

13 $3 \sin x - 5 \cos x \approx \sqrt{34} \cos(x + 3.68)$

14 a $2 \sin x + \sqrt{3} \cos x \approx \sqrt{7} \sin(x + 0.714)$

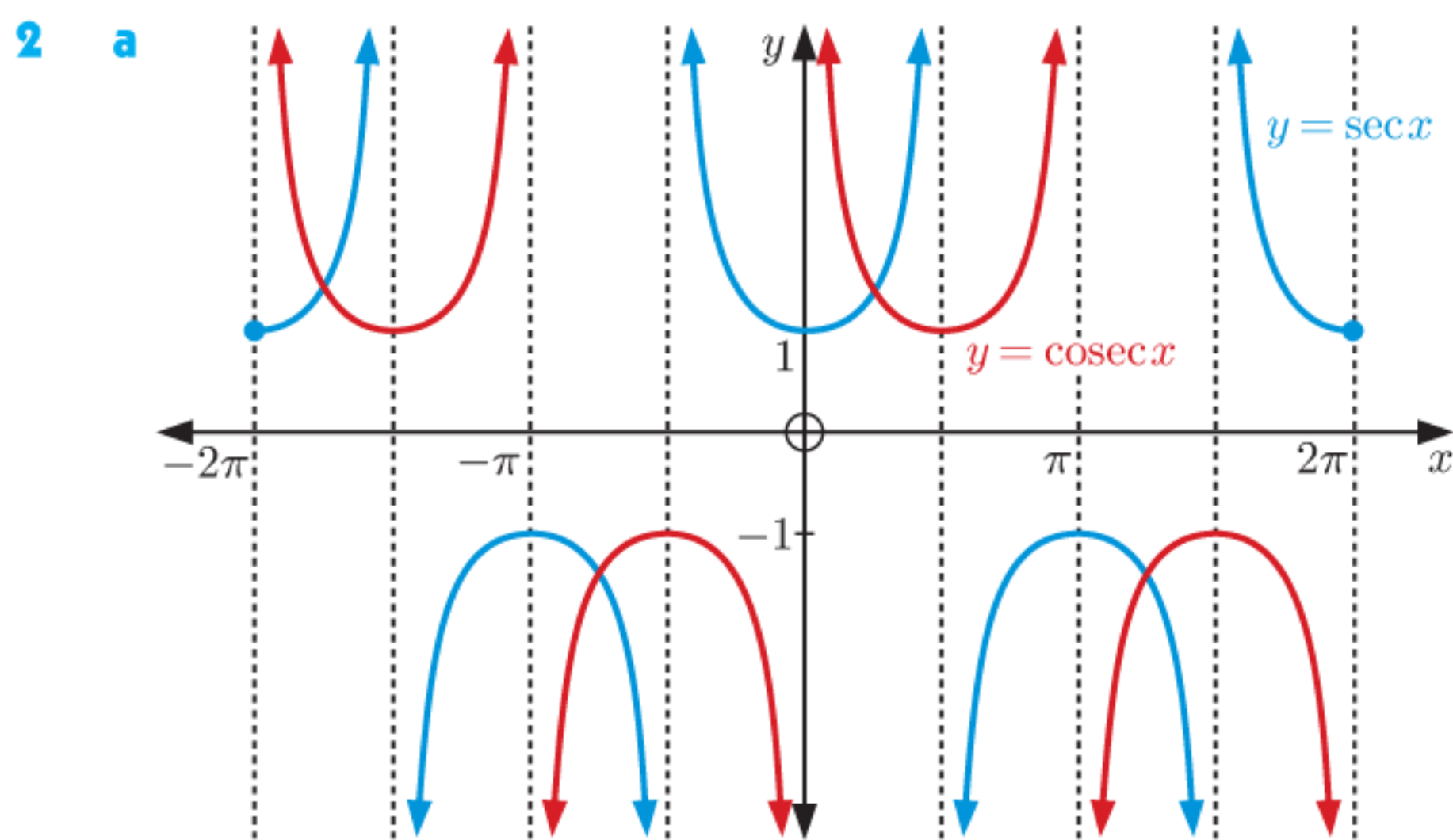
b i $A = \sqrt{7}$ ii $b \approx 2.43$

15 $\frac{\pi}{4}$

REVIEW SET 1B

1 $\sin x = -\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$, $\tan x = 2\sqrt{2}$, $\operatorname{cosec} x = -\frac{3}{2\sqrt{2}}$,

$\sec x = -3$, $\cot x = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$



b translation $\frac{\pi}{2}$ units right

3 $x = -\frac{5\pi}{6}$ or $\frac{\pi}{6}$ 4 a $x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ b $x = 2 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

5 a $\sec x$ b $\sin x$ c $\cos x$

6 a $\cos \theta$ b $-\sin \theta$ c $5 \cos^2 \theta$ d $-\cos \theta$

e $\operatorname{cosec} \theta$ f $\sin 2\theta$

7 a $\frac{120}{169}$ b $\frac{119}{169}$ c $\frac{120}{119}$

10 a $x = -\frac{2\pi}{3}, -\frac{\pi}{2}, -\frac{\pi}{3},$ or $\frac{\pi}{2}$ b $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$

11 $\sin\left(\theta + \frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \frac{3\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{7}}{8}$ 12 $\tan \theta = \frac{9}{19}$

13 $3 \sin x + 4 \cos x \approx 5 \sin(x + 0.927)$ 14 1.5 m

15 b $y = 2 \sec 2x$ has range $\{y \mid y \leq -2 \text{ or } y \geq 2\}$

$\therefore \frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{2} \sin x} + \frac{1}{1 - \sqrt{2} \sin x} = 1$ has no solutions.

EXERCISE 2A

1 a $2^{\frac{1}{5}}$ b $2^{-\frac{1}{5}}$ c $2^{\frac{3}{2}}$ d $2^{\frac{5}{2}}$ e $2^{-\frac{1}{3}}$

f $2^{\frac{4}{3}}$ g $2^{\frac{3}{2}}$ h $2^{\frac{3}{2}}$ i $2^{-\frac{4}{3}}$ j $2^{-\frac{3}{2}}$

2 a $3^{\frac{1}{3}}$ b $3^{-\frac{1}{3}}$ c $3^{\frac{1}{4}}$ d $3^{\frac{3}{2}}$ e $3^{-\frac{5}{2}}$

3 a $7^{\frac{1}{3}}$ b $3^{\frac{3}{4}}$ c $2^{\frac{4}{5}}$ d $2^{\frac{5}{3}}$ e $7^{\frac{2}{7}}$

f $7^{-\frac{1}{3}}$ g $3^{-\frac{3}{4}}$ h $2^{-\frac{4}{5}}$ i $2^{-\frac{5}{3}}$ j $7^{-\frac{2}{7}}$

4 a $x^{\frac{1}{2}}$ b $x^{\frac{3}{2}}$ c $x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ d $x^{\frac{5}{2}}$ e $x^{-\frac{3}{2}}$

5 a ≈ 2.28 b ≈ 0.435 c ≈ 1.68 d ≈ 1.93
e ≈ 0.523

6 a $\sqrt[3]{5}$ b $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ c $9\sqrt{3}$ d $m\sqrt{m}$ e $x^3\sqrt{x}$

7 a 8 b 32 c 8 d 125 e 4

f $\frac{1}{2}$ g $\frac{1}{27}$ h $\frac{1}{16}$ i $\frac{1}{81}$ j $\frac{1}{25}$

EXERCISE 2B

1 a 1 b x c $x^{\frac{1}{2}}$ or \sqrt{x}

2 a $x^5 + 2x^4 + x^2$ b $2^{2x} + 2^x$ c $x + 1$

d $7^{2x} + 2(7^x)$ e $2(3^x) - 1$ f $x^2 + 2x + 3$

g $1 + 5(2^{-x})$ h $5^x + 1$ i $x^{\frac{3}{2}} + x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1$

j $3^{2x} + 5(3^x) + 1$ k $2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 5$ l $2^{3x} - 3(2^{2x}) - 1$

3 a $2^{2x} + 2^{x+1} - 3$ b $3^{2x} + 7(3^x) + 10$

c $5^{2x} - 6(5^x) + 8$ d $2^{2x} + 6(2^x) + 9$

e $3^{2x} - 2(3^x) + 1$ f $4^{2x} + 14(4^x) + 49$

g $x - 4$ h $4^x - 9$ i $x - \frac{1}{x}$ j $x^2 + 4 + \frac{4}{x^2}$

k $7^{2x} - 2 + 7^{-2x}$ l $25 - 10(2^{-x}) + 2^{-2x}$

4 a $5^x(5^x + 1)$ b $10(3^n)$ c $7^n(1 + 7^{2n})$

d $5(5^n - 1)$ e $6(6^{n+1} - 1)$ f $16(4^n - 1)$

g $2^n(2^n - 8)$ h $\frac{5}{2}(2^n)$ i $\frac{9}{2}(2^{2n})$

5 a $(3^x + 2)(3^x - 2)$ b $(2^x + 5)(2^x - 5)$

c $(4 + 3^x)(4 - 3^x)$ d $(5 + 2^x)(5 - 2^x)$

e $(3^x + 2^x)(3^x - 2^x)$ f $(2^x + 3)^2$

g $(3^x + 5)^2$ h $(2^x - 7)^2$ i $(5^x - 2)^2$

6 a $(2^x + 1)(2^x - 2)$ b $(3^x + 3)(3^x - 2)$

c $(2^x - 3)(2^x - 4)$ d $(2^x + 3)(2^x + 6)$

e $(2^x + 4)(2^x - 5)$ f $(3^x + 2)(3^x + 7)$

g $(3^x + 5)(3^x - 1)$ h $(5^x + 2)(5^x - 1)$

i $(7^x - 4)(7^x - 3)$

7 a 2^n b 10^a c 3^b d $\frac{1}{5^n}$ e 5^x

f $(\frac{3}{4})^a$ g $(\frac{8}{3})^k$ h 5 i 5^n

8 a $3^m + 1$ b $1 + 6^n$ c $4^n + 2^n$ d $4^x - 1$

e 6^n f 5^n g 4 h $2^n - 1$ i $\frac{1}{2}$

9 a $n 2^{n+1}$ b -3^{n-1}

EXERCISE 2C

1 a $x = 5$ b $x = 2$ c $x = 4$ d $x = 0$

e $x = -1$ f $x = \frac{1}{2}$ g $x = -3$ h $x = 2$

i $x = -3$ j $x = -4$ k $x = 2$ l $x = \frac{3}{4}$

2 a $x = \frac{5}{3}$ b $x = -\frac{3}{2}$ c $x = -\frac{3}{2}$ d $x = -\frac{1}{2}$

e $x = -\frac{2}{3}$ f $x = -\frac{5}{4}$ g $x = \frac{3}{2}$ h $x = \frac{5}{2}$

i $x = \frac{1}{8}$ j $x = \frac{9}{2}$ k $x = -4$ l $x = -\frac{7}{2}$

m $x = 0$ n $x = \frac{7}{2}$ o $x = -\frac{2}{3}$ p $x = -6$

3 a $x = \frac{1}{7}$ b no solution c $x = \frac{5}{2}$

d $x = \frac{1}{3}$ e $x = -\frac{1}{4}$ f $x = -1$ or 3

4 a $x = 3$ b $x = 2$ c $x = -1$ d $x = 2$

e $x = -2$ f $x = -2$

5 a $x = 1$ or 2 b $x = 1$ c $x = 1$ or 2

d $x = 1$ e $x = 2$ f $x = 0$

g $x = 1$ h $x = 1$ or -1 i $x = 2$

j $x = -2$ or 1 k $x = 2$ l $x = \frac{1}{2}$

6 $x = \frac{15}{7}$, $y = \frac{10}{7}$

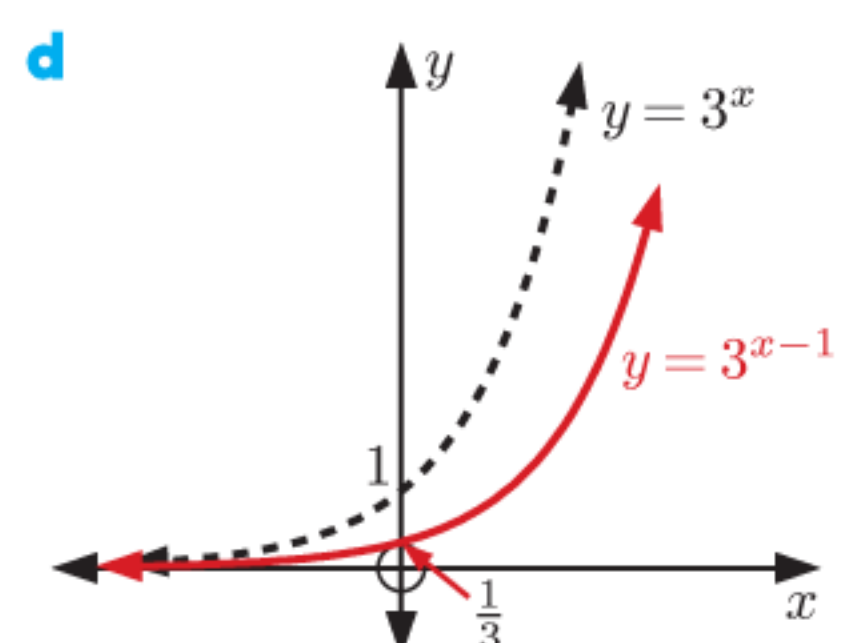
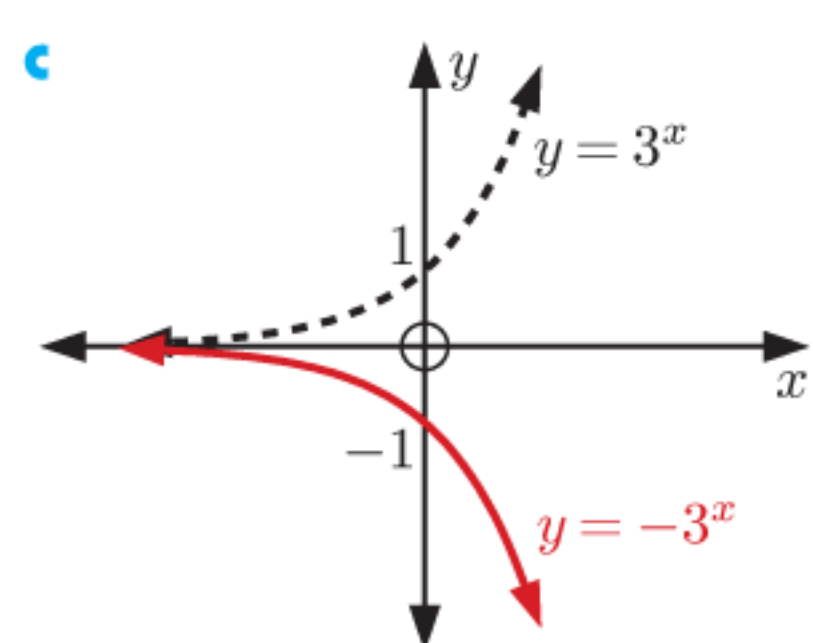
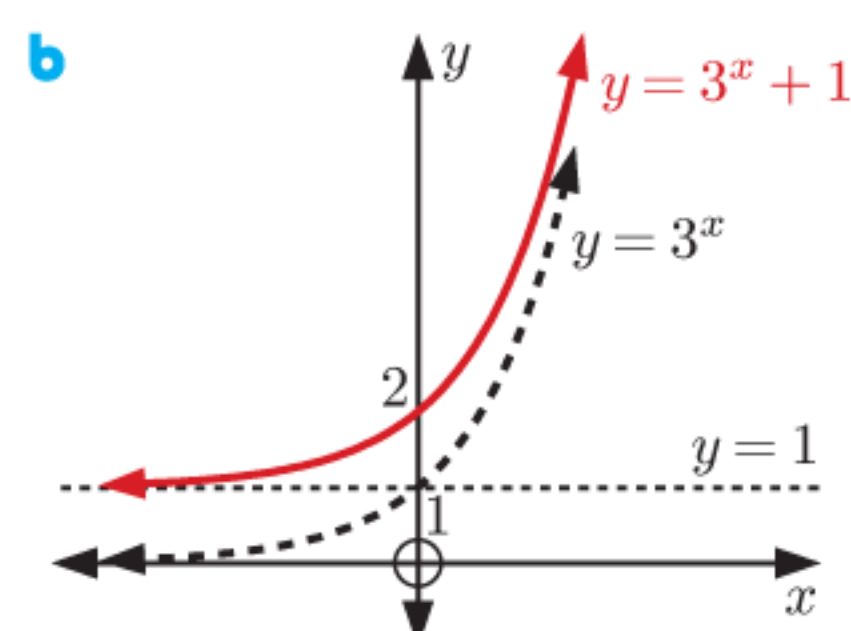
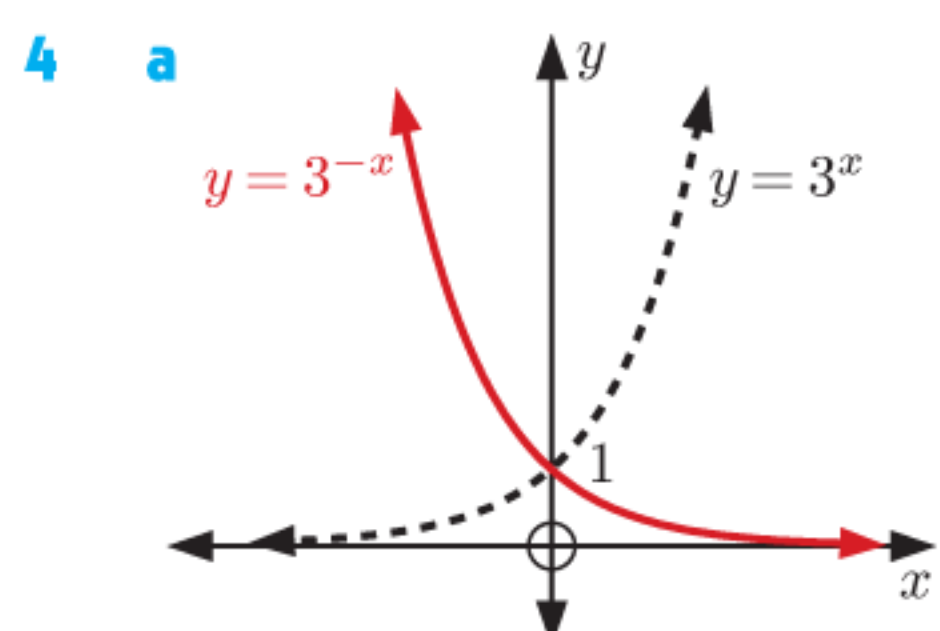
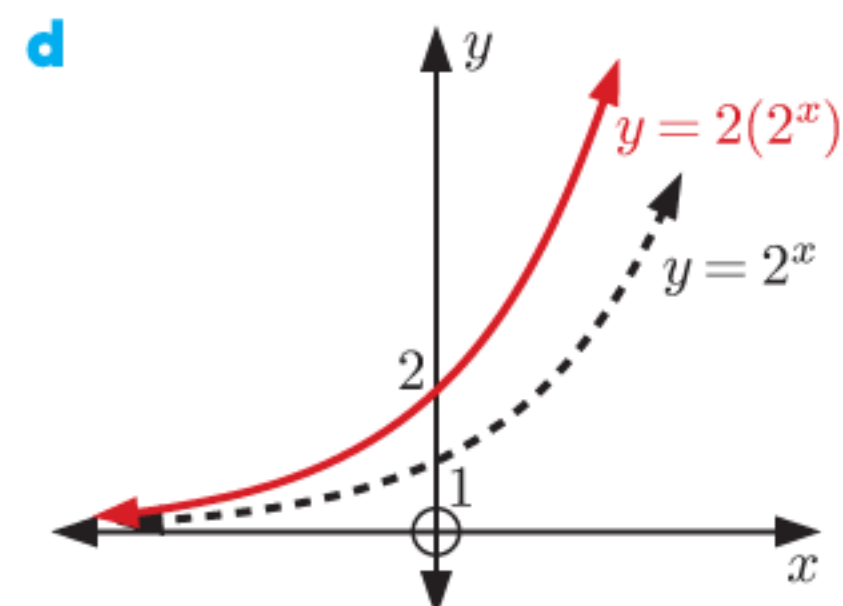
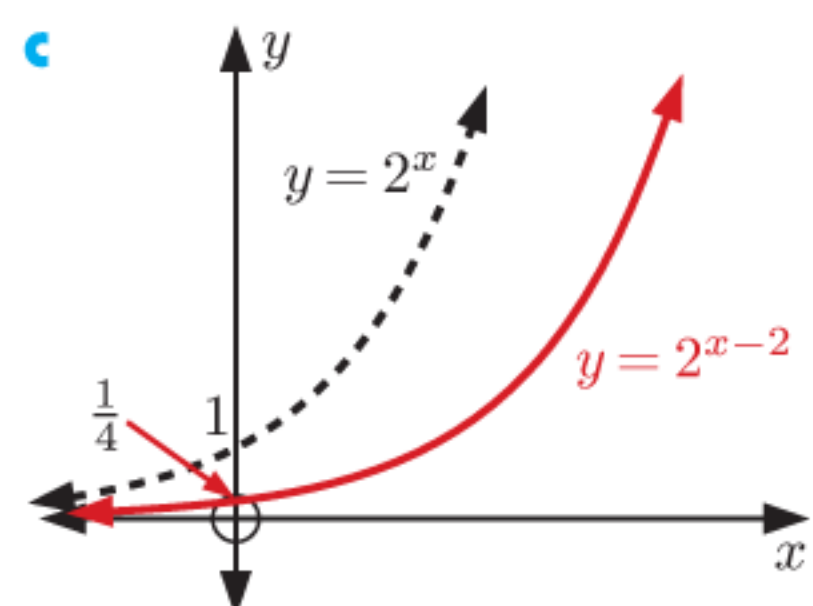
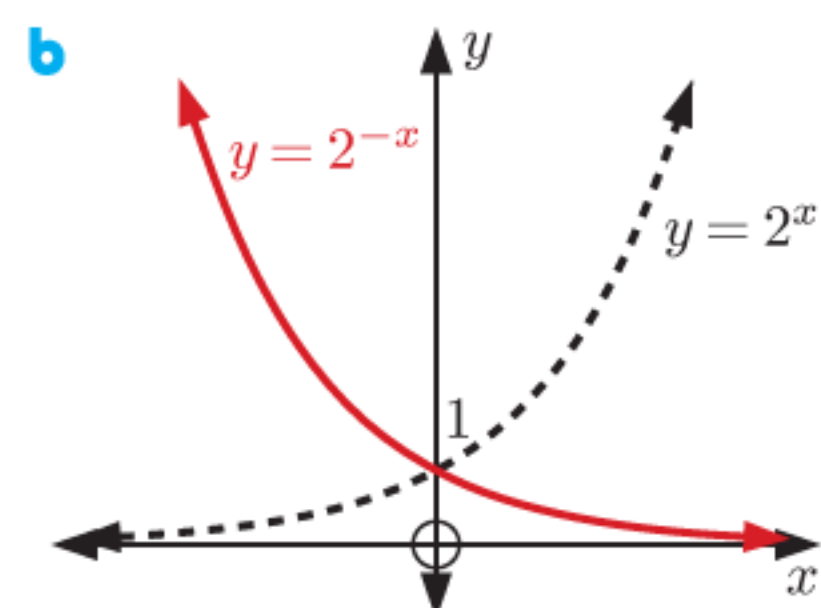
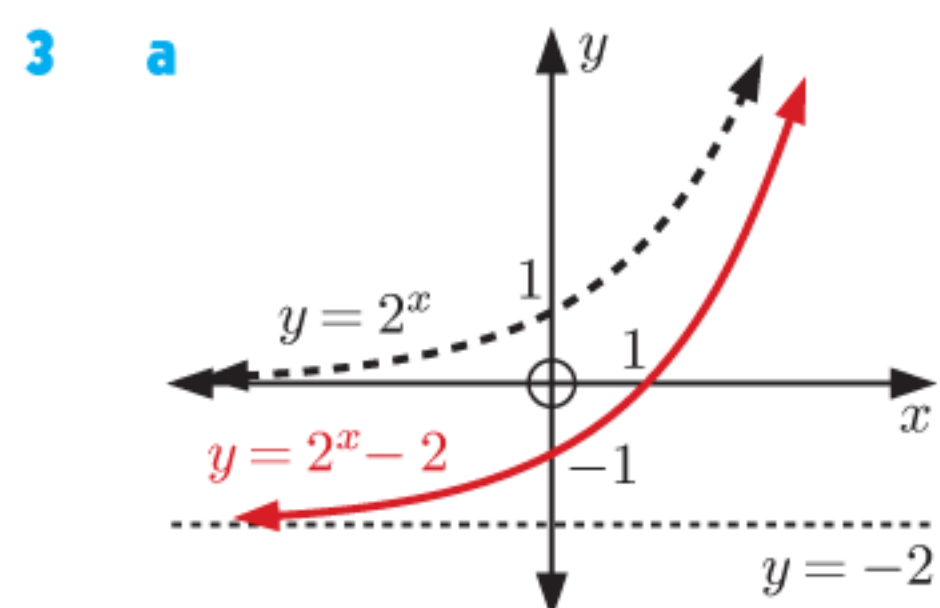
EXERCISE 2D

