequency
$0 < t \leq 10$	5
$10 < t \leq 20$	4
$20 < t \leq 30$	10
$30 < t \leq 40$	17
$40 < t \leq 50$	14
$50 < t \leq 60$	3
$60 < t \leq 70$	5

- b** $\bar{x} \approx 35.3, s \approx 15.6$
c 37.9%

- 20 a** $2x^2 + 8x - 10$ **b** $f'(x) = 4x + 8$

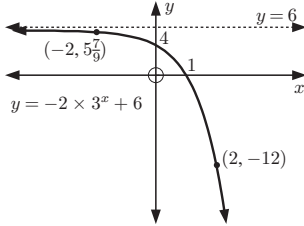
c i $a = -\frac{13}{4}$ **ii** $(-\frac{13}{4}, -\frac{119}{8})$

- 21 a i** 2004.38 yuan **ii** 1974.31 yuan **b** €604.38

- 22 a i** 3.2 m **ii** 2.56 m **b** $4 \times (0.8)^n \text{ m}$ **c** 4.6 cm

- 23 a** $P(A') = 1 - a$ **b i** $2a(1 - a)$ **ii** a^2 **c** $a \approx 0.755$

- 24 a 4
 b When $x = 2$, $y = -12$. When $x = -2$, $y = 5\frac{7}{9}$.
 c $y = 6$ d

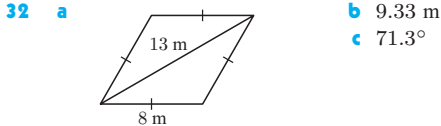


- 25 a 56.5 cm^3 b 3 cm c 96.5 cm^2
 26 a $y = x + 1$ b $\approx (-1.73, -0.732)$ and $(1.73, 2.73)$
 27 a $C(1500) = 2$, when 1500 bars are produced each day, the cost per bar is \$2.
 b $C'(x) = 0.000008x - 0.008$ c $x = 1000$ d \$1
 28 a $\approx 10.5\%$ b $\approx \text{€}6887.21$
 29 a 1 200 000 m b $1.2348 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$

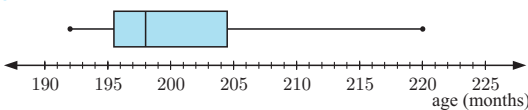
- 30 a i Antonio plays football, and is not good at kicking a ball.
 ii If Antonio is not good at kicking a ball, then he plays football.
 b i $p \not\leq q$
 ii $\neg p \Rightarrow \neg q$

p	q	$\neg q$	$\neg q \Rightarrow p$
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	T
F	T	F	T
F	F	T	F

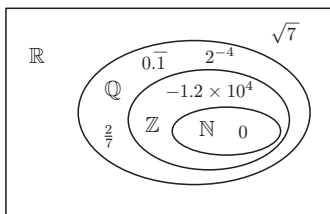
- 31 a $x^2 + (x + 3)^2 = (x + 6)^2$ b $x = 9$ {since $x > 0$ }
 c 54 cm^2



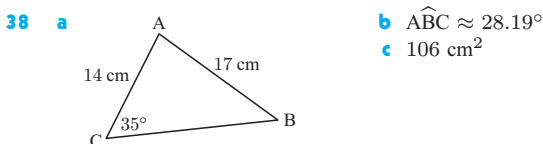
- 33 a i 198 months ii 18 months iii 9 months
 b



- 34 a $f'(x) = 6x^2 + 6x^{-3} - 24$ b $f'(2) = \frac{3}{4}$
 c $3x - 4y = 134$
 35 a $a \approx 1.4588$ b 2918 yen c 10 282.14 rupees
 36



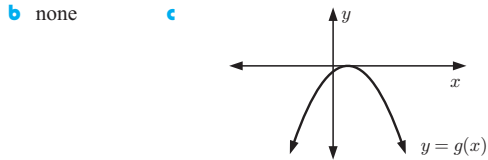
- 37 a i 0.05 ii 0.55 iii 0.45 b no, $P(A \cap B) \neq 0$



- 39 a i 48 ii 100.25 iii 15.0 b 8.33%

40 a

Constant	a	b	c
Value	positive	negative	positive



- 41 a b i $0.910 \leq t \leq 8$
 ii $0.379 < t < 1.79$

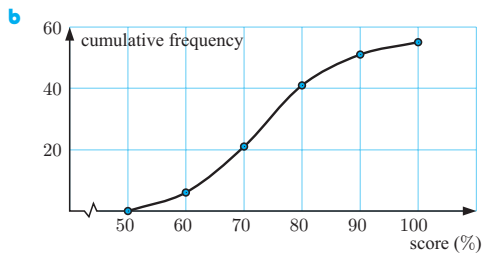
- 42 a i £24 310.13 ii £24 417.91 b 0.443%
 43 a i {d, s} ii {h, k} iii {a, b, d, h, k, r, s}
 iv {f, g}

- b i 7 ii 3
 44 a $\frac{1}{6}$ b $\frac{1}{9}$ c $\frac{5}{18}$
 45 a $y = 3x^2 - 3x - 18$ b -18 c $(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{75}{4})$

- 46 a 89.7 m b 1220 m² c 609 m³

47 a

Score (%)	Frequency	Cum. Freq.
$50 \leq S < 60$	6	6
$60 \leq S < 70$	15	21
$70 \leq S < 80$	20	41
$80 \leq S < 90$	10	51
$90 \leq S < 100$	4	55



