1. Let f(x) = 3x, g(x) = 2x - 5 and $h(x) = (f \circ g)(x)$.

(a) Find
$$h(x)$$
. (2)

(b) Find $h^{-1}(x)$.

(3) (Total 5 marks)

2. Let $f(x) = x^2$ and g(x) = 2x - 3.

(a) Find
$$g^{-1}(x)$$
. (2)

(b) Find
$$(f \circ g)(4)$$
.

3. The functions f and g are defined by $f: x \mapsto 3x, g: x \mapsto x+2$.

(a) Find an expression for
$$(f \circ g)(x)$$
.
(b) Find $f^{-1}(18) + g^{-1}(18)$.
(2)

(4) (Total 6 marks)

(3)

(Total 5 marks)

4. Let $f(x) = \sqrt{x+4}$, $x \ge -4$ and $g(x) = x^2$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

- (a) Find $(g \circ f)$ (3).
- (b) Find $f^{-1}(x)$.
- (c) Write down the domain of f^{-1} .

(Total 6 marks)

- 5. Let $f(x) = x^3 4$ and g(x) = 2x.
 - (a) Find $(g \circ f)$ (-2).
 - (b) Find $f^{-1}(x)$.

(Total 6 marks)

- 6. Consider the functions f(x) = 2x and $g(x) = \frac{1}{x-3}, x \neq 3$.
 - (a) Calculate $(f \circ g)$ (4).
 - (b) Find $g^{-1}(x)$.
 - (c) Write down the domain of g^{-1} .

(Total 6 marks)

7. Let f(x) = 2x + 1 and $g(x) = 3x^2 - 4$.

Find

- (a) $f^{-1}(x);$
- (b) $(g \circ f) (-2);$
- (c) $(f \circ g)(x)$.

(Total 6 marks)

- 8. The function f is given by $f(x) = x^2 6x + 13$, for $x \ge 3$.
 - (a) Write f(x) in the form $(x-a)^2 + b$.
 - (b) Find the inverse function f^{-1} .
 - (c) State the domain of f^{-1} .

(Total 6 marks)

9. Let $f(x) = 2^x$, and $g(x) = \frac{x}{x-2}$, $(x \neq 2)$.

Find

- (a) $(g \circ f)(3);$
- (b) $g^{-1}(5)$.

(Total 6 marks)

10. Two functions *f*, *g* are defined as follows:

$f: x \to 3x + 5$ $g: x \to 2(1 - x)$

Find

- (a) $f^{-1}(2);$
- (b) $(g \circ f)(-4)$.

(Total 4 marks)

- 11. Consider the functions $f: x \mapsto 4(x-1)$ and $g: x \mapsto \frac{6-x}{2}$.
 - (a) Find g^{-1} .
 - (b) Solve the equation $(f \circ g^{-1})(x) = 4$.

(Total 6 marks)

12. The function f is defined by

$$f:xa \sqrt{3-2x}, \qquad x \le \frac{3}{2}.$$

Evaluate $f^{-1}(5)$.

(Total 4 marks)