1 a i ≈ 1.4 ii ≈ 1.7 iii ≈ 2.8 iv ≈ 0.4

b i $x \approx 1.6$ ii $x \approx -0.7$

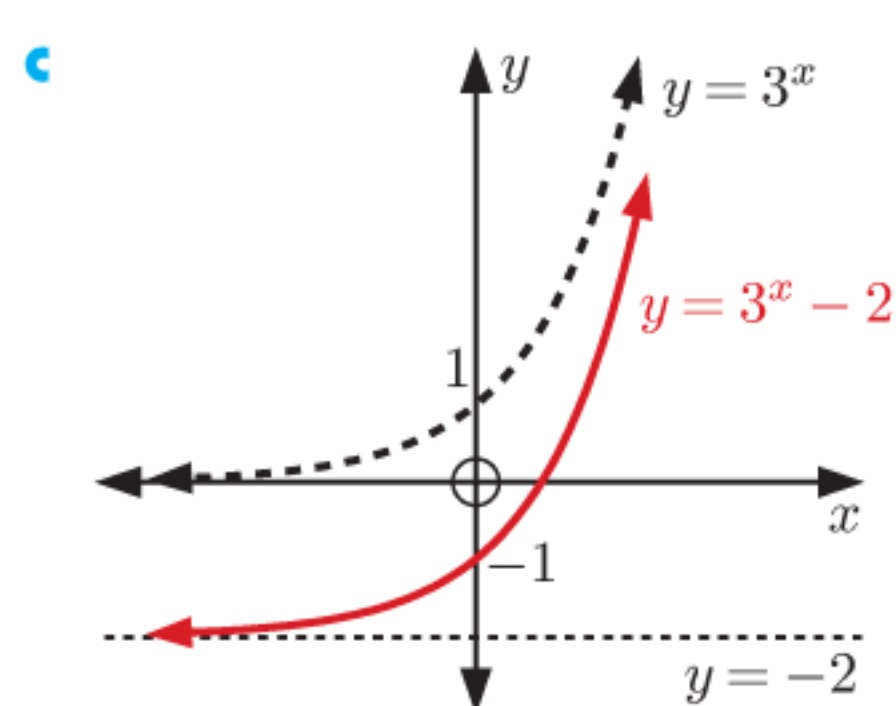
c $y = 2^x$ has a horizontal asymptote of $y = 0$.

2 a C b B c E d A e D

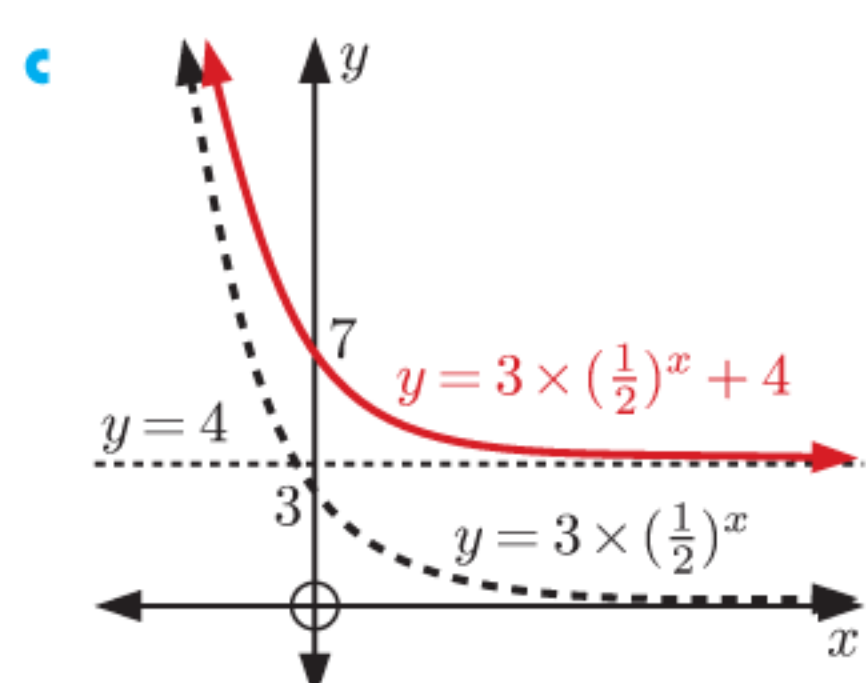


- 5 a** $y = 0$ **b** $y = -1$
e $y = 0$ **f** $y = -4$

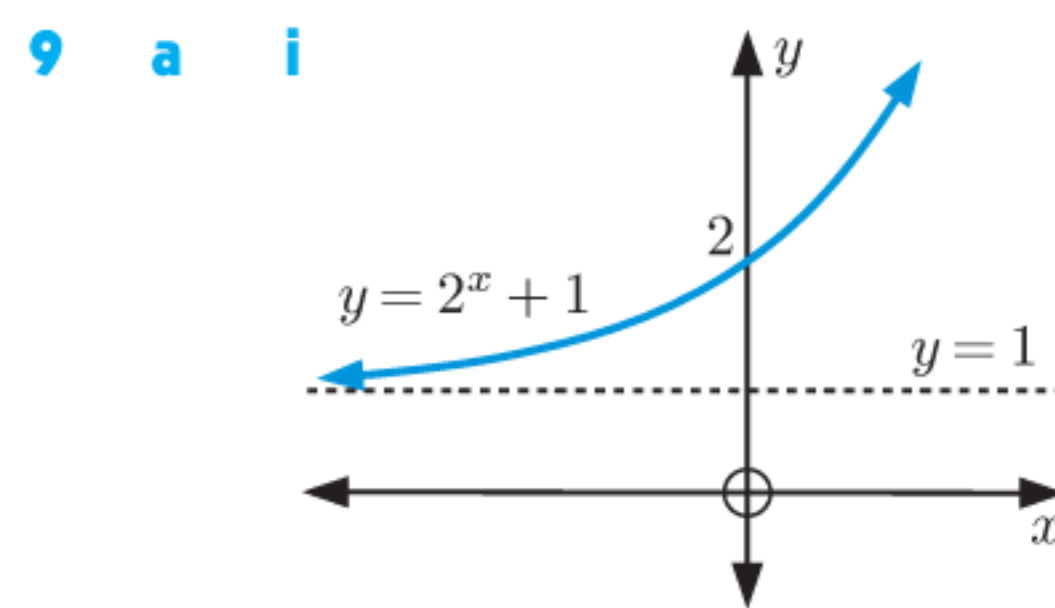
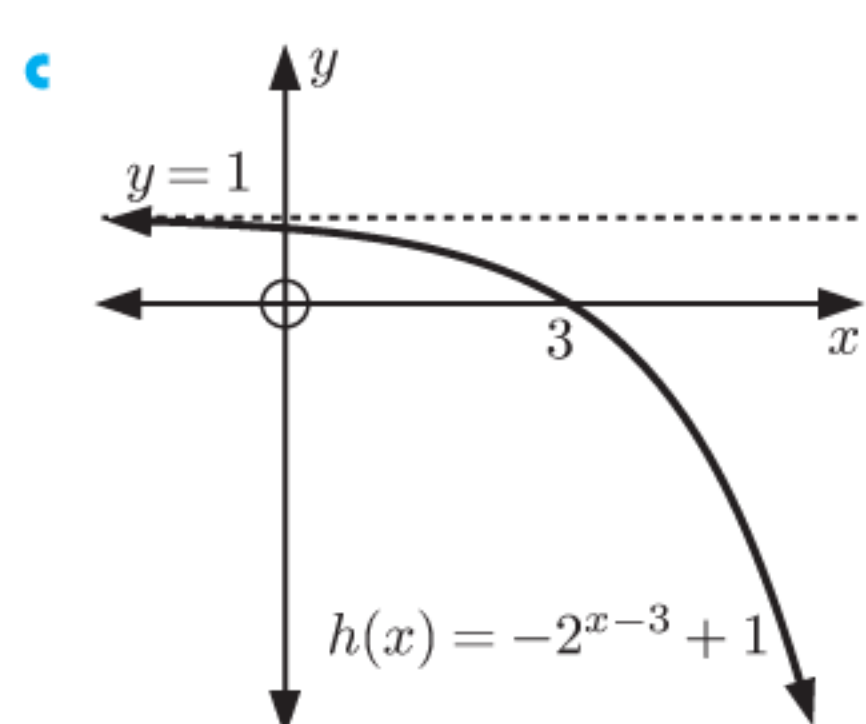
- 6 a** **i** -1 **ii** 7
iii $-\frac{17}{9} = -1\frac{8}{9}$
b $y = -2$
d Domain is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
Range is $\{y \mid y > -2\}$



- 7 a** **i** 7
ii $\frac{19}{4} = 4\frac{3}{4}$
iii 16
b $y = 4$
d Domain is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
Range is $\{y \mid y > 4\}$



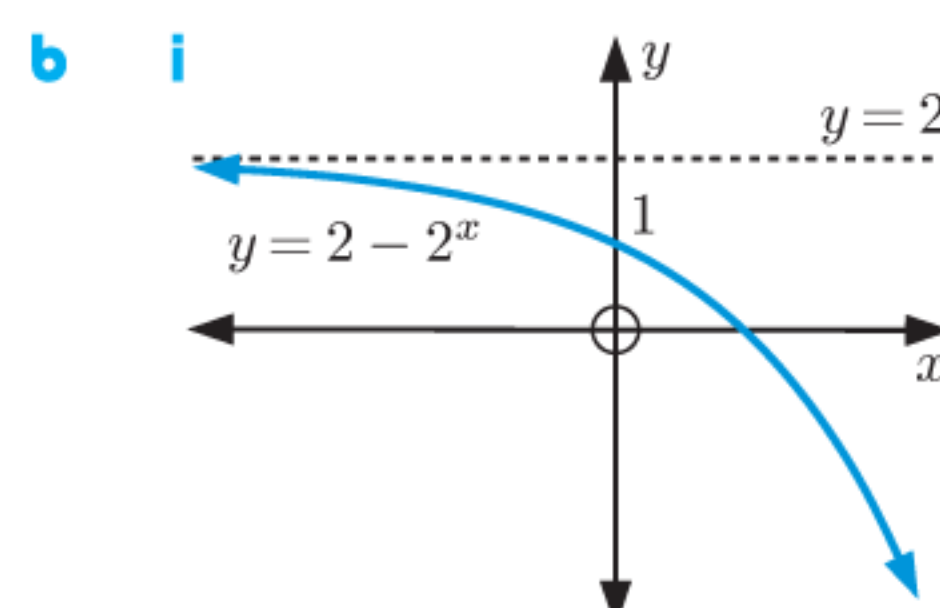
- 8 a** **i** $\frac{7}{8}$ **ii** 0
iii -7
b $y = 1$
d Domain is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
Range is $\{y \mid y < 1\}$



- ii** Domain is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
Range is $\{y \mid y > 1\}$
iii $y \approx 3.67$

- iv** as $x \rightarrow \infty$, $y \rightarrow \infty$
as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $y \rightarrow 1^+$

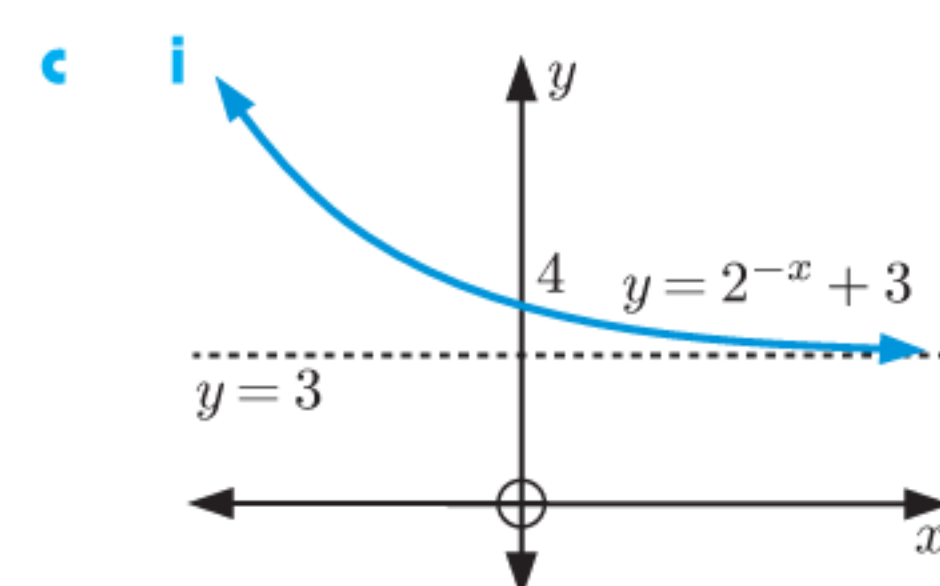
- v** $y = 1$



- ii** Domain is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
Range is $\{y \mid y < 2\}$
iii $y \approx -0.665$

- iv** as $x \rightarrow \infty$, $y \rightarrow -\infty$
as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $y \rightarrow 2^-$