- c ≈ 73
 48 a 0 b $f'(x) = 6x^2 - 10x - 4$ c $-\frac{1}{3}$ and 2

- 49 a \$830.76 b ≈ 35 months

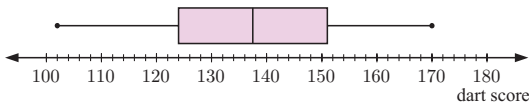
- 50 a 191 m b 6.04 ms^{-1}

- 51 a $p = 20$, $q = 30$, $r = 45$

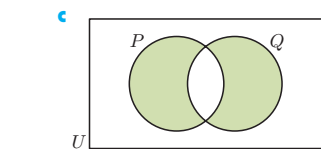
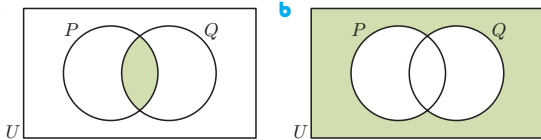
- b i 0.36 ii 0.34 iii 0.654

- 52 a b 7
 c i $p = -3$, $q = 7$
 ii $a = 1$

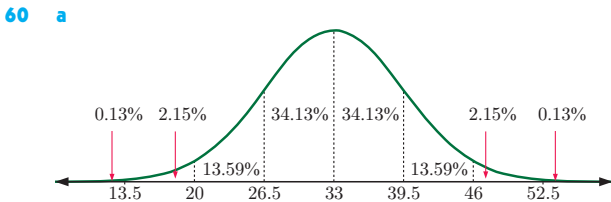
- 53 a i 27.6 cm ii 23.3 cm b 6010 cm³
 54 a $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2 - 8x + 3$ b $y = 6x - 17$
 55 a i €16 ii \$30 b 1 AUD = 0.8 EUR c €58 800
 56 a 137.5 b 27
 c



- d ≈ 17.7
 57 a -5, 2, 9 b arithmetic sequence c 688 d 34 150
 58 a

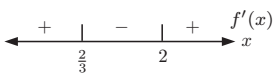


- 59 a $a = 4, b = 3$ b (11, 0)

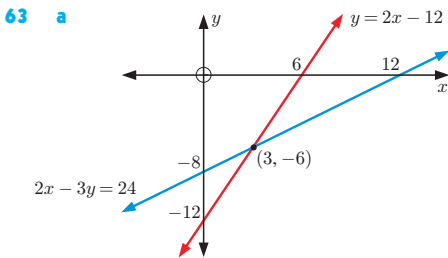


- b i ≈ 0.238 ii ≈ 0.109
 c $k \approx 36.4$ d about 11 customers
 61 a H_0 : travel time and quality of work are independent.
 H_1 : travel time and quality of work are not independent.
 b 1
 c Since $p > 0.05$, we do not reject H_0 . At a 5% level of significance, travel time and quality of work are independent.

- 62 a $f'(x) = 3x^2 - 8x + 4$ b $x = \frac{2}{3}$ or 2
 c

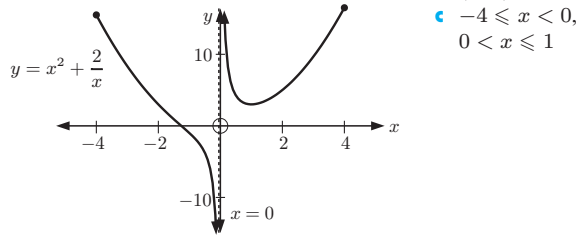


- d increasing for $x \leq \frac{2}{3}$ or $x \geq 2$
 decreasing for $\frac{2}{3} \leq x \leq 2$

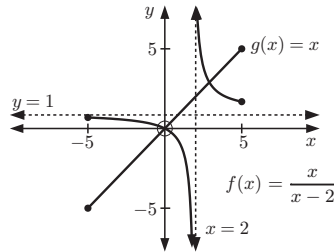


- b A is (3, -6) c $3x + 2y = -3$
 64 a $-\frac{1}{2}$ c $x \approx 19.3$ d 43.3 cm

- 65 a 9.772 cm b 61 cm
 66 a $\frac{1}{5}$ b $P(B|A) \neq P(B)$ c $\frac{2}{3}$
 67 a i £50 ii £200 b £3000 c $r = 0.075, t = 50$
 68 a

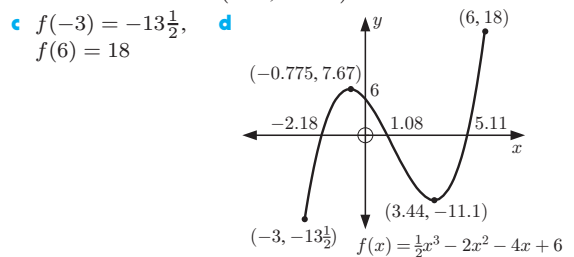


- 69 a 70%
 b i $m \approx 28$ ii $n \approx 35$ iii $p \approx 42$ iv $q = 100$
 70 a 6, 7.2 b $u_{10} \approx 31.0$
 c 40.2 (the 11th term, and $u_{11} \approx 37.2$)
 71 a 50 times b $3\frac{1}{2}$ (\$3.50) c No
 72 a $a \wedge b$ b $\neg(a \vee b)$ c $b \wedge \neg a$ d $(a \vee b) \wedge c$
 73 a

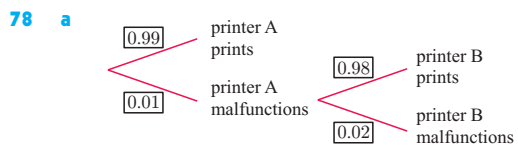


- b horiz. asymptote $y = 1$, vert. asymptote $x = 2$
 c $x = 0$ or 3
 74 a $\sqrt{45}$ m b 7 m c 16.6°
 75 a $y \approx -0.0151x + 25.9$ b 25.5 min c $r \approx -0.0550$
 d Very unreliable, as there is almost no linear relationship between the variables.