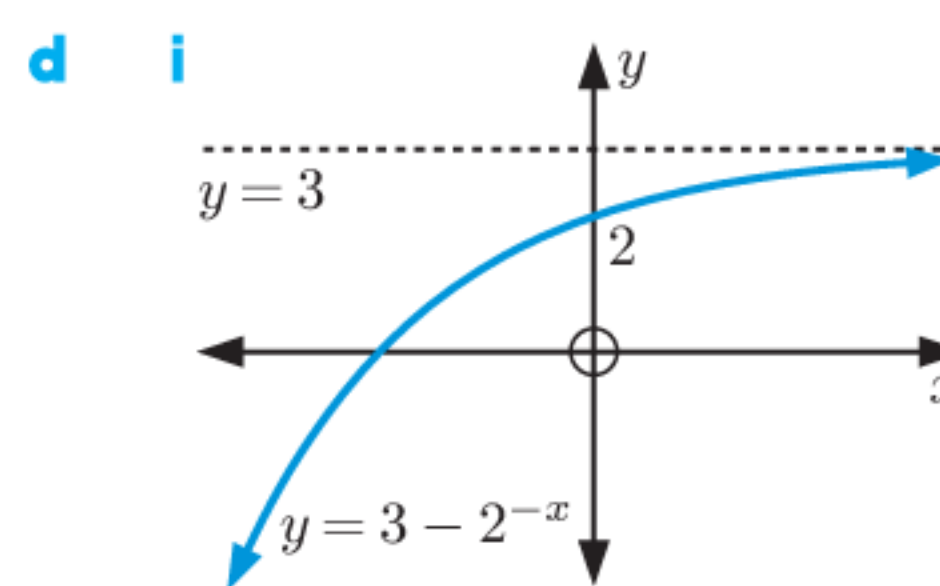
- v** $y = 2$



- ii** Domain is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
Range is $\{y \mid y > 3\}$
iii $y \approx 3.38$

- iv** as $x \rightarrow \infty$, $y \rightarrow 3^+$
as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $y \rightarrow \infty$

- v** $y = 3$



- ii** Domain is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
Range is $\{y \mid y < 3\}$
iii $y \approx 2.62$

- iv** as $x \rightarrow \infty$, $y \rightarrow 3^-$
as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $y \rightarrow -\infty$

- v** $y = 3$

- 10 a** $a = 5$, $b = -10$ **b** $y = 310$

- 11 a** $P(0, 2.5)$ **b** $a = 1.5$ **c** $y = 3.5$

- 12 a** Domain is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \geq 2\}$
b Domain is $\{x \mid x \neq 0\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y > 0, y < -1\}$
c Domain is $\{x \mid x \geq 1\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \geq 0\}$

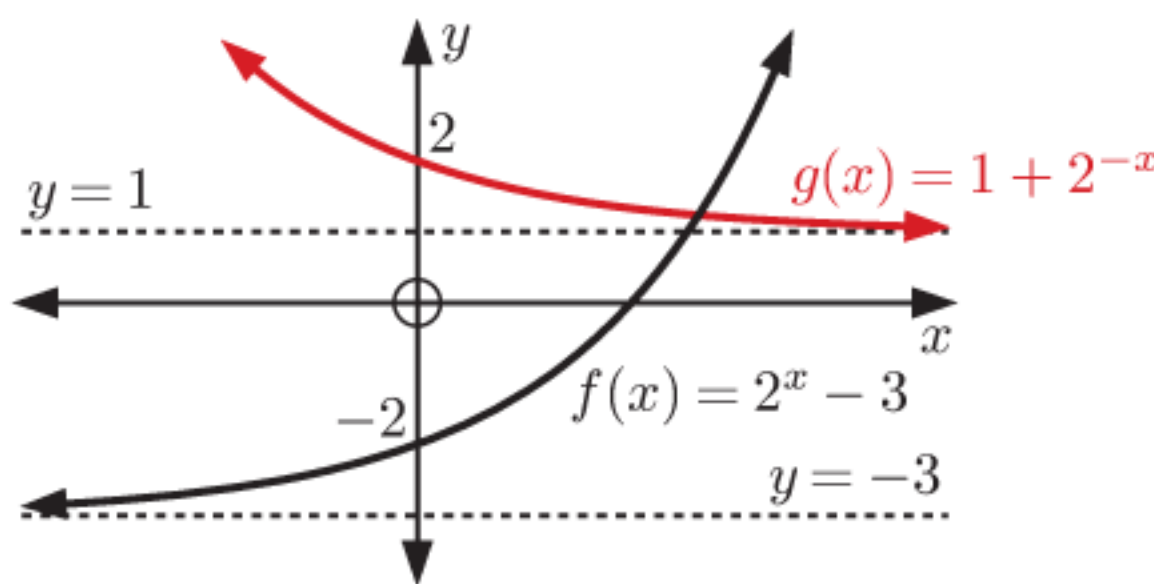
- 13 a** $(f \circ g)(x) = 3\sqrt{x} - 9$
Domain is $\{x \mid x \geq 0\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \geq -8\}$

- b** $(g \circ f)(x) = \sqrt{3^x - 9}$
Domain is $\{x \mid x \geq 2\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \geq 0\}$

- c** **i** $x = 4$ **ii** $x = 3$

- 14 a** **i** $f(x): y = -3$, $g(x): y = 1$
ii $f(x)$: Range is $\{y \mid y > -3\}$
 $g(x)$: Range is $\{y \mid y > 1\}$
iii $f(x)$: y -intercept -2 , $g(x)$: y -intercept 2

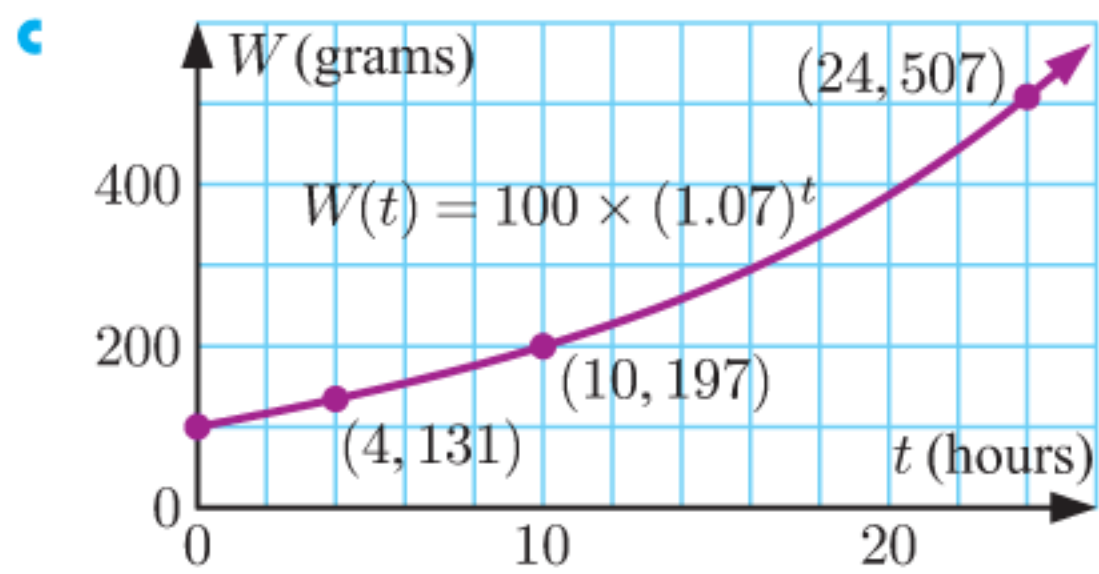
- b** **c** $-1 + \sqrt{5}$



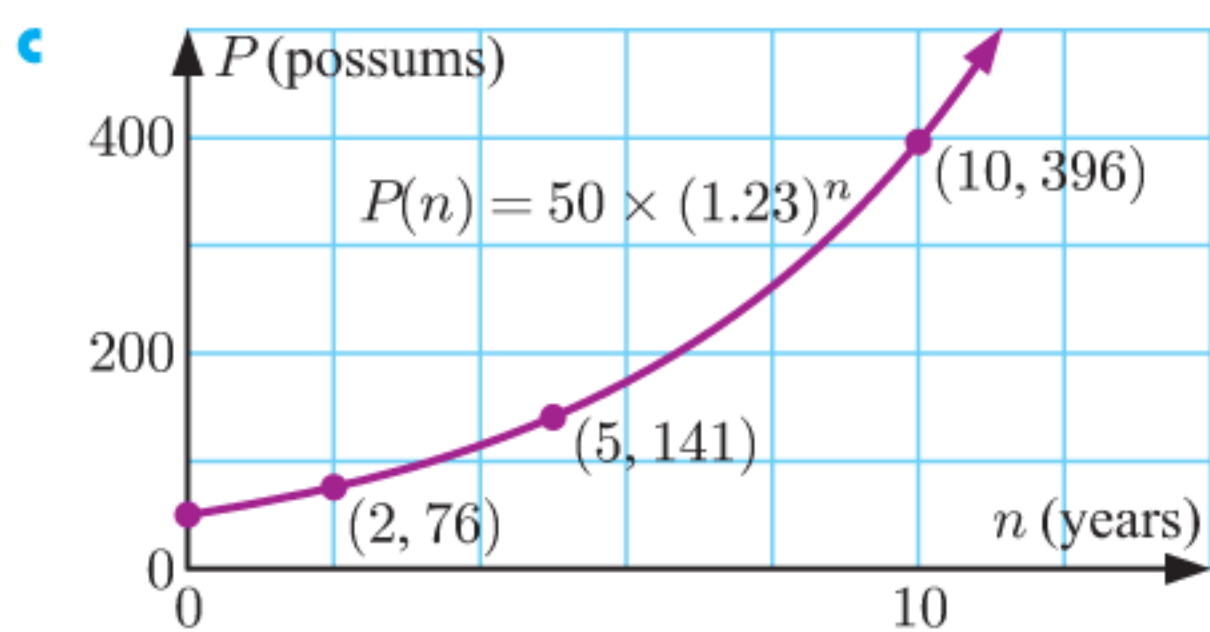
- 15 a $x \approx 3.46$ b $x \approx 2.46$ c $x \approx 1.16$
 d $x \approx -0.738$ e $x \approx 1.85$ f $x \approx 0.0959$
 g $x \approx 6.03$ h $x \approx 50.0$ i $x \approx 31.0$

EXERCISE 2E.1

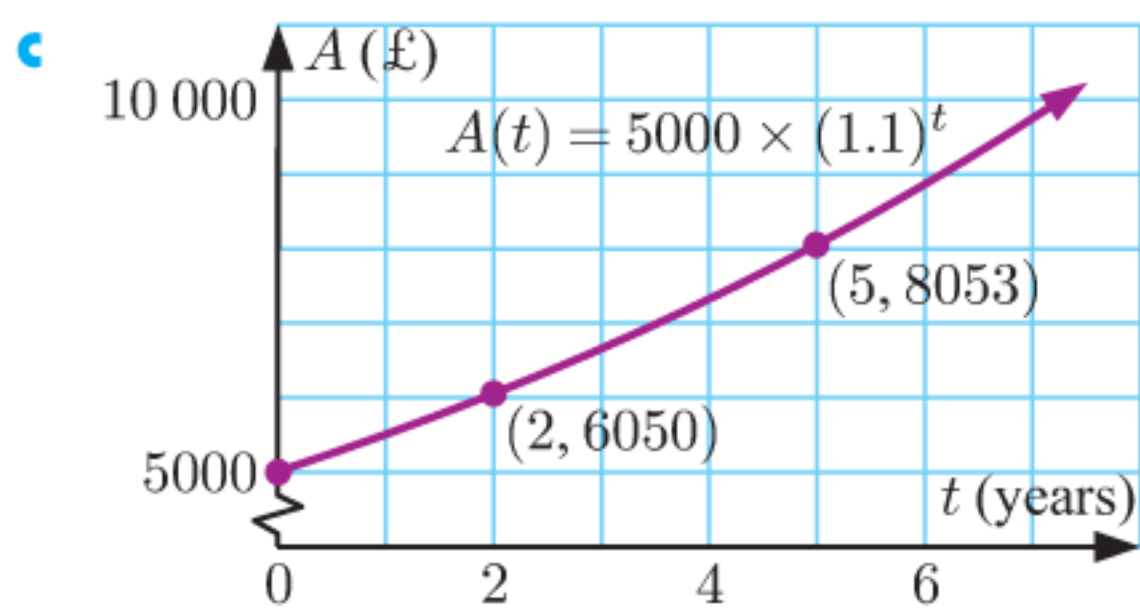
- 1 a 100 grams
 b i ≈ 131 g
 ii ≈ 197 g
 iii ≈ 507 g



- 2 a $P_0 = 50$
 b i ≈ 76 possums ii ≈ 141 possums
 iii ≈ 396 possums

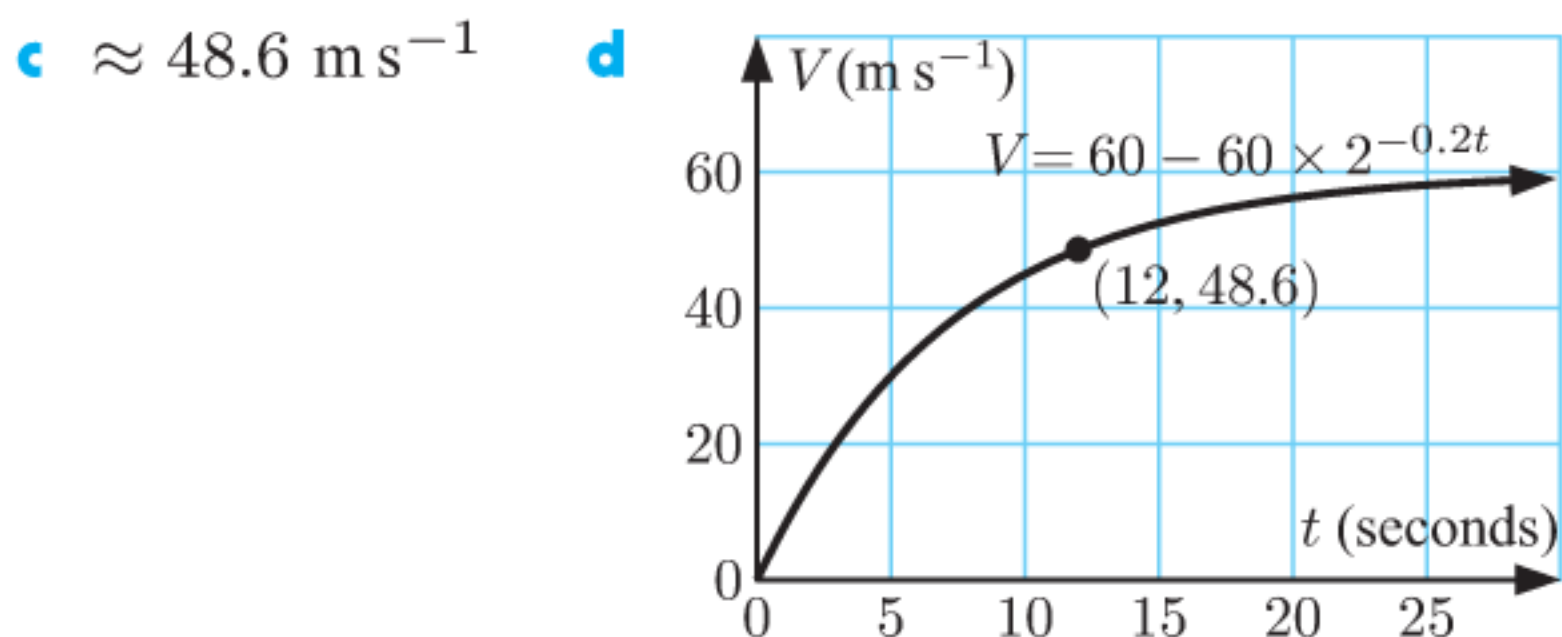


- d ≈ 11 years e ≈ 11.1 years
 3 a 4 people b ≈ 393 people c ≈ 19.9 days
 4 a $B_0 = 200$
 b $a = 1.1$, the bear population is increasing by 10% every year.
 c ≈ 1350 bears d $\approx 159\%$ increase e ≈ 24.2 years
 5 a i V_0 ii $2V_0$ b 100%
 c $\approx 183\%$ increase, it is the percentage increase at 50°C compared with 20°C .
 6 a $A(t) = 5000 \times (1.1)^t$ b i £6050 ii £8052.55
 c d ≈ 4.93 years



- 7 a $a = 1.08$, the expected value of the house is increasing by 8% per year.
 $k = 375\,000$, the original value of the house was \$375 000.
 b ≈ 4.98 years

- 8 a When $t = 0$, $V = c - 60 = 0$ b $k = -\frac{1}{5} = -0.2$
 $\therefore c = 60$



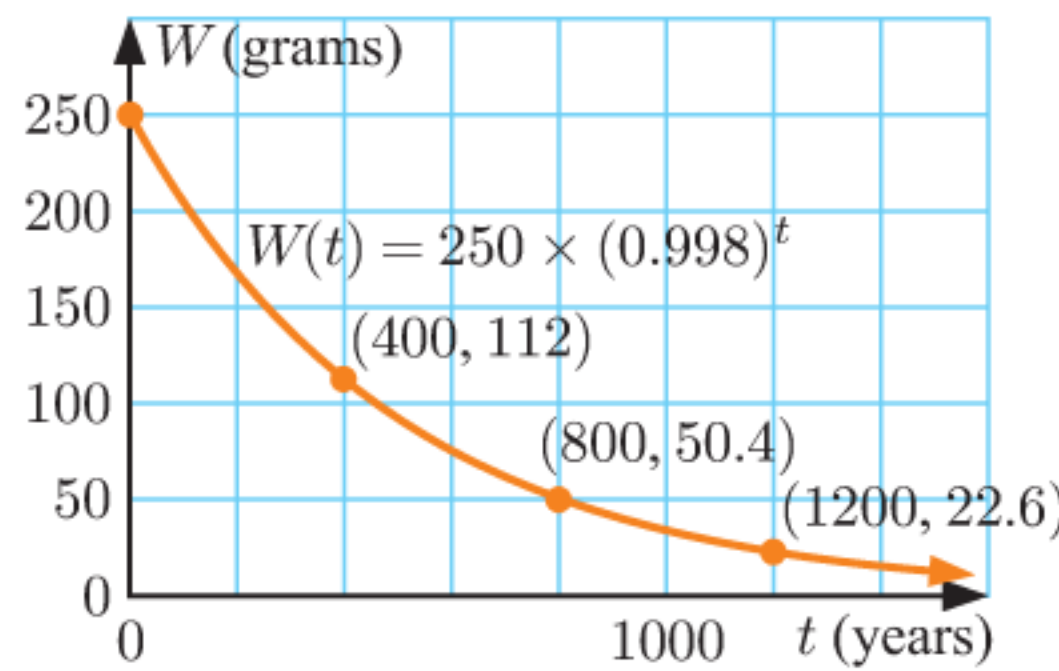
- e The parachutist accelerates rapidly until he approaches his terminal velocity of 60 m s^{-1} .