- 76 a $P'(m) = 60 - 2m, 0 \leq m \leq 40$ c \$100 000
 77 a y -intercept is 6, x -intercepts are $\approx -2.18, 1.08, 5.11$
 b local maximum at $\approx (-0.775, 7.67)$
 local minimum at $\approx (3.44, -11.1)$

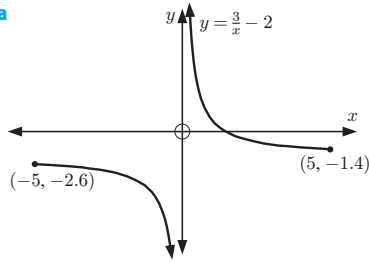


- e greatest value of $f(x)$ is 18 (when $x = 6$)
 least value of $f(x)$ is $-13\frac{1}{2}$ (when $x = -3$)



- b i 0.0002 ii 0.0098 iii 0.990

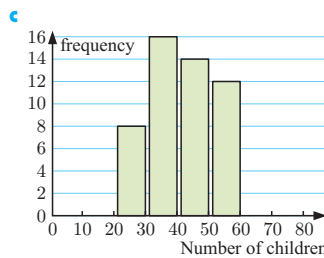
- 79 a 343.42 ms^{-1} b $2.06 \times 10^5 \text{ m}$ c 4.41%
 80 a b $x = 0$ c $y = 3x - 10$



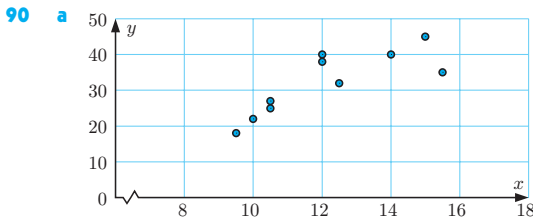
- 81 a i $P(0, 5)$ ii $Q(8, 0)$
 b $-\frac{5}{8}$ c 32.0° d $(-4, -3)$
 82 a -2 b $y = -2x + 6$ c $b = -4, c = 7$
 83 a positive for each case

Strength of correlation	Scatter diagram
Weak	II
Moderate	I
Strong	III

- 84 a 26 days
 b 31 - 40 children
 d i $\mu = 41.5$ children,
 ii $\sigma \approx 10.2$ children



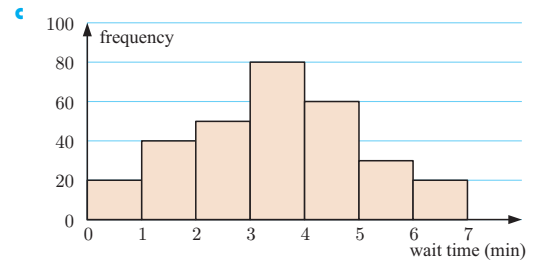
- 85 a 10.32 ms^{-1} b 37.2 km h^{-1}
 86 a 44 students b i $\frac{9}{44}$ ii $\frac{5}{44}$ iii $\frac{5}{14}$
 87 a \$24 000 b $r = 0.85$ c 7 years
 88 a 12 cm b i 67.4° ii 113° c 20.8 cm
 89 a $f'(x) = -x$ b $(-1, 2\frac{1}{2})$



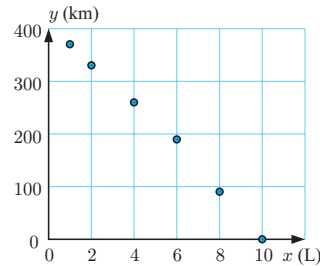
- 90 a $r \approx 0.819$ c The statement is true in general.
 91 a $f'(x) = -\frac{16}{x^3} + 2$
 b $f'(1) = -14$, the gradient of the tangent to $f(x)$ at the point where $x = 1$.
 c $(2, 3)$
 92 a

a	b	c	$\neg b \wedge a$	$c \Rightarrow (b \wedge a)$	$\neg b \wedge (c \Rightarrow (b \wedge a))$	$\neg c$	$\neg b \wedge (c \Rightarrow (b \wedge a)) \Rightarrow \neg c$
T	T	F	T	T	F	F	T
T	T	F	T	T	F	T	T
T	F	T	F	F	F	F	T
T	F	F	T	T	T	T	T
F	T	T	F	F	F	F	T
F	T	F	F	T	F	T	T
F	F	T	F	F	F	F	T
F	F	F	T	T	T	T	T

- b tautology
 93 a i €5306.82 ii €5632.46
 b $V_n = 5000 \times (1.015)^{4n}$ c ≈ 11.6 years
 94 a 826.563 b 830 c $8.265\ 625 \times 10^2$
 95 a $M(1, 4)$ b $\frac{2}{5}$ c $5x + 2y - 13 = 0$ d $\frac{13}{5}$
 96 a 7080 SEK b 995.78 AUD c 0.422%
 97 a 3.5 minutes b $p = 20, q = 30$



- 98 a i $p = 4$ ii $q = 4$ b -1 c $C(2, 2)$
 99 a \$450 b \$4125
 100 a i 0.41 ii 0.59 b ≈ 0.814
 101 a $(0, 2.5)$ b $k = 1.5$ c $y = 3.5$
 102 a b $y \approx -40.7x + 417$
 c 4.84 litres
 d 42.6 km per litre



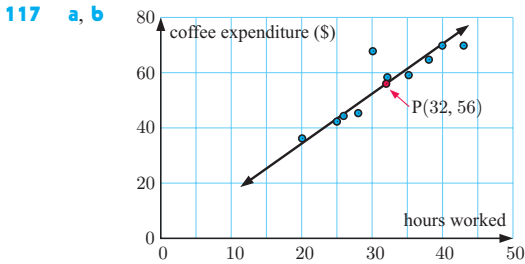
- 103 a 70 m b 53.9° c 3440 m^2
 104 a \$15 273.01 b \$5273.01 c \$777.09
 105 a $a = 4$ b $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x - 4$ c $(2, -4)$ d 2
 106 a true b true c true d false e false f true
 107 a $P(B) = \frac{1}{3}$ b i $\frac{16}{21}$ ii $\frac{13}{21}$
 108 a 9 seeds b 7 seeds c 15 seeds
 109 a H_0 : intelligence and income level are independent.
 H_1 : intelligence and income level are not independent.
 b 4
 c At a 5% significance level, intelligence and income level are independent.
 110 a $f'(x) = x^3 - 4x$
 b $f'(-3) = -15, f'(-2) = 0, f'(-1) = 3$
 c local minimum d $-2 \leq x \leq 0, x \geq 2$
 111 a i 11 units ii 5 units b 53.13° c 22 units²
 112 a i 38 500 MXN ii 2172.50 EUR
 b i 1 EUR ≈ 1.2658 USD ii 1 EUR ≈ 17.7215 MXN
 c 90 379.65 MXN
 113 a $a = 5, b = -10$ b $y = 310$
 114 a $u_1 + 3d = 22, u_1 + 9d = 70$
 b $u_1 = -2, d = 8$ c 340