- 9 ≈ 2.27 hours

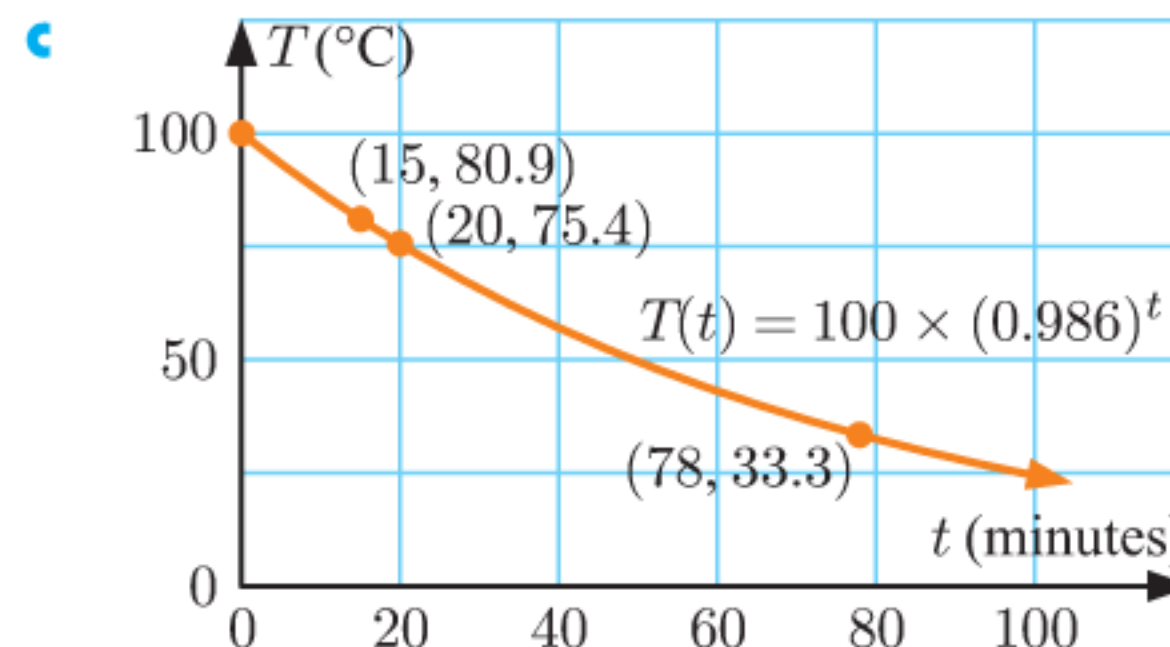
EXERCISE 2E.2

- 1 a 250 g b i ≈ 112 g ii ≈ 50.4 g iii ≈ 22.6 g

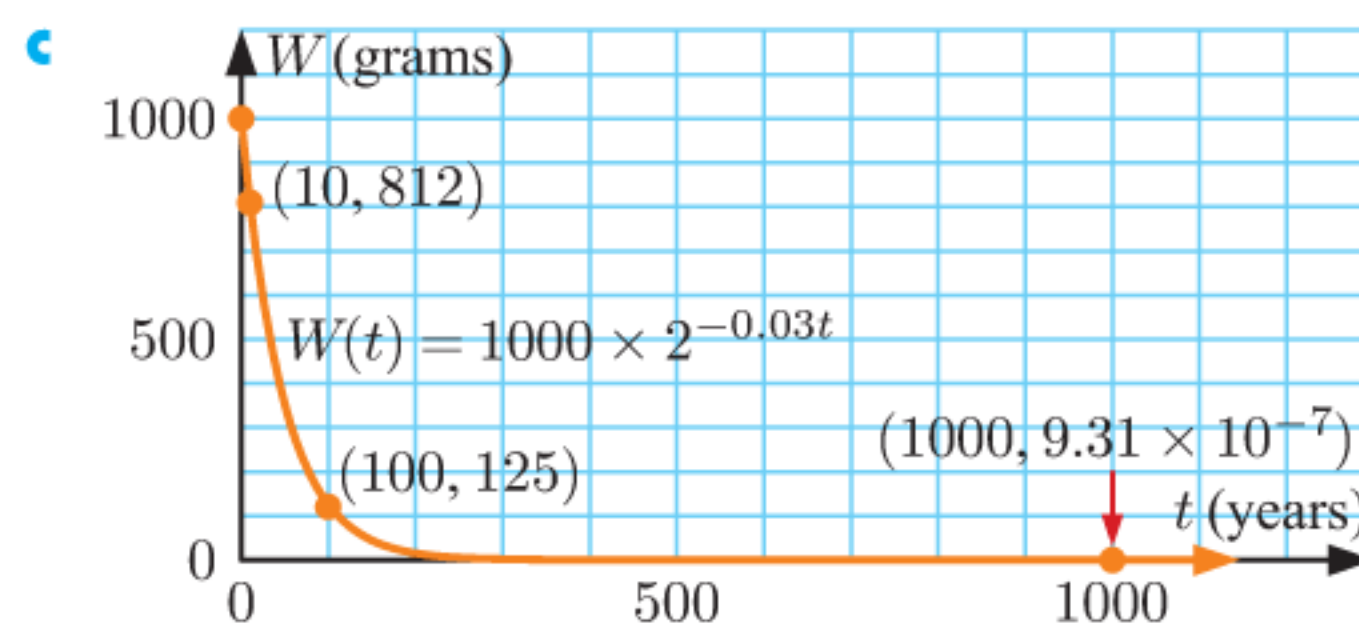
- c d ≈ 346 years



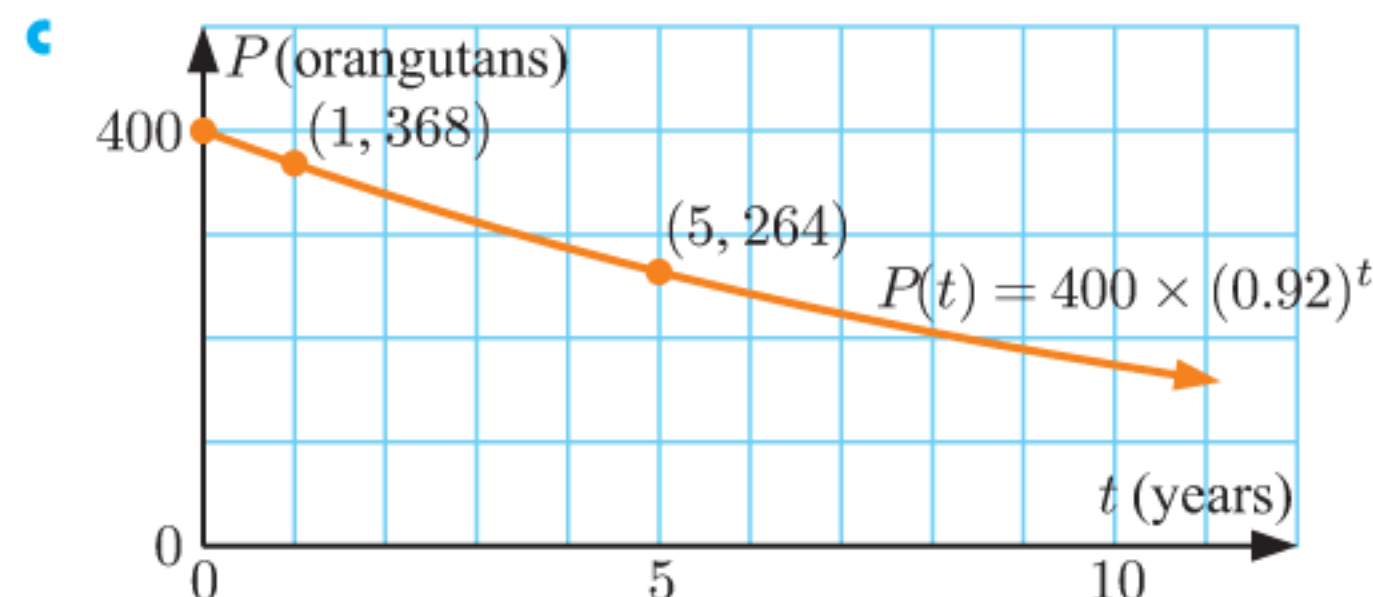
- 2 a 100°C
 b i $\approx 80.9^\circ\text{C}$ ii $\approx 75.4^\circ\text{C}$ iii $\approx 33.3^\circ\text{C}$



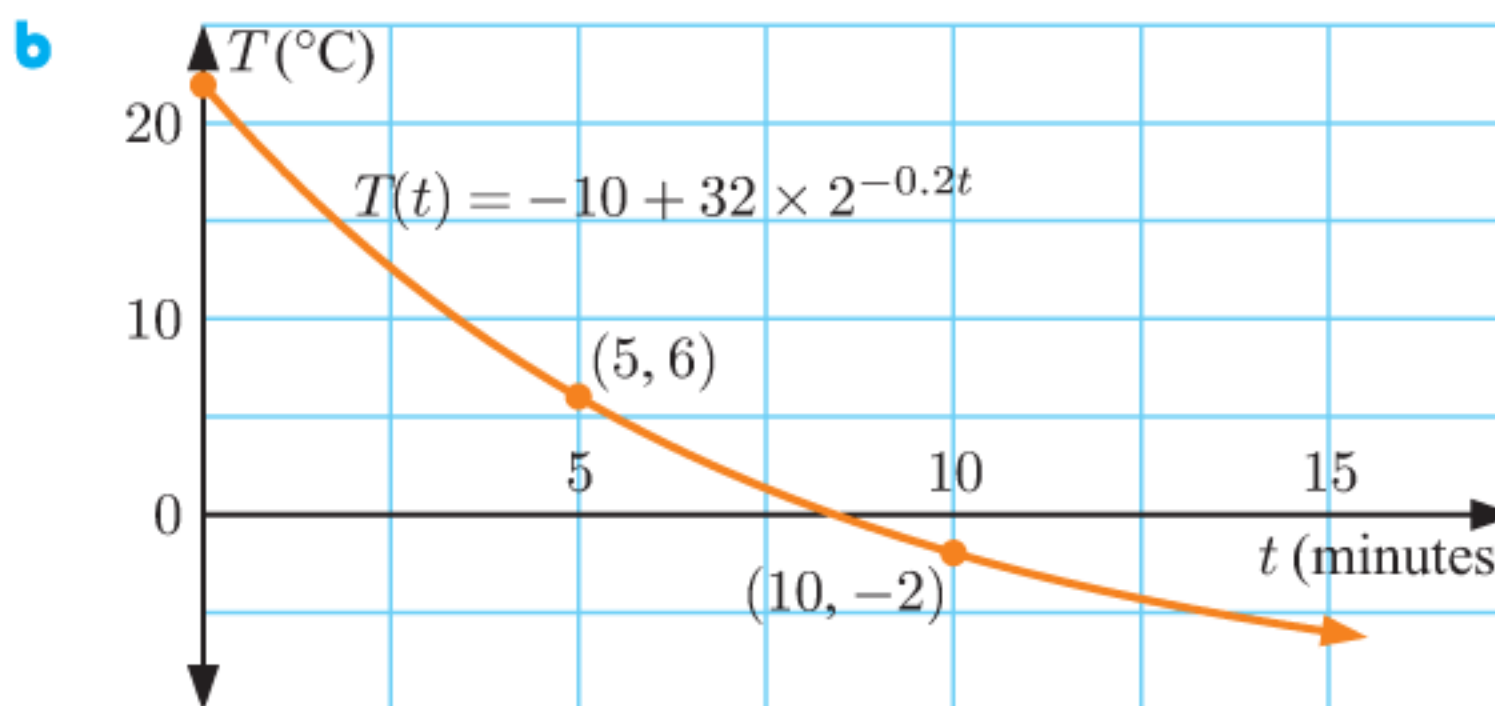
- 3 a 1000 g
 b i ≈ 812 g ii 125 g iii $\approx 9.31 \times 10^{-7}$ g



- d ≈ 221 years e $1000(1 - 2^{-0.03t})$ grams
 4 a $P(t) = 400 \times (0.92)^t$
 b i 368 orangutans ii ≈ 264 orangutans



- d ≈ 8.31 years, or ≈ 8 years 114 days
 5 a $L_0 = 10$ units b ≈ 2.77 units c ≈ 17.9 m
 d between ≈ 23.5 m and ≈ 44.9 m
 6 a \$24 000 b $r = 0.85$ c 7 years
 7 a i 22°C ii 6°C iii -2°C



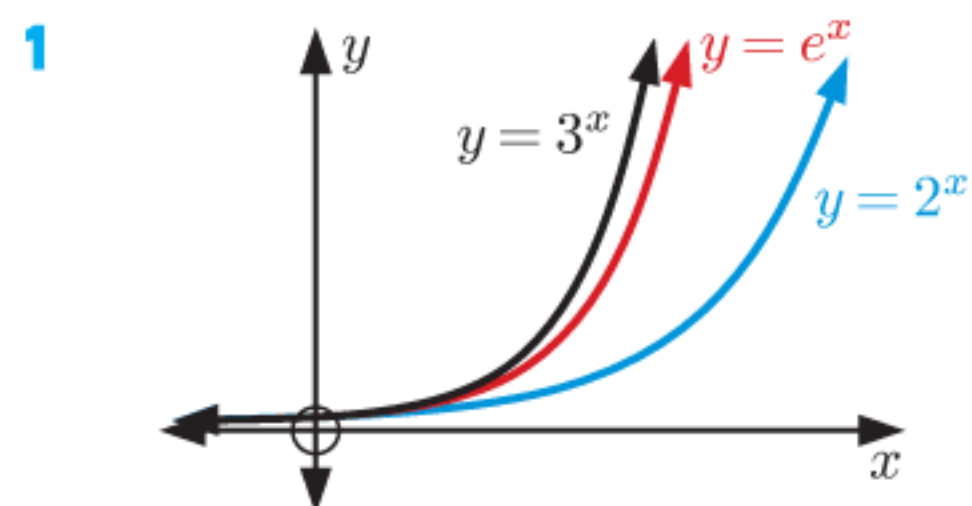
- c ≈ 8.39 min or ≈ 8 min 23 s
 d No, as $32 \times 2^{-0.2t} > 0$ for any value of t .
 8 a W_0 b $\approx 12.9\%$ c 45 000 years
 9 a $A(t) = 150 \times (1.48)^{\frac{t}{3}}$, $B(t) = 400 \times (0.8)^t + 100$
 b i $t \approx 4.16$ years ii $t \approx 3.45$ years iii $t \approx 1.69$ years
 10 a The initial weight of the isotope is 10 mg.

b $a \approx 0.7937$; each day the isotope's weight is decreasing by $\approx 20.63\%$.

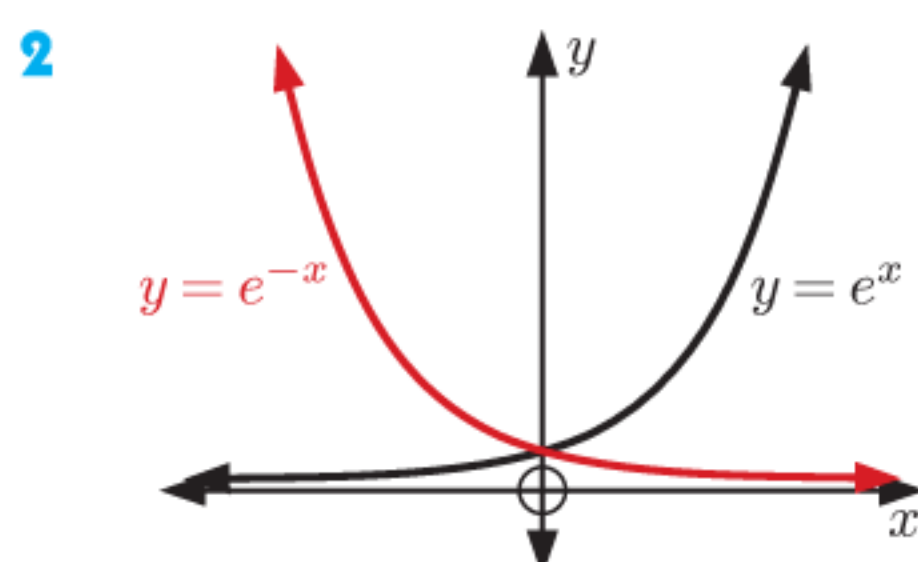
c ≈ 6.30 mg **d** **i** ≈ 5.21 days **ii** ≈ 9.00 days

11 ≈ 33.2 minutes or ≈ 33 minutes 13.2 seconds

EXERCISE 2F



The graph of $y = e^x$ lies between $y = 2^x$ and $y = 3^x$.



One is the other reflected in the y -axis.

3 p

4 **a** $e^x > 0$ for all x

b **i** $y \approx 4.12 \times 10^{-9}$ **ii** $y \approx 9.70 \times 10^8$

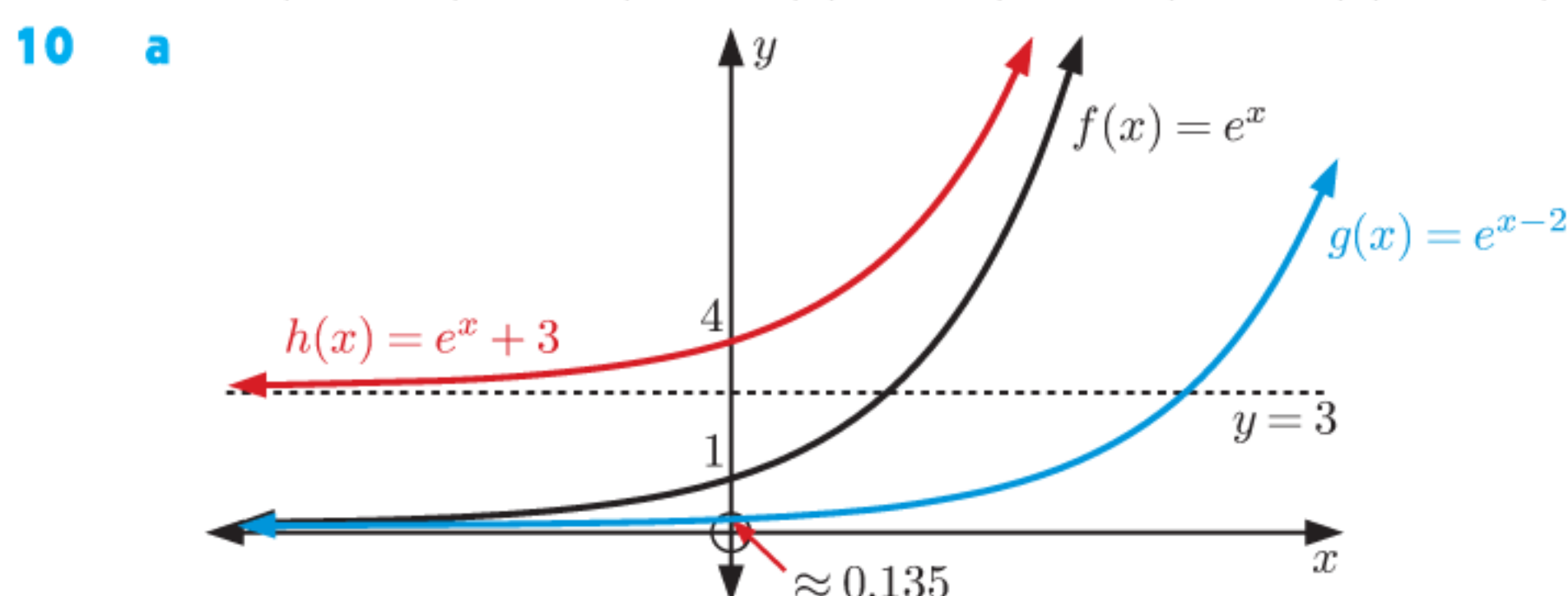
5 **a** ≈ 7.39 **b** ≈ 20.1 **c** ≈ 2.01 **d** ≈ 1.65
e ≈ 0.368