115 a

	Left handed	Right handed	Total
Male	4	26	30
Female	3	17	20
Total	7	43	50

- b** i 0.14 ii 0.52 iii 0.85

116 a $k = -\frac{5}{2}$ **b** $k = \frac{8}{5}$



- c** \$61
d strong positive relationship, the prediction in **c** is reliable

118 a 27 **b** $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2$ **c** P(3, 15)

- 119 a** $f'(x) = 3x^2 - \frac{5}{x^2}$
b $f'(1) = -2$
 The gradient of the tangent to $f(x)$ when $x = 1$, is -2 .
c $y = -2x + 8$ **d** $x - 2y = -11$
e meets the graph again at $\approx (1.35, 6.18)$

120 a $x = 20$ **b** i $\frac{37}{50}$ ii $\frac{2}{5}$ iii $\frac{17}{50}$ iv $\frac{24}{37}$

121 c $a = 4, b = 1$ **122 a** £2x **c** $x = 174$

123 a $P \approx 578$ m **b** i $\approx 15\,000$ m² ii ≈ 1.50 ha

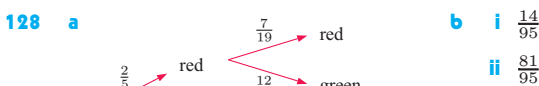
124 b $y = 2x + 3$ **c** $(-2.8, -2.6)$ **d** 6.26 units

125 a 13
b i $w = 3$ ii $x = 36$ iii $y = 16$ iv $z = 211$

c $\frac{z}{y} \approx 13.2$, the mean of the data set

126 a ¥300 438.21 **b** $\approx 6.78\%$

127 a $u_1 = 59, u_2 = 55$ **b** 19th term **c** $k = 11$



129 a 4 people **b** 393 people **c** $19.9 \approx 20$ days

130 a 2.83 cm **b** 66°

131 a $y = 30 - x$ **b** $A(x) = x(30 - x)$ cm²
c $A'(x) = 30 - 2x$ **d** $x = 15, 15$ cm \times 15 cm

- 132 a** H_0 : drink size and time of day are independent.
b $\chi^2 \approx 7.11$ **c** 4
d $\chi^2 < 9.488$, so at a 5% significance level drink size and time of day are independent.

133 a \$14 056.88 **b** 12.524% **c** \$10 756.44

134 a $a \perp b$
 $\frac{-b}{a}$

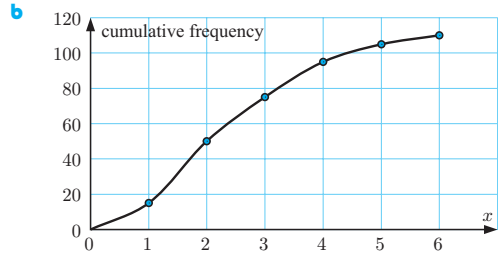
b

a	b	$a \perp b$	$\neg b$	$(a \perp b) \wedge \neg b$	$(a \perp b) \wedge \neg b \Rightarrow a$
T	T	F	F	F	T
T	F	T	T	T	T
F	T	T	F	F	T
F	F	F	T	F	T

\therefore the argument is valid (we have a tautology).

135 a

Length (x cm)	Frequency	Cumulative frequency
$0 \leq x < 1$	15	15
$1 \leq x < 2$	35	50
$2 \leq x < 3$	25	75
$3 \leq x < 4$	20	95
$4 \leq x < 5$	10	105
$5 \leq x < 6$	5	110



c ≈ 3.4 cm

136 a i 0.3 ii 0.6 iii $\frac{3}{7} \approx 0.429$ **b** No

- 137 a** p : I watch a movie, q : I will relax.
b p true but q false (I watch a movie, but do not relax.)
c If I have not relaxed, then I have not watched a movie.

d

p	q	$\neg p$	$\neg q$	$p \Rightarrow q$	Contrapositive $\neg q \Rightarrow \neg p$
T	T	F	F	T	T
T	F	F	T	F	F
F	T	T	F	T	T
F	F	T	T	T	T

138 a OM = 5 cm **b** 400 cm³ **c** 67.4°

139 a i $u_n = 13 + 8n$ ii $S_n = 4n^2 + 17n$

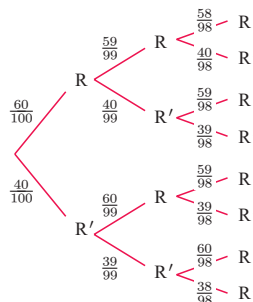
b i $u_{50} = 413$ ii $S_{50} = 10\,850$

140 a 50 m **b** i 100 m ii $0 \leq x \leq 100$ **c** L(50, 30)

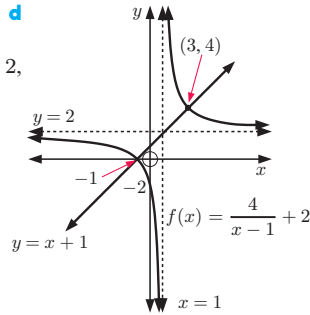
EXERCISE 22B

- 1 a** \$192 000
b i \$1000, \$1600, \$2200 ii \$189 600
c i \$500, \$600, \$720 ii \$196 242.12
d Option 3 **e** \$636.97

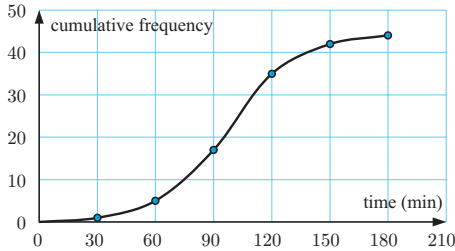
- 2 a** i 0.36 ii 0.48 iii 0.16
b All the possible outcomes are covered in **a**. **c** 0.216
d



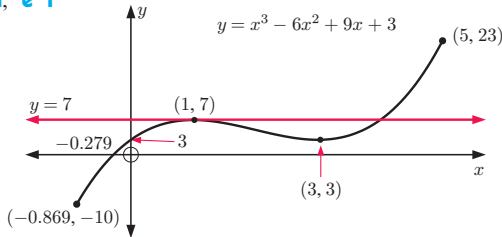
- 3 a x -intercept is -1
 y -intercept is -2
 b horizontal asymptote $y = 2$,
 vertical asymptote $x = 1$
 c Domain $\{x \mid x \neq 1\}$,
 Range $\{y \mid y \neq 2\}$
 e $x = -1$ or 3



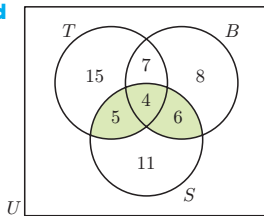
- 4 a i A(8, 0) ii B(0, 6) b i $-\frac{3}{4}$ ii 10 units
 c $y = \frac{4}{3}x + 6$ d 37.5 units² e D(3, 0)
 5 a 44 players b $90 \leq t < 120$



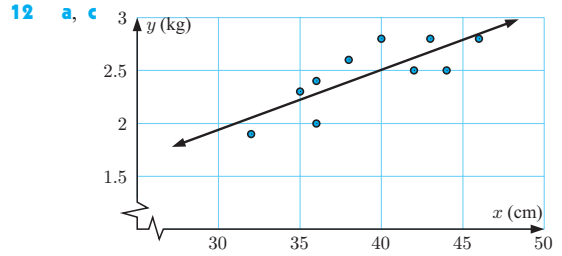
- d i ≈ 98 min ii 96.8 min iii no
 e "... between 75 and 117 minutes."
 6 a $f'(x) = 3x^2 - 12x + p$ b $p = 9, q = 3$ c (3, 3)
 d, e i



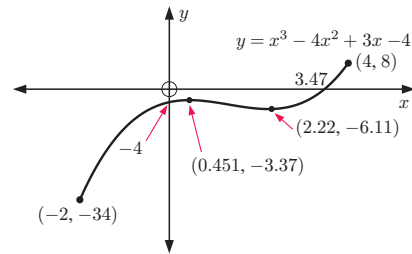
- e ii $y = 7$ iii (4, 7)
 7 c $\frac{dS}{dr} = 4\pi r - \frac{500\pi}{r^2}$ d $r = 5$ cm e 5 cm
 f ≈ 471 cm²
 8 a 56 members b i 8 ii 25 iii 5 c yes
 d



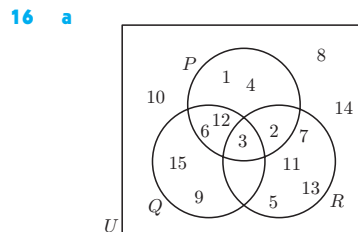
- 9 a i $\frac{3}{8}$ ii 1 b i $\frac{25}{64}$ ii $\frac{55}{64}$
 c i $\frac{3}{28}$ ii $\frac{15}{28}$ d $\frac{15}{28}$
 10 a $PQ = \sqrt{50}$ units b $a = 10$ c $\frac{1}{7}$
 d $x - 7y + 32 = 0$ e $S(-32, 0)$ f 5.44°
 11 a ≈ 0.0115 b $\approx 17.8\%$ c ≈ 123 ferrets
 d $k \approx 52.8$ cm



- 12 a, c $r \approx 0.797$, there is a moderate positive relationship between the variables.
 c $y \approx 0.0565x + 0.244$ d i 2.2 kg ii 40 cm
 13 a $f(0) = -4, f(1) = -4, f(2) = -6$
 b $f'(x) = 3x^2 - 8x + 3$
 c (0.451, -3.37) and (2.22, -6.11)
 d (0.451, -3.37) is a local maximum,
 (2.22, -6.11) is a local minimum



- e
 14 a $a = 0.28$ b 0.29 c 9 times d 6.05 people
 15 a i $u_1 + 4d = 50, u_1 + 7d = 80$
 ii $u_1 = 10, d = 10$ iii 10, 20, 30, 40, 50
 b i 100, 50, 25, 12.5, 6.25 ii 200 iii 200
 iv The terms get successively smaller, and adding the extra terms does not alter the overall sum when rounded to 3 significant figures.
 c 1400



- 16 a
 b i $x = 3, 6, 12$ ii $x = 2, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 15$
 iii $x = 6, 9, 12, 15$ iv $x = 8, 10, 14$
 c i x is a factor of 12, and a multiple of 3, but is not prime.
 ii

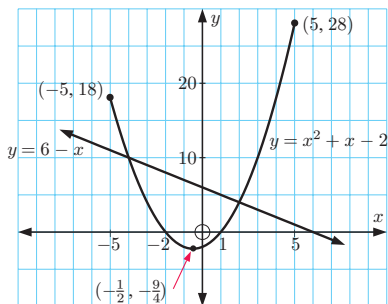
p	q	r	$p \wedge q$	$\neg r$	$(p \wedge q) \wedge \neg r$
T	T	T	T	F	F
T	T	F	T	T	T
T	F	T	F	F	F
T	F	F	F	T	F
F	T	T	F	F	F
F	T	F	F	T	F
F	F	T	F	F	F
F	F	F	F	T	F

p is true, q is true, r is false.