6 **a** $e^{\frac{1}{2}}$ **b** $e^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ **c** e^{-2} **d** $e^{\frac{3}{2}}$

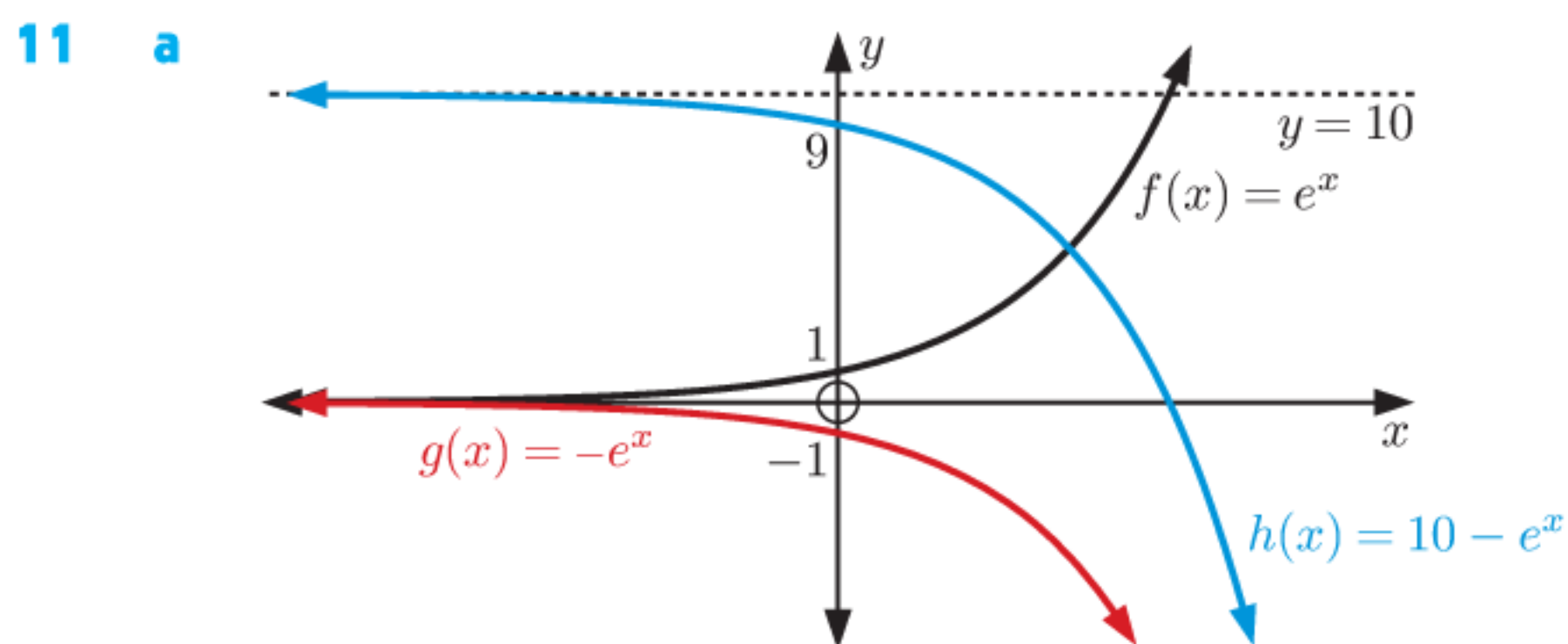
7 **a** ≈ 10.074 **b** $\approx 0.099\ 261$ **c** ≈ 125.09
d $\approx 0.007\ 994\ 5$ **e** ≈ 41.914 **f** ≈ 42.429
g ≈ 3540.3 **h** $\approx 0.006\ 342\ 4$

8 **a** $e^{2x} + 2e^x + 1$ **b** $1 - e^{2x}$ **c** $1 - 3e^x$

9 **a** $e^x(e^x + 1)$ **b** $(e^x + 4)(e^x - 4)$ **c** $(e^x - 6)(e^x - 2)$



b Domain of f , g , and h is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
Range of f is $\{y \mid y > 0\}$, Range of g is $\{y \mid y > 0\}$,
Range of h is $\{y \mid y > 3\}$



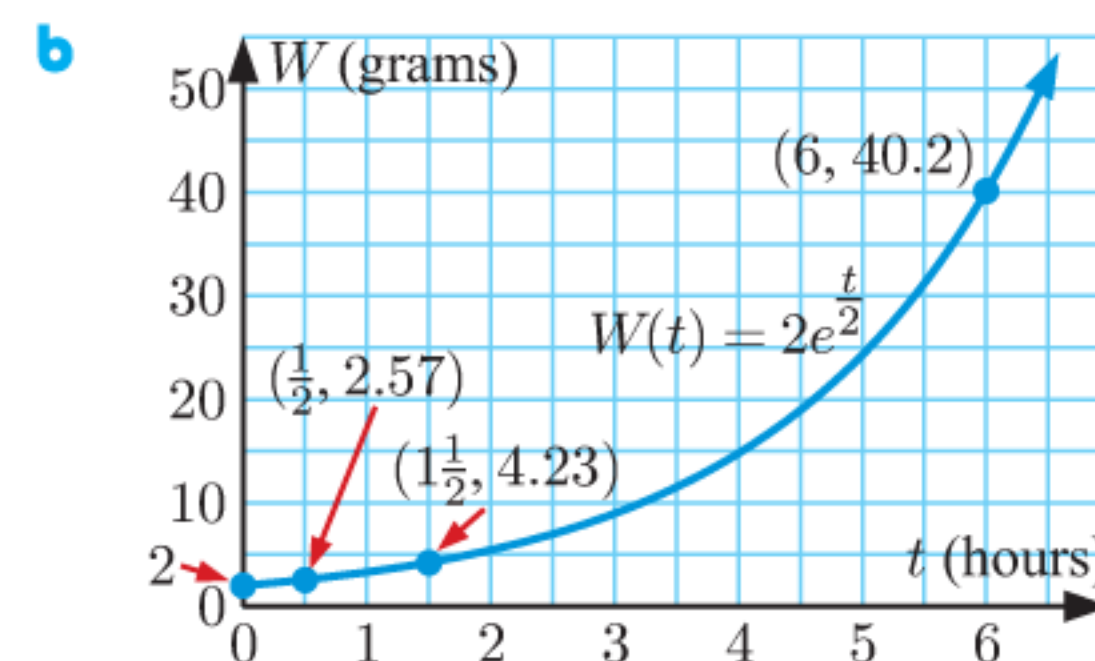
b Domain of f , g , and h is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$
Range of f is $\{y \mid y > 0\}$, Range of g is $\{y \mid y < 0\}$,
Range of h is $\{y \mid y < 10\}$

c For f : as $x \rightarrow \infty$, $y \rightarrow \infty$
as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $y \rightarrow 0^+$
For g : as $x \rightarrow \infty$, $y \rightarrow -\infty$
as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $y \rightarrow 0^-$
For h : as $x \rightarrow \infty$, $y \rightarrow -\infty$
as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $y \rightarrow 10^-$

12 **a** $(f \circ g)(x) = e^{\frac{1}{x}} - 1$
Domain is $\{x \mid x \neq 0\}$
Range is $\{y \mid -1 < y < 0 \text{ or } y > 0\}$

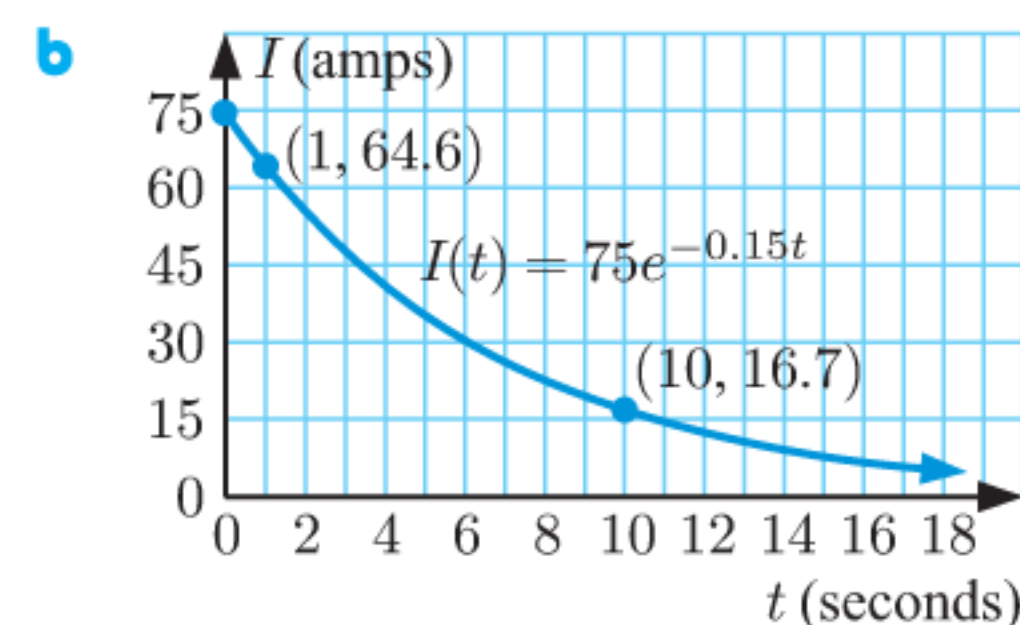
b $(g \circ f)(x) = \frac{1}{e^x - 1}$
Domain is $\{x \mid x \neq 0\}$
Range is $\{y \mid y < -1 \text{ or } y > 0\}$

13 **a** **i** 2 g
ii ≈ 2.57 g
iii ≈ 4.23 g
iv ≈ 40.2 g

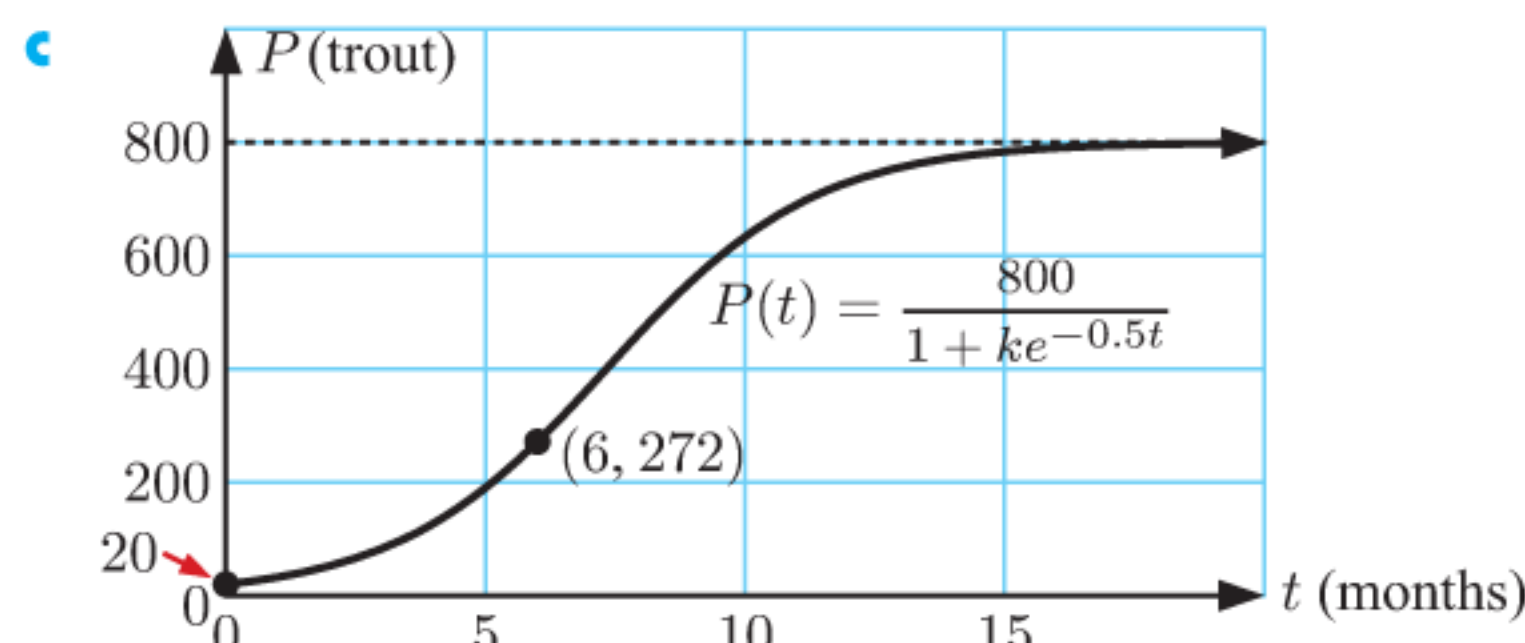


14 **a** $x = \frac{1}{2}$ **b** $x = -4$ **c** $x = 0$

15 **a** **i** ≈ 64.6 amps
ii ≈ 16.7 amps
c ≈ 28.8 seconds



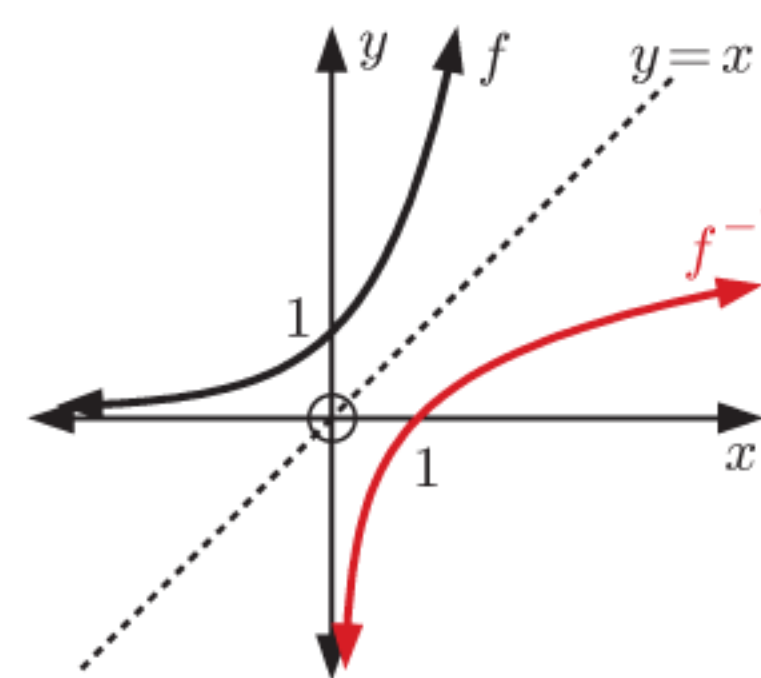
16 **a** $k = 39$ **b** ≈ 272 trout



d As t increases, the population approaches a limiting value of 800 trout.
e ≈ 9.52 months

17 **a** $f^{-1}(x) = \log_e x$

b Domain of f^{-1} is $\{x \mid x > 0\}$
Range of f^{-1} is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$



18 $e^1 \approx \sum_{k=0}^{19} \frac{1}{k!} 1^k \approx 2.718\ 281\ 828$

REVIEW SET 2A

1 **a** 4 **b** $\frac{1}{9}$ **c** $\frac{1}{3}$

2 **a** $x = -2$ **b** $x = \frac{3}{4}$ **c** $x = -\frac{1}{4}$

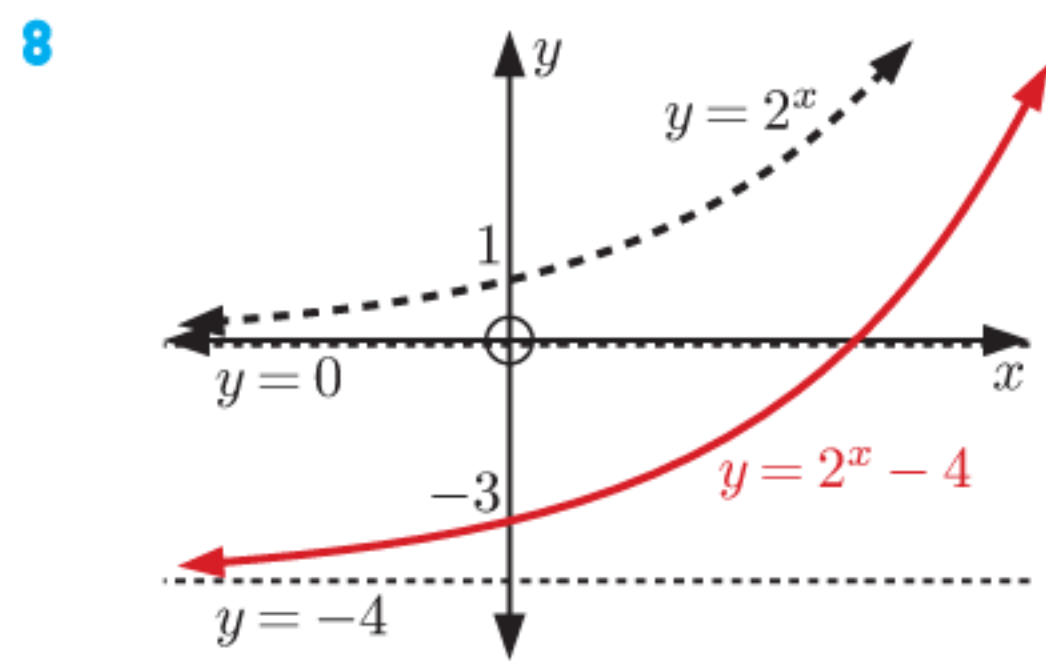
3 **a** $1 + e^{2x}$ **b** $2^{2x} + 10(2^x) + 25$ **c** $x - 49$

4 **a** $x = 5$ **b** $x = -\frac{5}{2}$ **c** $x = 3$ **5** $k = \frac{3}{2}$

6 **a** **i** ≈ 2.2 **ii** ≈ 0.6

b **i** $x \approx 1.45$ **ii** $x \approx -0.6$ **iii** $x \approx 1.1$

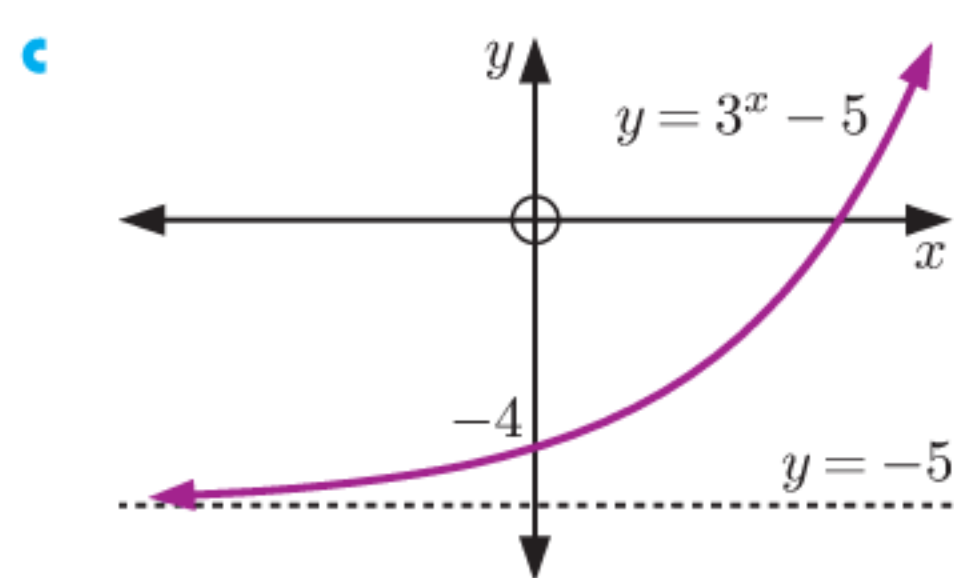
7 **a** 3 **b** 24 **c** $\frac{3}{4}$



9 **a**

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	$-4\frac{8}{9}$	$-4\frac{2}{3}$	-4	-2	4

b as $x \rightarrow \infty$,
 $y \rightarrow \infty$
as $x \rightarrow -\infty$,
 $y \rightarrow -5^+$