- iii $x = 6, 12$

17 a 1 and -2 b $(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{9}{4})$

c, d



e $x = -4$ or 2

18 a i 0.19 ii 0.06

b i H_0 : attendance and performance are independent.
 H_1 : attendance and performance are not independent.

ii 2 iii 4.61

c % attendance at lectures

	0 - 39	40 - 79	80 - 100	sum
Exam result				
Pass	21	49	70	140
Fail	9	21	30	60
sum	30	70	100	200

d $\chi^2_{calc} \approx 16.0$

e $\chi^2_{calc} > \chi^2_{crit}$, so at a 10% significance level attendance and performance are not independent.

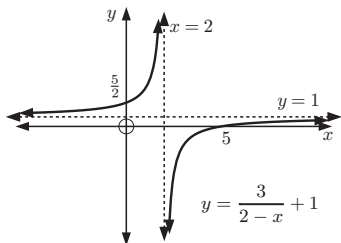
19 a i DB ≈ 4.09 m ii BC ≈ 9.86 m

b i $\widehat{ABE} \approx 68.2^\circ$ ii $\widehat{DBC} \approx 57.5^\circ$

c 17.0 m^2 d AE ≈ 10.9 m

20 a x-intercept is 5, y-intercept is $\frac{5}{2}$

b



c i $y = 1$ ii $x = 2$

d i The graph is increasing for $x \geq 3$.

iii $a = 1.5$, $b \approx 2.9970$ iv $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3$

21 a i 16 000 CHF ii 200 000 JPY

b i $a = 1$ ii $b = 0.625$

c i 1 CHF = 80 JPY ii 1 CHF = 0.625 GBP

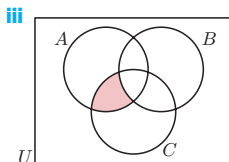
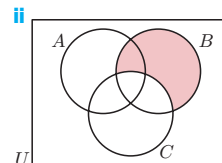
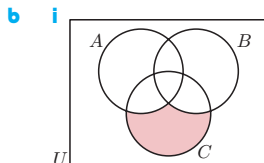
d $c = 128$ e 1 134 720 JPY f $\approx 7.813 \times 10^{-3}$

22 a i $P = \{3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$ ii $n(P) = 7$ iii finite

iv (1) 2 and 15 are in Q , but not P

(2) $R = \{3, 6, 9\}$, all these elements are in P

v (1) $\{9\}$ (2) $\{9\}$ (3) $\{2, 3, 6, 9, 15\}$



23 a i $\neg q \Rightarrow \neg p$ ii $q \Rightarrow p \vee r$

b i If Pepin does not play the guitar, then he does not both ride a motorbike and live in Jakarta.

ii

p	q	r	$\neg r$	$q \wedge p$	$\neg(q \wedge p)$	$\neg r \Rightarrow \neg(q \wedge p)$
T	T	T	F	T	F	T
T	T	F	T	T	F	F
T	F	T	F	F	T	T
T	F	F	T	F	T	T
F	T	T	F	F	T	T
F	T	F	T	F	T	T
F	F	T	F	F	T	T
F	F	F	T	F	T	T

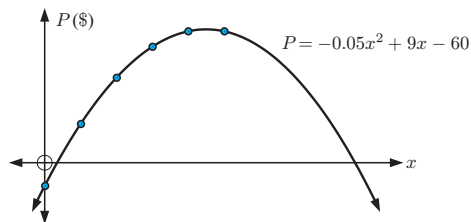
iii not a tautology

iv Pepin does not play the guitar, but he does ride a motorbike and he does live in Jakarta.

24 a

x	0	20	40	60	80	100
P	-60	100	220	300	340	340

b



c i 90 pies ii \$345 iii 37 or 143 iv \$60

25 a AN = $\sqrt{244} \approx 15.6$ cm b AM = $\sqrt{269} \approx 16.4$ cm

c 17.7° d 39.1 cm^2 e 660 cm^2 f 600 cm^3

26 a 18.7°C b 1.38°C

c $r \approx -0.744$, there is a moderate negative correlation between n and T .

d $n = -6.82T + 252$ e 118 cups of coffee

f Using the regression line, 47 should be sold, so the owner may be underestimating. However, this is an extrapolation, so the regression line estimate may be unreliable.

27 a $a = -12$, $b = 6$

b i $p = 5$, $q = -4$ ii $\frac{2}{5}$ iii $c = -6$

28 a $p \Rightarrow r$

b If Ryan is going to the zoo, then Peter is going to the zoo.

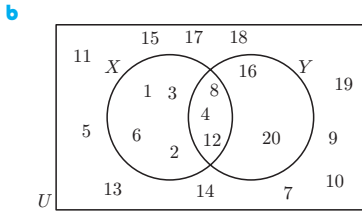
c i $p \Leftrightarrow r$
 $\frac{p \vee q}{\neg r}$

ii

p	q	r	$p \Leftrightarrow r$	$p \vee q$	$(p \Leftrightarrow r) \wedge (p \vee q)$	$\neg r$	$(p \Leftrightarrow r) \wedge (p \vee q) \Rightarrow \neg r$
T	T	T	T	F	F	F	T
T	T	F	F	F	F	T	T
T	F	T	T	T	T	F	F
T	F	F	F	T	F	T	T
F	T	T	T	T	T	F	T
F	T	F	F	T	F	T	T
F	F	T	F	F	F	F	T
F	F	F	T	F	F	T	T

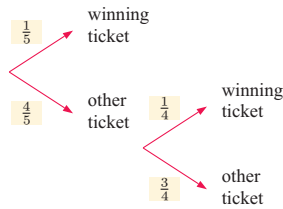
\therefore the argument is not valid.

- 29 a i $X = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12\}$
 ii $Y = \{4, 8, 12, 16, 20\}$



- c i $X \cap Y = \{4, 8, 12\}$
 ii $(X \cup Y)' = \{5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19\}$

30 a



- b $\frac{2}{5}$ c 100 times d i $\frac{4}{5}$ ii 1
 e i $\frac{1}{5}$ ii $\frac{4}{25}$ iii $\frac{16}{125}$ f $\frac{61}{125}$ g i $\frac{4}{5}$
 h 96.5%

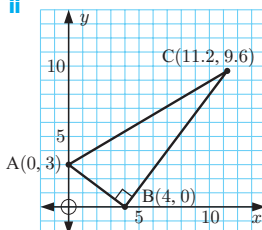
- 31 a $x = 0$ b $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 - \frac{1}{x^2}$ c gradient = 1
 d $(-0.707, 0.172)$ and $(0.707, 5.83)$
 e $\{y \mid y \leq 0.172 \text{ or } y \geq 5.83\}$

32 b

	Male	Female	Total
Participated	78	72	150
Did not participate	52	48	100
Total	130	120	250

- c 1 d ≈ 5.41 e H_0 is rejected
 f Participation in the survey was not independent of gender.
 g continuous h i 12.5 km ii 6.19 km i 0.367

33 a, e ii



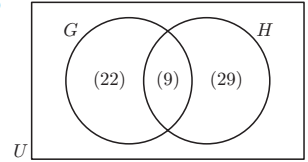
- b 5 units
 c $-\frac{3}{4}$
 d i $\frac{4}{3}$
 ii $y = \frac{4}{3}x - \frac{16}{3}$
 e i $b = 9.6$
 f 30 units²
 g 22.6°

- 34 c i $a = 11750$ ii $b = 29250$
 d $\frac{dV}{dx} = 1200 - \frac{3}{4}x^2$ e $x = 40, y = 20$ f 32000 cm³

- 35 a i €511.99 ii €1602.45
 b $V = 12000(1.0105)^{4x}$ euros c 22 years
 d 4.27% (if $n = 21.9$; 4.25% if $n = 22$)

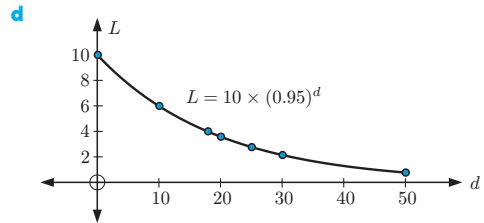
- 36 a 92.4 m²
 b maximum length 16.55 m, maximum width 5.65 m
 c 93.5 m² d 1.87 m³ e \$474.13 f \$3.99

37 a $n = 9$ b



- c $\frac{17}{20}$
 d i $\frac{2}{5}$ ii $\frac{1}{12}$
 e i $\frac{17}{38}$ ii $\frac{9}{38}$

- 38 a $L_0 = 10$ b 2.77 units c 17.9 m



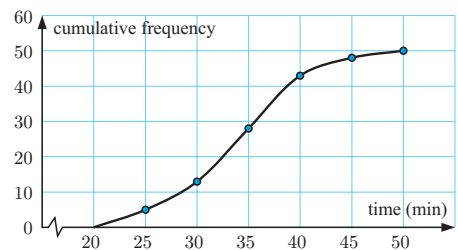
e Between 23.5 m and 44.9 m.

- 39 a 37.5 cm b 1500 cm² c 13500 cm³
 d 54.8 cm e 46.8° f 375 cm²

40 a

Time (min)	Frequency	Cumulative frequency
$20 \leq t < 25$	5	5
$25 \leq t < 30$	8	13
$30 \leq t < 35$	15	28
$35 \leq t < 40$	15	43
$40 \leq t < 45$	5	48
$45 \leq t < 50$	2	50

b

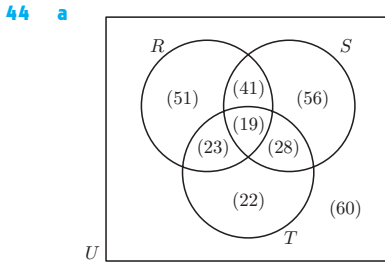


- c i 34 min ii 8 min iii 37 runners iv 32 min
 d 23 min

- 41 a $\$(x - 15)$ c \$51000 d $\frac{dP}{dx} = 1635 - 18x$
 e \$91 per pair, \$51756 profit

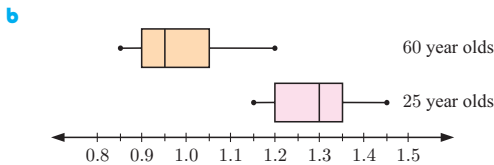
- 42 a i 4 ii 1 iii 4
 b i $y = x + 7$ ii $y = 4x - 8$ c (5, 12)
 d $y = -x + 3$

- 43 a i 55 iii 500500 iv $n = 150$
 b i $u_n = 7n$ ii $u_{142} = 994$ iii $S_n = \frac{7n(n+1)}{2}$
 c 429429



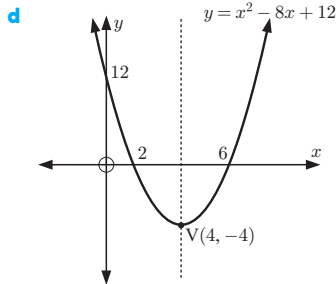
- b** 60
c **i** 6.33%
ii 30.7%
d 60%

- 45 a** 25 year old group:
 min = 1.15 $Q_1 = 1.2$ median = 1.3 $Q_3 = 1.35$
 max = 1.45
 60 year old group:
 min = 0.85 $Q_1 = 0.9$ median = 0.95 $Q_3 = 1.05$
 max = 1.2



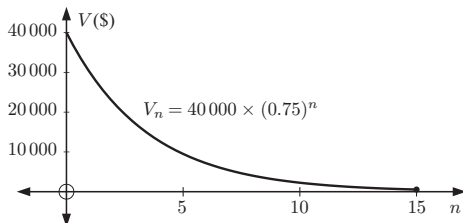
- c** The 25 year old group has a higher mean, median and mode than the 60 year old group.
d 25 year old group: IQR = 0.15, range = 0.3
 60 year old group: IQR = 0.15, range = 0.35
 The IQR is the same for both groups. The range is slightly greater for the 60 year old group.
e 60 year old adults will, in general, have a lower bone density than 25 year old adults.