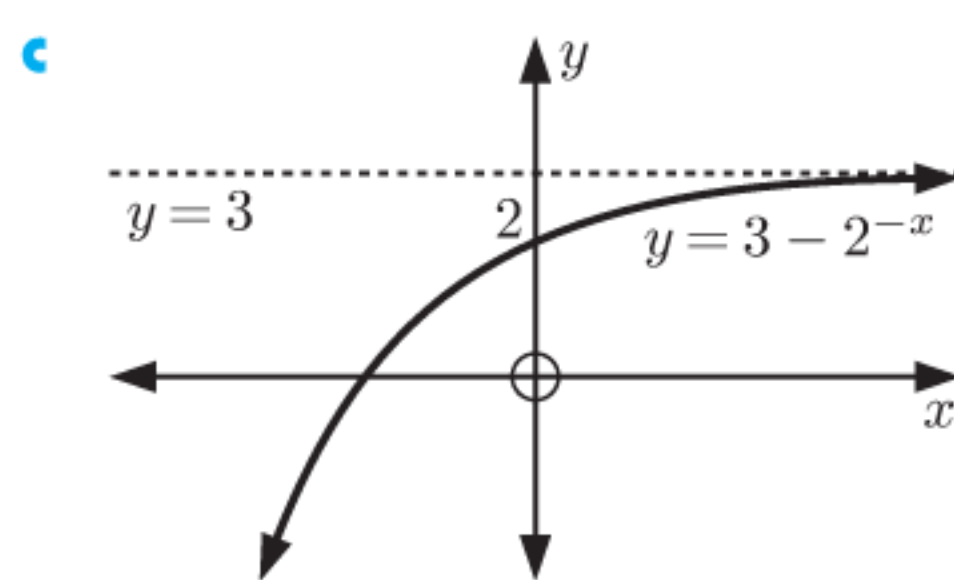


d $y = -5$

10 **a**

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	-1	1	2	$2\frac{1}{2}$	$2\frac{3}{4}$

b as $x \rightarrow \infty$,
 $y \rightarrow 3^-$
as $x \rightarrow -\infty$,
 $y \rightarrow -\infty$

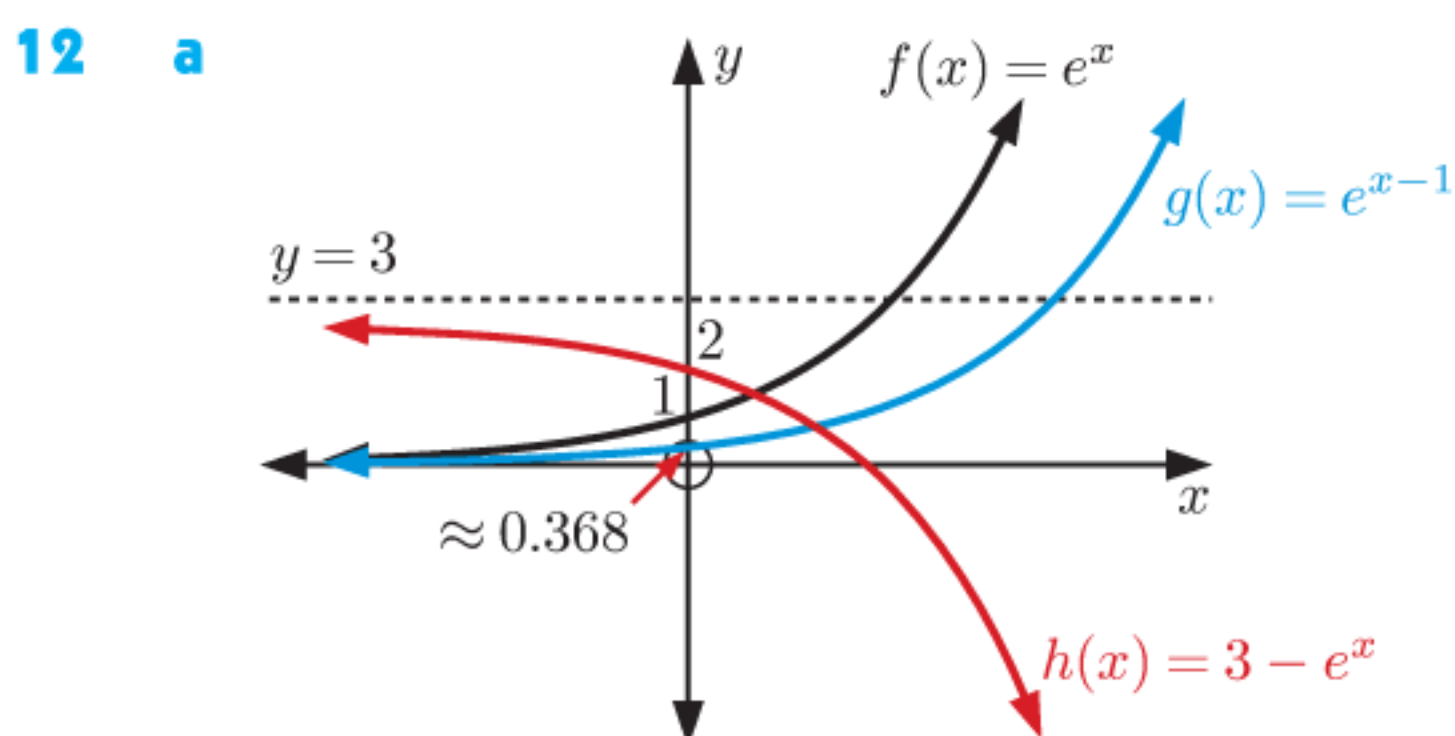


d $y = 3$

11 **a** $(f \circ g)(x) = 2^{3-x^2}$
Domain is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$, Range is $\{y \mid 0 < y \leq 8\}$

b $(g \circ f)(x) = 3 - 2^{2x} = 3 - 4^x$
Domain is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y < 3\}$

c **i** $x = \pm\sqrt{2}$ **ii** $x = 2$

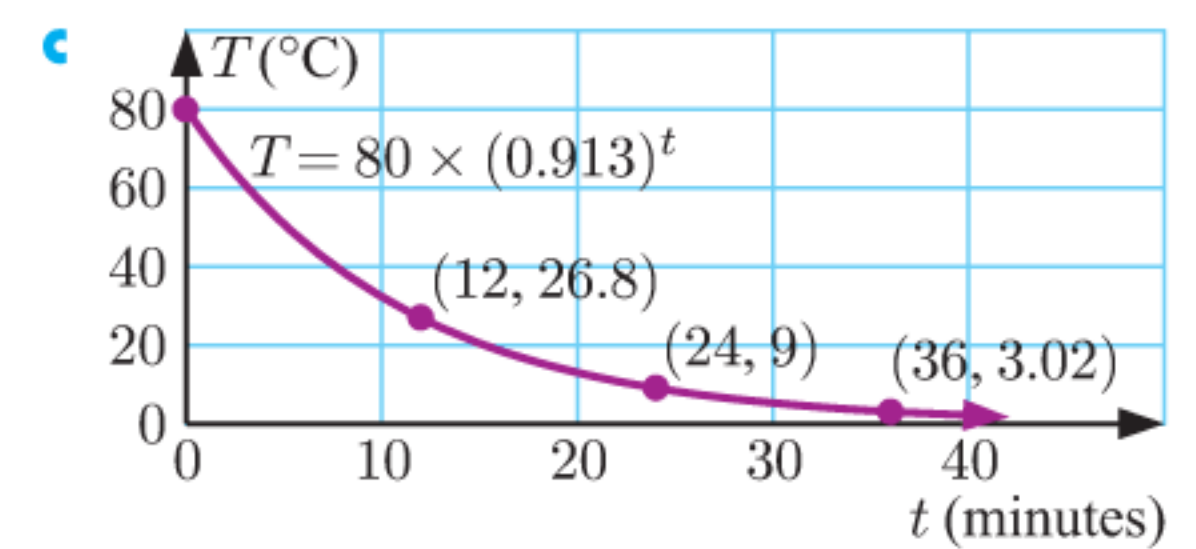


b For $f(x)$: domain is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$, range is $\{y \mid y > 0\}$
For $g(x)$: domain is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$, range is $\{y \mid y > 0\}$
For $h(x)$: domain is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$, range is $\{y \mid y < 3\}$

c For $f(x)$: as $x \rightarrow \infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$
as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow 0^+$
For $g(x)$: as $x \rightarrow \infty$, $g(x) \rightarrow \infty$
as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $g(x) \rightarrow 0^+$
For $h(x)$: as $x \rightarrow \infty$, $h(x) \rightarrow -\infty$
as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $h(x) \rightarrow 3^-$

13 about every ≈ 7.92 days

14 **a** 80°C
b **i** $\approx 26.8^\circ\text{C}$
ii $\approx 9.00^\circ\text{C}$
iii $\approx 3.02^\circ\text{C}$
d ≈ 12.8 min



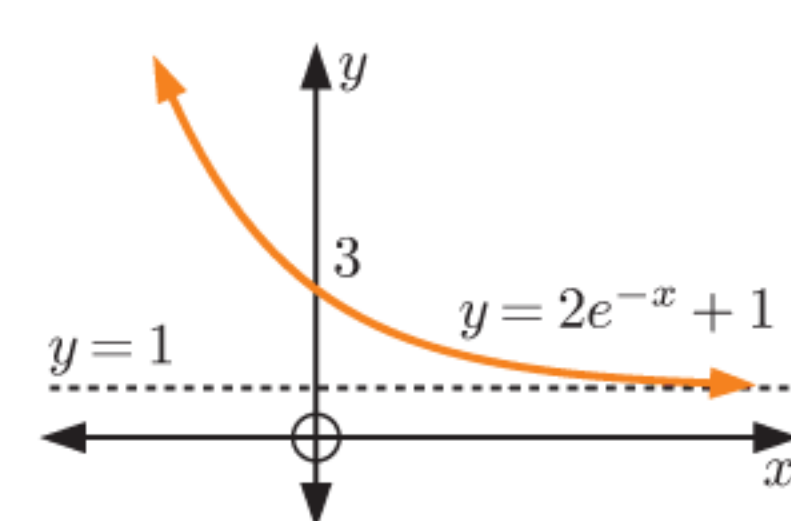
REVIEW SET 2B

1 **a** ≈ 3.95 **b** ≈ 0.517 **c** ≈ 3.16
2 **a** $9 - 6e^x + e^{2x}$ **b** $x - 2 - x^{-1}$ **c** $2^x + 1$
3 **a** $8(3^x)$ **b** $(2^x - 4)(2^x + 3)$ **c** $(e^x + 5)(e^x - 3)$
4 **a** $x = -4$ **b** $x = 0$ or 2 **c** $x = -1$ or -2
5 **a** $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + 1 \approx 1.71$ **b** $a = -1$

6 **a**

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	15.8	6.44	3	1.74	1.27

b as $x \rightarrow \infty$,
 $y \rightarrow 1^+$
as $x \rightarrow -\infty$,
 $y \rightarrow \infty$



d $y = 1$

7 **a** clock: £525, vase: £428
b clock: $V(t) = 500 \times (1.05)^t$
vase: $V(t) = 400 \times (1.07)^t$
c clock \approx £1039.46, vase \approx £1103.61 \therefore the vase
d $500 \times (1.05)^t = 400 \times (1.07)^t$ and solve for t ;
 $t \approx 11.8$ years

8 Domain is $\{x \mid x \geq -1\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \geq 1\}$

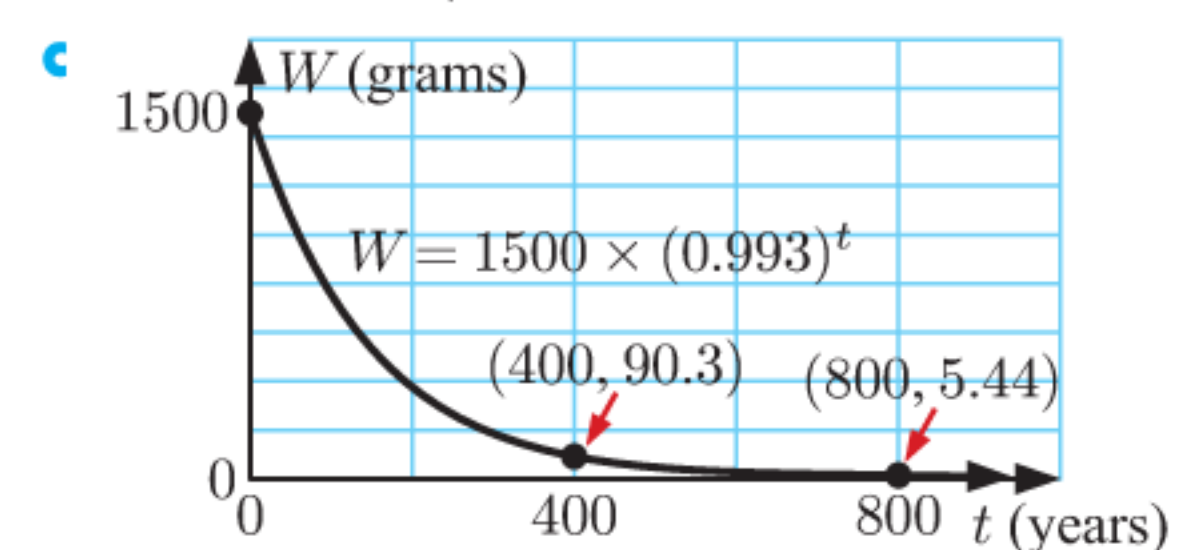
9 **a** $f(x)$: y -intercept 2, $g(x)$: y -intercept -1

b $-\frac{5}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{5}$ units

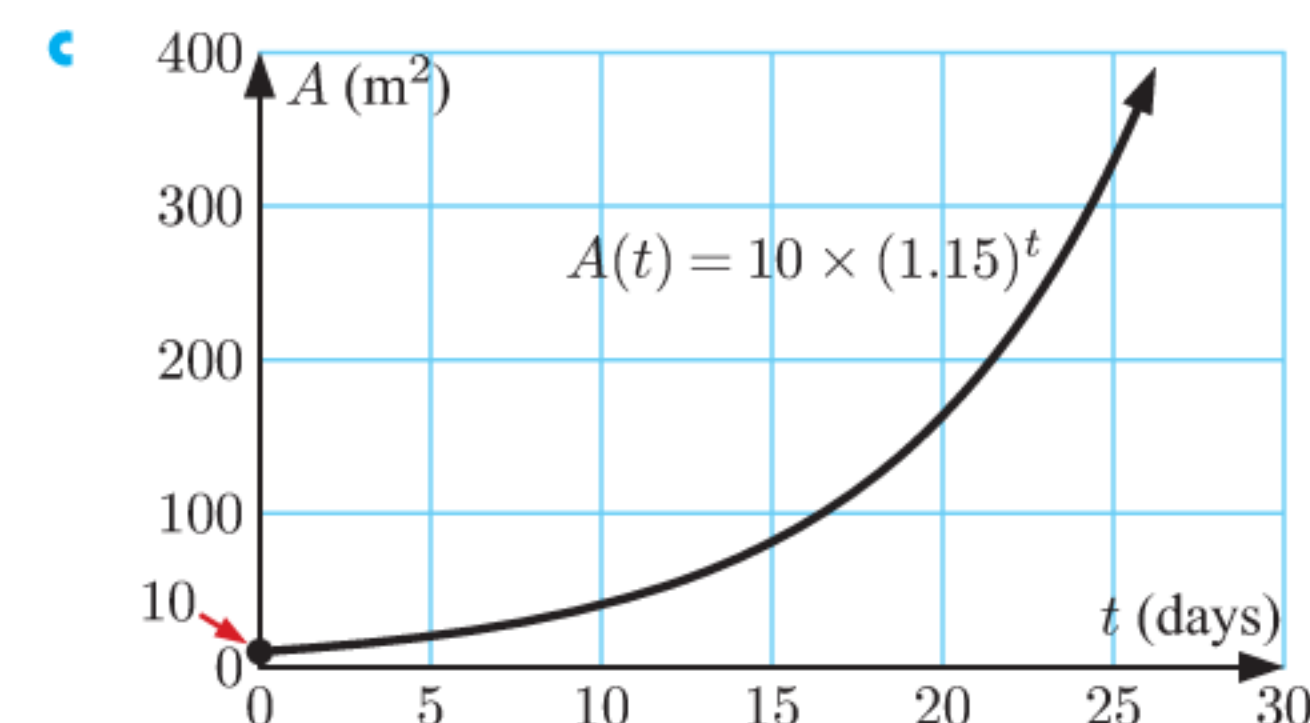
10 **a** **i** 81 **ii** $\frac{1}{3}$ **b** $k = 9$

11 **a** y^2 **b** y^{-1} **c** $\frac{1}{\sqrt{y}}$ or $y^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

12 **a** 1500 g
b **i** ≈ 90.3 g
ii ≈ 5.44 g
d ≈ 386 years



13 **a** $A(t) = 10 \times (1.15)^t$
b **i** 13.225 m^2 **ii** $\approx 20.1 \text{ m}^2$



d ≈ 24.3 days

EXERCISE 3A

1 **a** 4 **b** -3 **c** 1 **d** 0 **e** $\frac{1}{2}$ **f** $\frac{1}{3}$
g $-\frac{1}{4}$ **h** $1\frac{1}{2}$ **i** $\frac{2}{3}$ **j** $1\frac{1}{2}$ **k** $1\frac{1}{3}$ **l** $3\frac{1}{2}$

- 2 a n b $a + 2$ c $1 - m$ d $a - b$
- 3 a $100 < 237 < 1000$ b ≈ 2.37
 $\therefore \log 100 < \log 237 < \log 1000$
 $\therefore 2 < \log 237 < 3$
- 4 a $-1 < \log(0.6) < 0$ b ≈ -0.22
- 5 a ≈ 1.88 b ≈ 2.06 c ≈ 0.48 d ≈ 2.92
e ≈ -0.40 f ≈ 3.51 g ≈ -2.10 h does not exist
- 6 a $x > 1$ b $x = 1$ c $0 < x < 1$ d $x \leq 0$
- 7 a $\approx 10^{0.7782}$ b $\approx 10^{1.7782}$ c $\approx 10^{3.7782}$
d $\approx 10^{-0.2218}$ e $\approx 10^{-2.2218}$ f $\approx 10^{1.1761}$
g $\approx 10^{3.1761}$ h $\approx 10^{0.1761}$ i $\approx 10^{-0.8239}$
j $\approx 10^{-3.8239}$
- 8 a i ≈ 0.477 ii ≈ 2.477
b $\log 300 = \log(3 \times 10^2) = \log(10^{\log 3} \times 10^2) = \dots$
- 9 a i ≈ 0.699 ii ≈ -1.301
b $\log(0.05) = \log(5 \times 10^{-2}) = \log(10^{\log 5} \times 10^{-2}) = \dots$
- 10 a $x = 100$ b $x = 10$ c $x = 1$
d $x = \frac{1}{10}$ e $x = \sqrt{10}$ f $x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$
g $x = 10\,000$ h $x = 0.000\,01$ i $x \approx 6.84$
j $x \approx 140$ k $x \approx 0.0419$ l $x \approx 0.000\,631$

EXERCISE 3B

- 1 a $10^2 = 100$ b $10^4 = 10\,000$ c $10^{-1} = 0.1$
d $10^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{10}$ e $2^3 = 8$ f $3^2 = 9$
g $2^{-2} = \frac{1}{4}$ h $3^{1.5} = \sqrt{27}$ i $5^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$
- 2 a $\log_4 64 = 3$ b $\log_5 25 = 2$
c $\log_7 49 = 2$ d $\log_2 64 = 6$
e $\log_2\left(\frac{1}{8}\right) = -3$ f $\log_{10}(0.01) = -2$
g $\log_2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = -1$ h $\log_3\left(\frac{1}{27}\right) = -3$
- 3 a 5 b -2 c $\frac{1}{2}$ d 2 e 6 f 7
g 2 h 3 i -3 j $\frac{1}{2}$ k 2 l $\frac{1}{2}$
m 5 n $\frac{1}{3}$ o $\frac{1}{3}$ p $\frac{3}{2}$ q 0 r 1
s -1 t $\frac{3}{4}$ u $-\frac{1}{2}$ v $\frac{5}{2}$ w $-\frac{3}{2}$ x $-\frac{3}{4}$
- 4 a 2 b -1 c $\frac{1}{2}$ d 3 e $\frac{1}{4}$ f $\frac{3}{2}$
g -2 h $-\frac{1}{2}$ i $\frac{5}{2}$
- 5 a $x = 8$ b $x = 2$ c $x = \frac{1}{125}$ d $x = 3$
e $x = 14$ f $x = \sqrt{3}$
- 6 $\log_b a = \frac{1}{x}$ 7 $x = \frac{2^{2y} + 1}{5}$

EXERCISE 3C

- 1 a $\log 16$ b $\log 20$ c $\log 8$ d $\log\left(\frac{p}{m}\right)$
e 1 f $\log 2$ g 3 h 2
i $\log 24$ j 1 k 0 l $\log 28$
- 2 a $\log 700$ b $\log\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)$ c $\log_2 6$
d $\log_3\left(\frac{5}{9}\right)$ e $\log 200$ f $\log(0.005)$
g $\log(10^t \times w)$ h $\log_m\left(\frac{40}{m^2}\right)$ i $\log_5\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)$
- 3 a $\log 96$ b $\log 72$ c $\log 8$ d $\log_3\left(\frac{25}{8}\right)$

e 1 f $\log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$ g $\log 20$ h $\log 25$ i $\log_n\left(\frac{n^2}{10}\right)$

- 4 a 2 b $\frac{3}{2}$ c 3 d $\frac{1}{2}$ e -2 f $-\frac{3}{2}$
- 5 For example, for a, $\log 9 = \log(3^2) = 2 \log 3$.
- 7 a $p + q$ b $2q + r$ c $2p + 3q$ d $r + \frac{1}{2}q - p$
e $r - 5p$ f $p - 2q$
- 8 a $x + z$ b $z + 2y$ c $x + z - y$ d $2x + \frac{1}{2}y$
e $3y - \frac{1}{2}z$ f $2z + \frac{1}{2}y - 3x$
- 9 a 0.86 b 2.15 c 1.075 10 $x = \frac{2}{a^2 - 1}$
- 11 a $\log 384$ b $4 + \log_2 45$ 12 $\log\left(\frac{x^{40}}{y^{45}}\right)$
- 13 $\log \sqrt[3]{3}$ 14 Hint: Subtract $2xy$ from both sides.

EXERCISE 3D

- 1 a 2 b 4 c $\frac{3}{2}$ d 0 e -1
f $\frac{1}{3}$ g -2 h $-\frac{1}{2}$
- 2 a 3 b 9 c $\frac{1}{5}$ d $\frac{1}{4}$ e a
f $1 + a$ g $a + b$ h ab
- 3 a ≈ 2.485 b ≈ 4.220 c ≈ 0.336
d ≈ -0.357 e ≈ 6.215
- 4 x does not exist such that $e^x = -2$ or 0 since $e^x > 0$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$.
- 5 a $\approx e^{1.7918}$ b $\approx e^{4.0943}$ c $\approx e^{8.6995}$
d $\approx e^{-0.5108}$ e $\approx e^{-5.1160}$ f $\approx e^{2.7081}$
g $\approx e^{7.3132}$ h $\approx e^{0.4055}$ i $\approx e^{-1.8971}$
j $\approx e^{-8.8049}$
- 6 a $x \approx 20.1$ b $x \approx 2.72$ c $x = 1$
d $x \approx 0.368$ e $x \approx 0.006\,74$ f $x \approx 2.30$
g $x \approx 8.54$ h $x \approx 0.0370$
- 7 a i x ii x b They are inverses of each other.
- 8 a $\ln 45$ b $\ln 5$ c $\ln 4$ d $\ln 24$
e $\ln 1 = 0$ f $\ln 30$ g $\ln(4e)$ h $\ln\left(\frac{6}{e}\right)$
i $\ln 20$ j $\ln(4e^2)$ k $\ln\left(\frac{20}{e^2}\right)$ l $\ln 1 = 0$
- 9 a $\ln 972$ b $\ln 200$ c $\ln 1 = 0$ d $\ln 16$
e $\ln 6$ f $\ln\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$ g $\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$ h $\ln 2$
i $\ln 16$ j $\ln(16e^2)$ k $\ln\left(\frac{3}{e}\right)$ l $\ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{e}}{8}\right)$
- 10 For example, for a, $\ln 27 = \ln(3^3) = 3 \ln 3$.
- 11 $x = e^4$, $y = \frac{1}{e^2}$

EXERCISE 3E

- 1 a $\log y = x \log 2$ b $\log y = \log 20 + 3 \log b$
c $\log M = \log a + 4 \log d$ d $\log T = \log 5 + \frac{1}{2} \log d$
e $\log R = \log b + \frac{1}{2} \log l$ f $\log Q = \log a - n \log b$
g $\log y = \log a + x \log b$ h $\log F = \log 20 - \frac{1}{2} \log n$
i $\log L = \log a + \log b - \log c$
j $\log N = \frac{1}{2} \log a - \frac{1}{2} \log b$
k $\log S = \log 200 + t \log 2$ l $\log y = m \log a - n \log b$

2 a $D = 2e$ b $F = \frac{5}{t}$ c $P = \sqrt{x}$ d $M = b^2c$
 e $B = \frac{m^3}{n^2}$ f $N = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{p}}$ g $P = 10x^3$ h $Q = \frac{a^2}{x}$

3 a $D = ex$ b $F = \frac{e^2}{p}$ c $P = \sqrt{x}$
 d $M = e^3y^2$ e $B = \frac{t^3}{e}$ f $N = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{g}}$

g $Q \approx 8.66x^3$ h $D \approx 0.518n^{0.4}$

4 a $\log_2 y = \log_2 3 + x$ b $x = \log_2\left(\frac{y}{3}\right)$

c i $x = 0$ ii $x = 2$ iii $x \approx 3.32$

5 a $x = 9$ b $x = 2$ or 4 c $x = 25\sqrt{5}$ d $x = 200$
 e $x = 5$ f $x = 3$ g $x = 3$ h $x = -2$

6 a $x = 2, y = 4$ b $x = 2, y = 8$

7 a $2^x = 7$ b $\log 2^x = \log 7$
 $\therefore x \log 2 = \log 7$
 $\therefore x = \log_2 7 = \frac{\log 7}{\log 2} \approx 2.81$

8 a Taking the logarithm in base a of both sides, $x = \log_a b$.

b $\log a^x = \log b$

c Using b, $x \log a = \log b$

$$\therefore x = \frac{\log b}{\log a}$$

and using part a, $x = \log_a b = \frac{\log b}{\log a}$

EXERCISE 3F

1 a ≈ 1.77 b ≈ 5.32 c ≈ 3.23 d ≈ -10.3
 e ≈ -2.46 f ≈ 5.42

2 2

4 a $x = 16$ b $x = \frac{1}{5}$ c $x = \sqrt[3]{5}$ d $x = 64$
 e $x = 2$ or 4

5 $\frac{8}{x}$ 6 $2m + 3$

7 a We get $\log_9 2 \neq 0$. b $x = 81$ c $x = a^4$

d **Hint:** First show that $\log_a x = k^{\frac{k}{k-1}}$.

EXERCISE 3G

1 a $3^3 = 27, 3^4 = 81, \therefore$ if $3^x = 40$, then $3 < x < 4$

b $x = \frac{\log 40}{\log 3}$ c $x \approx 3.36$

2 a i $x = \frac{1}{\log 2}$ ii $x \approx 3.32$

b i $x = \frac{\log 20}{\log 3}$ ii $x \approx 2.73$

c i $x = \frac{\log 50}{\log 4}$ ii $x \approx 2.82$

d i $x = 4$ ii $x = 4$

e i $x = -\frac{1}{\log\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)}$ ii $x \approx 8.00$

f i $x = \log(0.000\ 015)$ ii $x \approx -4.82$

3 a $x \approx 2.29$ b $x \approx 5.13$ c $x \approx 0.194$

4 a $x = \ln 10$ b $x = \ln 1000$ c $x = \ln(0.15)$

d $x = 2 \ln 5$ e $x = \frac{1}{2} \ln 18$ f $x = 0$

5 a $x = \frac{\log 25}{\log 2}$ b $x = \frac{\log\left(\frac{20}{7}\right)}{\log 1.5}$ c $x = \frac{\log(0.6)}{\log(0.8)}$

d $x = -\frac{\log(0.03)}{\log 2}$ e $x = \frac{10 \log\left(\frac{10}{3}\right)}{\log 5}$ f $x = 4 \ln 8$

6 a $x = \frac{\log 3}{\log 5}$ b $x = -\frac{\log 8}{\log 3}$ c $x = -1$

7 $x = -\frac{2 \ln 2}{\ln 3}$ 8 $x = \frac{3 \ln 2}{\ln 5}$

9 a $x = \ln 2$ b $x = 0$ c $x = \ln 2$ or $\ln 3$ d $x = 0$

e $x = \ln 4$ f $x = \ln\left(\frac{3+\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)$ or $\ln\left(\frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)$

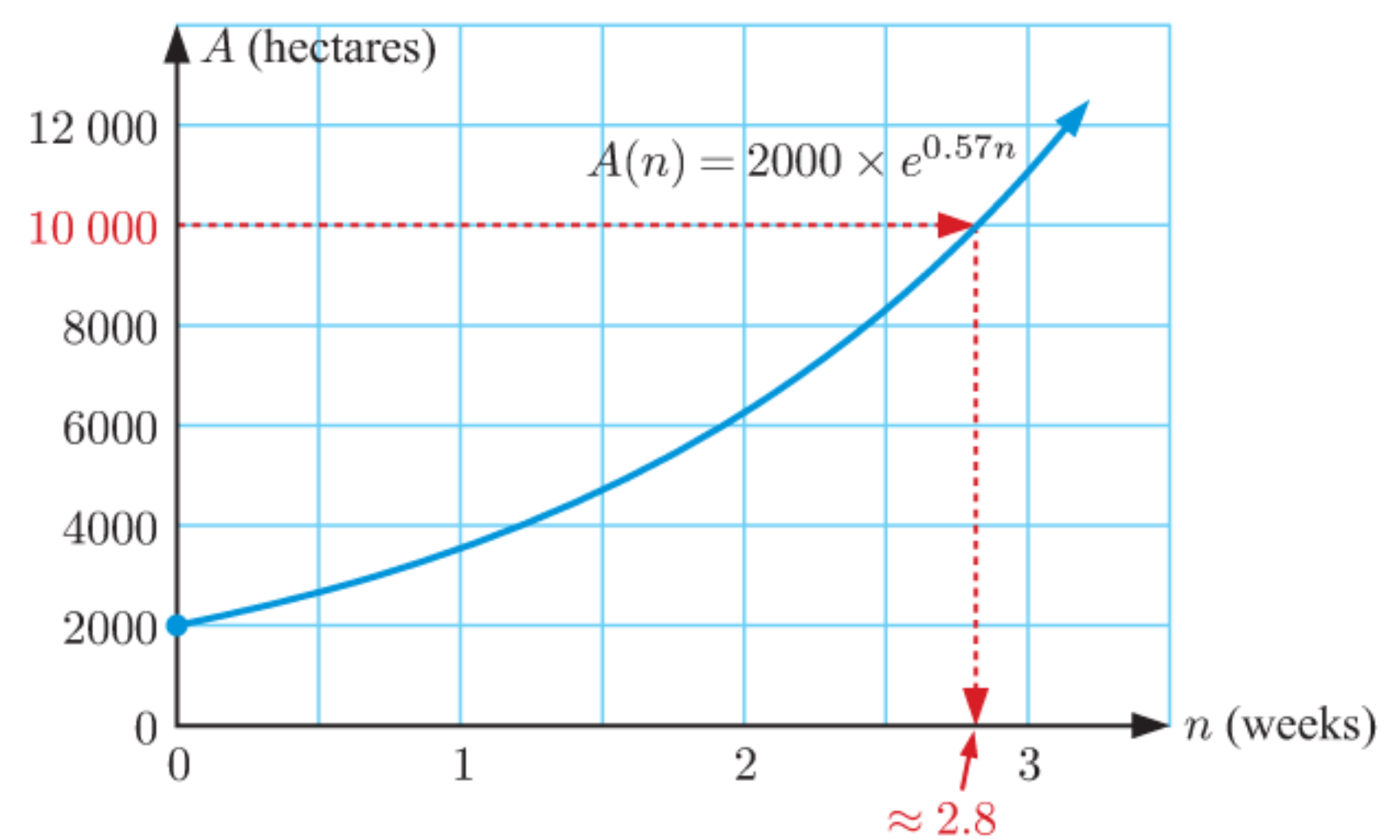
10 a $(\ln 3, 3)$ b $(\ln 2, 5)$ c $(0, 2)$ and $(\ln 5, -2)$

11 a $(-\ln 2, 2)$ b $\ln\left(\frac{11}{2}\right)$ units

12 a ≈ 2.37 years b ≈ 8.36 years

13 a ≈ 3.90 hours b ≈ 15.5 hours

14 a, b see graph below



\therefore approximately 2.8 weeks.

15 $\ln \approx 5.86$ years or ≈ 5 years 10 months. 16 9 years

17 a $\frac{8.4\%}{12} = 0.7\% = 0.007, r = 1 + 0.007 = 1.007$

b after 74 months

18 a ≈ 17.3 years b ≈ 92.2 years c ≈ 115 years

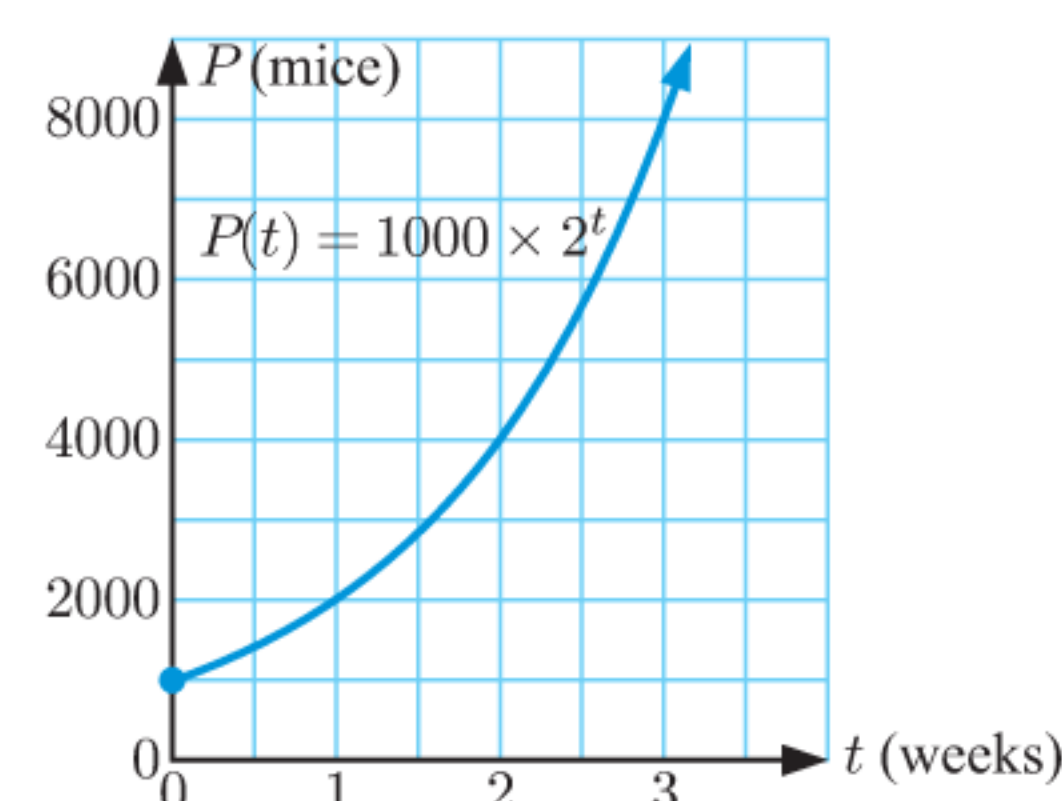
19 **Hint:** $0.1 \times I_0 = I_0 \times 2^{-0.02t}$

$\therefore 0.1 = 2^{-0.02t}$ and solve for t using logarithms.