- 46 a** x -intercepts are 2 and 6, y -intercept is 12
b $x = 4$
c (4, -4)
e increasing for $x \geq 4$, decreasing for $x \leq 4$
f $y = -2x + 3$
g $y = 4x - 24$



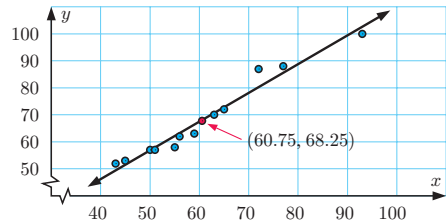
- 47 b** $QR \approx 4.624$ cm **c** **i** 18.6 cm **ii** 16.5 cm²

- 48 a** **i** $V_1 = \$30\,000$ **iii** $V_n = 40\,000(0.75)^n$
iv



- b** **i** 5% **ii** $P_2 = \$1323$, $P_3 = \$1389.15$
iii $P_n = 1200(1.05)^n$
c 11 years

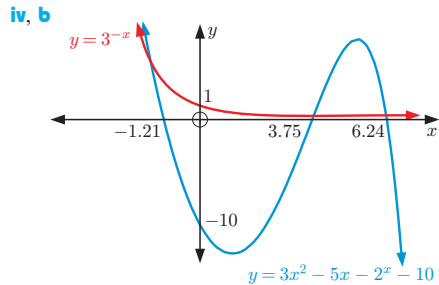
- 49 a, c**



- b** (60.75, 68.25)
d **i** $r \approx 0.981$ **ii** $y \approx 1.06x + 3.61$ **e** 94%

- 50 a** **i** 100 **ii** 33 **b** **i** 0.76 **ii** 0.74
c **i** 0.258 **ii** 0.546 **iii** 0.379 **iv** 0.439
d **i** 0.001 02 **ii** 0.0552

- 51 a** **i** x -intercepts are -1.21, 3.75, and 6.24, y -intercept is -10
ii local minimum at (1.08, -14.0), local maximum at (5.26, 8.38)
iii As $x \rightarrow \infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$
 As $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$



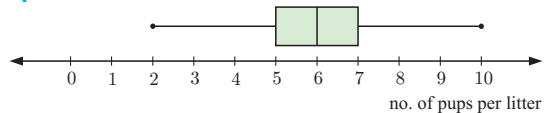
- c** $x \approx -3.38$, -1.65, 3.75, or 6.24

- 52 a** 13.1 km **b** 41.4° **c** 4.83 km **d** 38.3 km²
e 0.567%

- 53 a** In 3 years she will earn \$183 000 under *Option B*, compared with \$126 100 under *Option A*.

- b** **i** $A_n = 40\,000 \times (1.05)^{n-1}$ **ii** $B_n = 59\,000 + 1000n$
c ≈ 13.1 years
e **i** graph 1 represents T_A , graph 2 represents T_B
ii P(22.3, 1 580 000)
f $0 \leq n \leq 22$

- 54 a** discrete **b** 79 **c** **i** $s = 75$ **ii** $t = 119$
d 487 **e** 6.16
f



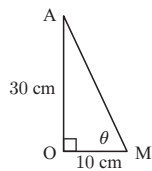
- g** **i** 8 **ii** 2 **iii** 6

- 55 a** -100, for every €1 increase in the selling price, the number of stools sold decreases by 100.

- b** $N = -100x + 8000$ **c** $\text{€}(x - 50)$
e $\frac{dP}{dx} = -200x + 13\,000$ **f** $x = 65$, €22 500 profit

- 56 a** 20 cm **b** OR = $10\sqrt{2}$ cm

c i

ii $\theta \approx 71.6^\circ$ d 1660 cm^2 e $\$25.52$ 57 a $\$41\,269.54$

n (years)	0	1	2	3	4
V_n (\$)	50 000	53 000	56 180	59 550.80	63 123.85

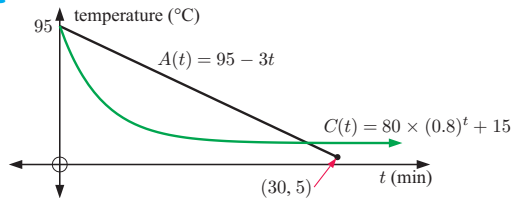
c $V_n = 50\,000 \times (1.06)^n$ dollars d $S_n = 3000n$ dollars

n (years)	0	1	2	3	4
T_n (\$)	50 000	56 000	62 180	68 550.80	75 123.85

f 19 years

58 a i 95°C ii 5°C

b, e



c No, we would not expect the temperature to drop at a constant rate in the long term. The coffee's temperature should approach that of its surroundings.

d i 95°C ii 15.1°C f 12.4 min g 15°C h i $t = 0$ or 26.6 , at these times the approximate temperature $A(t)$ is equal to the actual temperature $C(t)$.ii 42.6°C iii This is the maximum amount by which $A(t)$ overestimates the actual temperature.59 a H_0 : movie type and gender are independent. H_1 : movie type and gender are not independent.b 28 c $\chi^2 \approx 22.7$ d 3 e 7.81f $\chi^2 > 7.81$, so we reject H_0 , and conclude that movie type and gender are not independent.g $\chi^2 \approx 16.9$, which is still > 7.81 , so the conclusion is still valid.