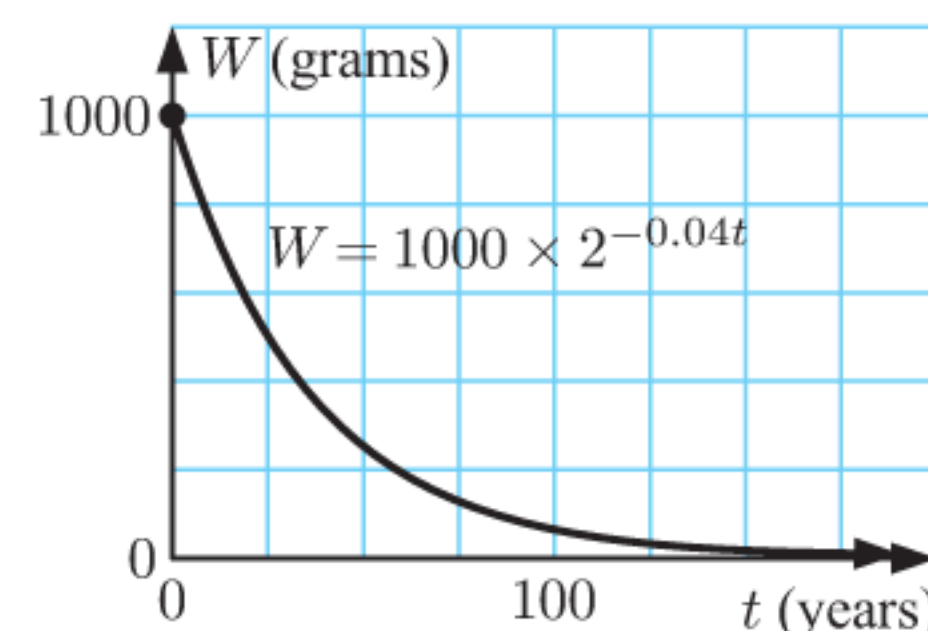
20 a **Hint:** Set $V = 40$, solve for t .

b $t = -5 \ln\left(1 - \frac{V}{50}\right)$ s

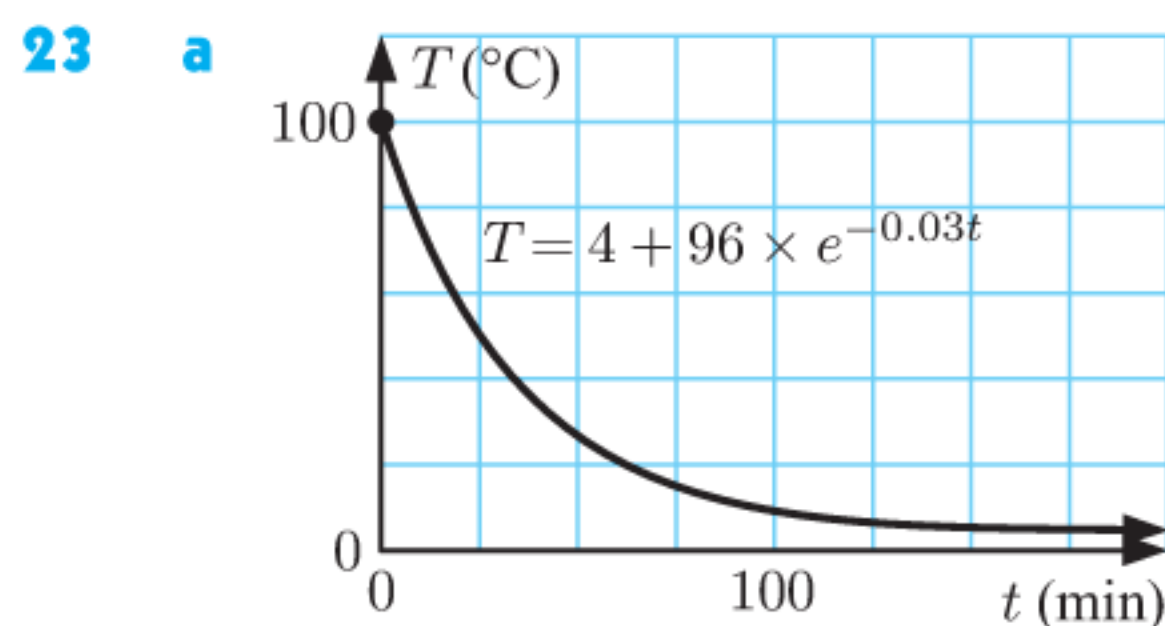
21 a ≈ 4.32 weeks
 b ≈ 4.32 weeks
 c $t = \frac{\log P - 3}{\log 2}$



22 a $t = \frac{3 - \log W}{0.04 \log 2}$



c i $t \approx 141$ years
 ii $t \approx 498$ years



b $t = \frac{\ln 96 - \ln(T - 4)}{0.03}$

c **i** ≈ 50.7 minutes **ii** ≈ 152 minutes

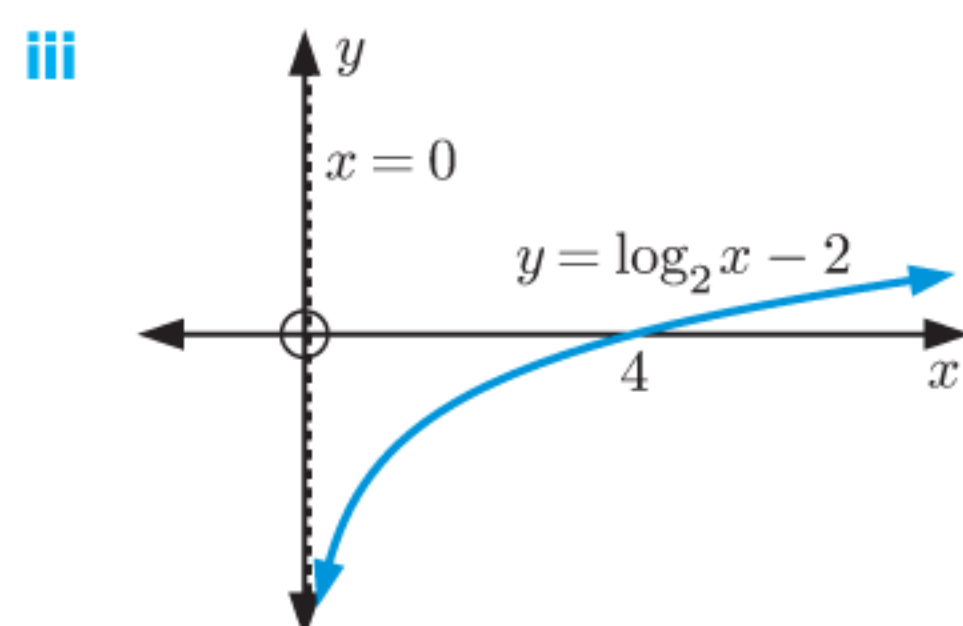
24 a decreasing **b** **i** 3900 m s^{-1} **ii** $\approx 2600 \text{ m s}^{-1}$

c $\approx 11.8 \text{ s}$

EXERCISE 3H

1 a **i** Domain is $\{x \mid x > 0\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

ii vertical asymptote is $x = 0$, x -intercept 4, no y -intercept

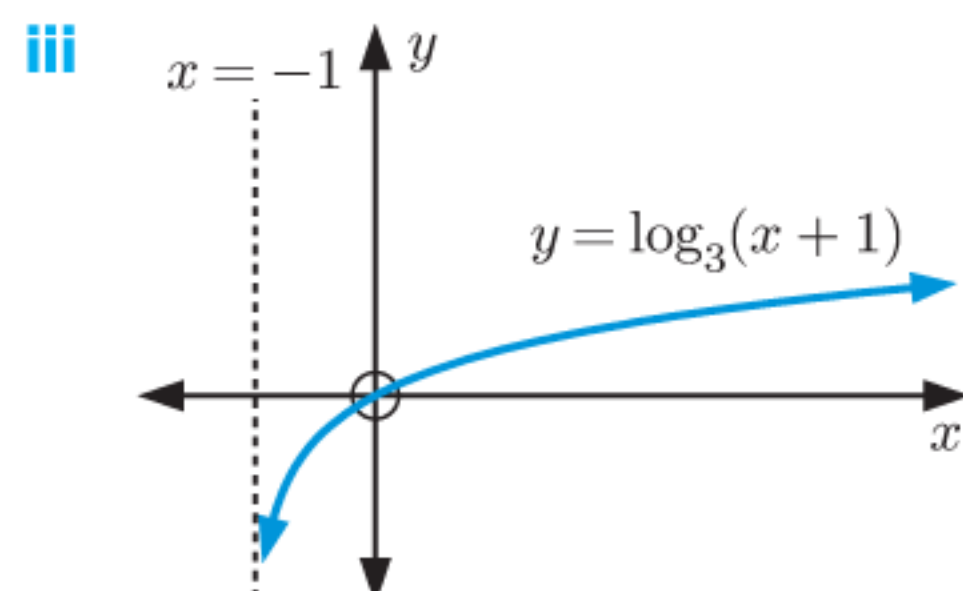


iv $x = 2$

v $f^{-1}(x) = 2^{x+2}$

b **i** Domain is $\{x \mid x > -1\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

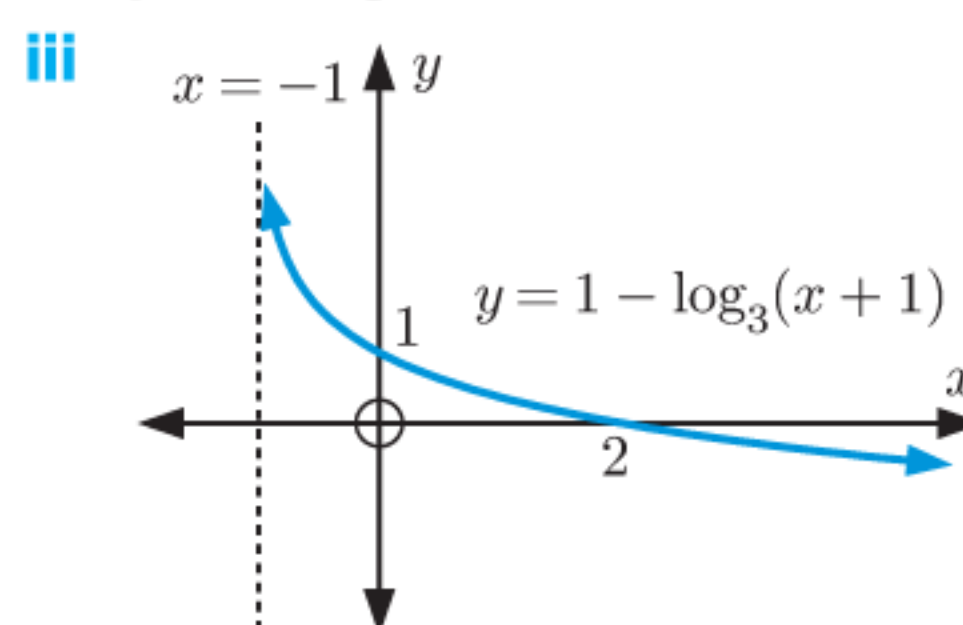
ii vertical asymptote is $x = -1$, x and y -intercepts 0



iv $x = -\frac{2}{3}$ **v** $f^{-1}(x) = 3^x - 1$

c **i** Domain is $\{x \mid x > -1\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

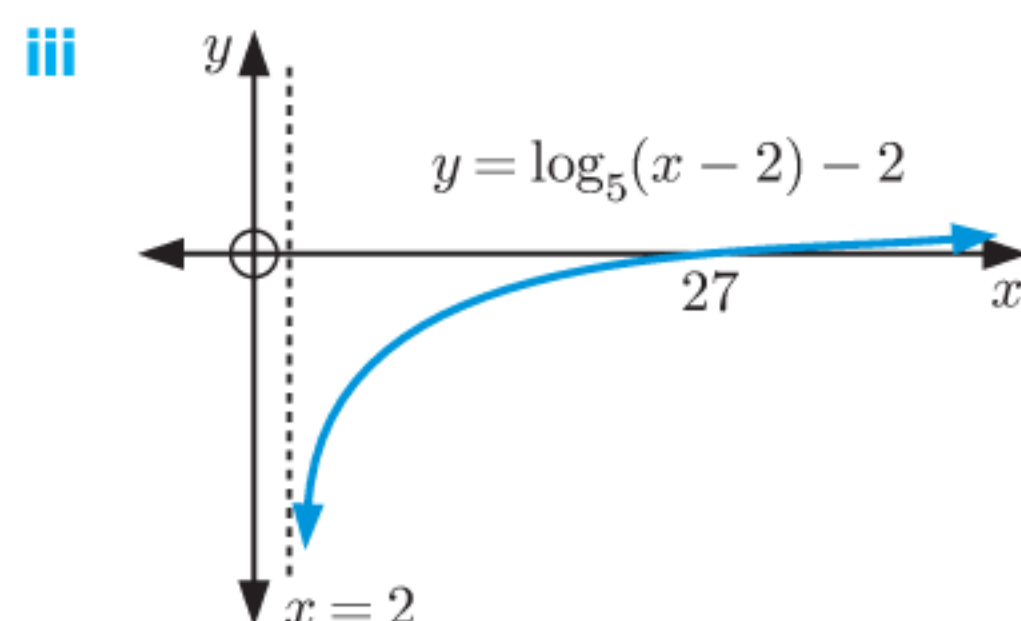
ii vertical asymptote is $x = -1$, x -intercept 2, y -intercept 1



iv $x = 8$ **v** $f^{-1}(x) = 3^{1-x} - 1$

d **i** Domain is $\{x \mid x > 2\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

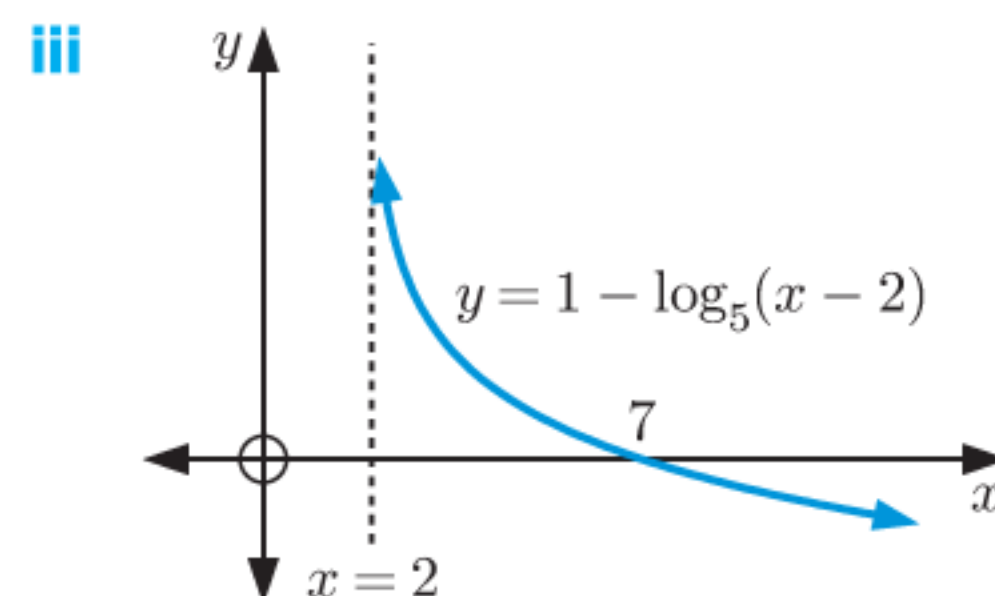
ii vertical asymptote is $x = 2$, x -intercept 27, no y -intercept



iv $x = 7$ **v** $f^{-1}(x) = 5^{x+2} + 2$

e **i** Domain is $\{x \mid x > 2\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

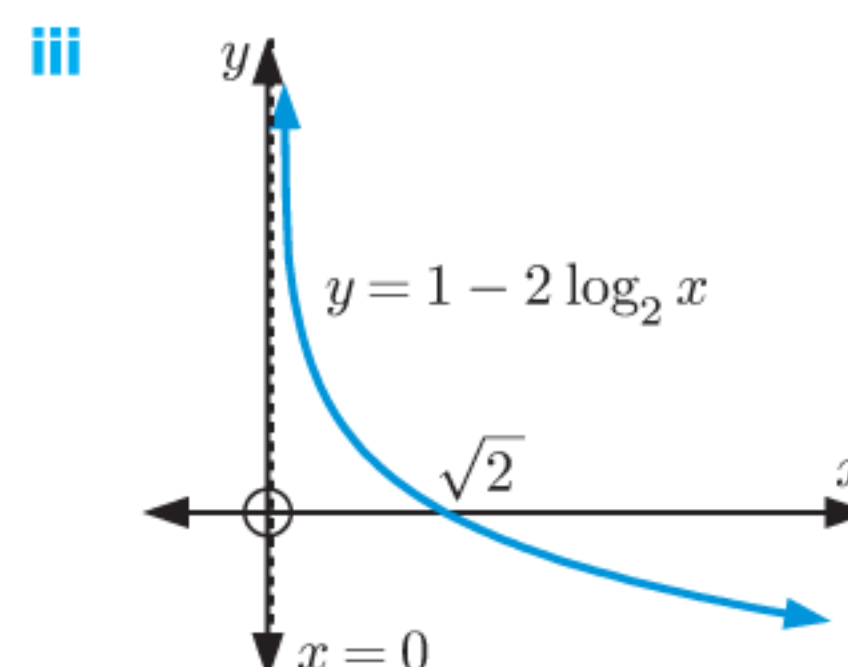
ii vertical asymptote is $x = 2$, x -intercept 7, no y -intercept



iv $x = 27$ **v** $f^{-1}(x) = 5^{1-x} + 2$

f **i** Domain is $\{x \mid x > 0\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

ii vertical asymptote is $x = 0$, x -intercept $\sqrt{2}$, no y -intercept

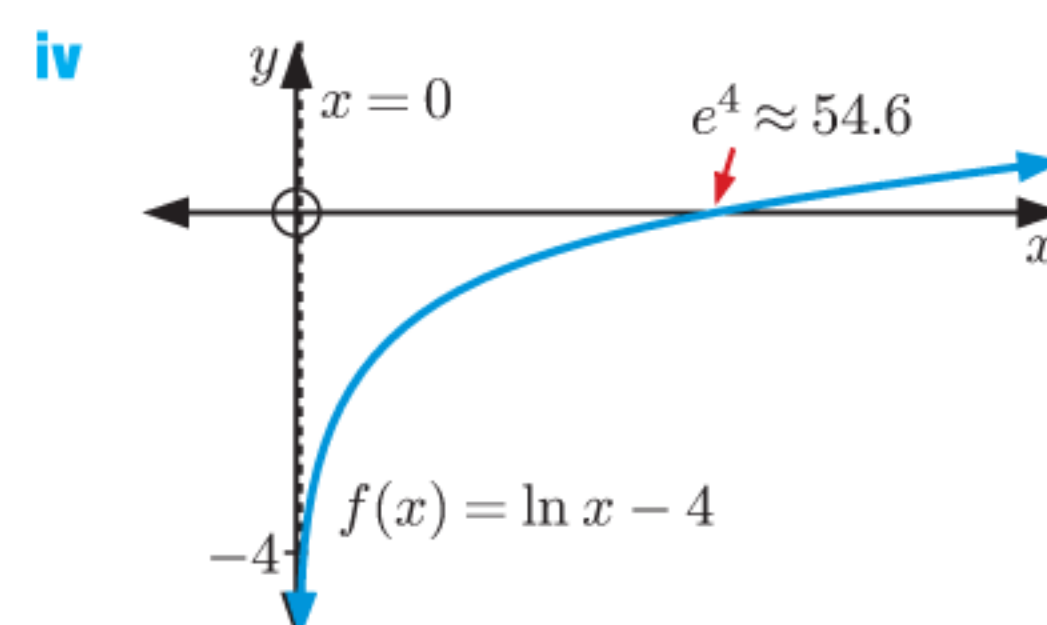


iv $x = 2$ **v** $f^{-1}(x) = 2^{\frac{1-x}{2}}$

2 a **i** A translation through $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$.

ii Domain is $\{x \mid x > 0\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

iii vertical asymptote is $x = 0$, x -intercept e^4 , no y -intercept

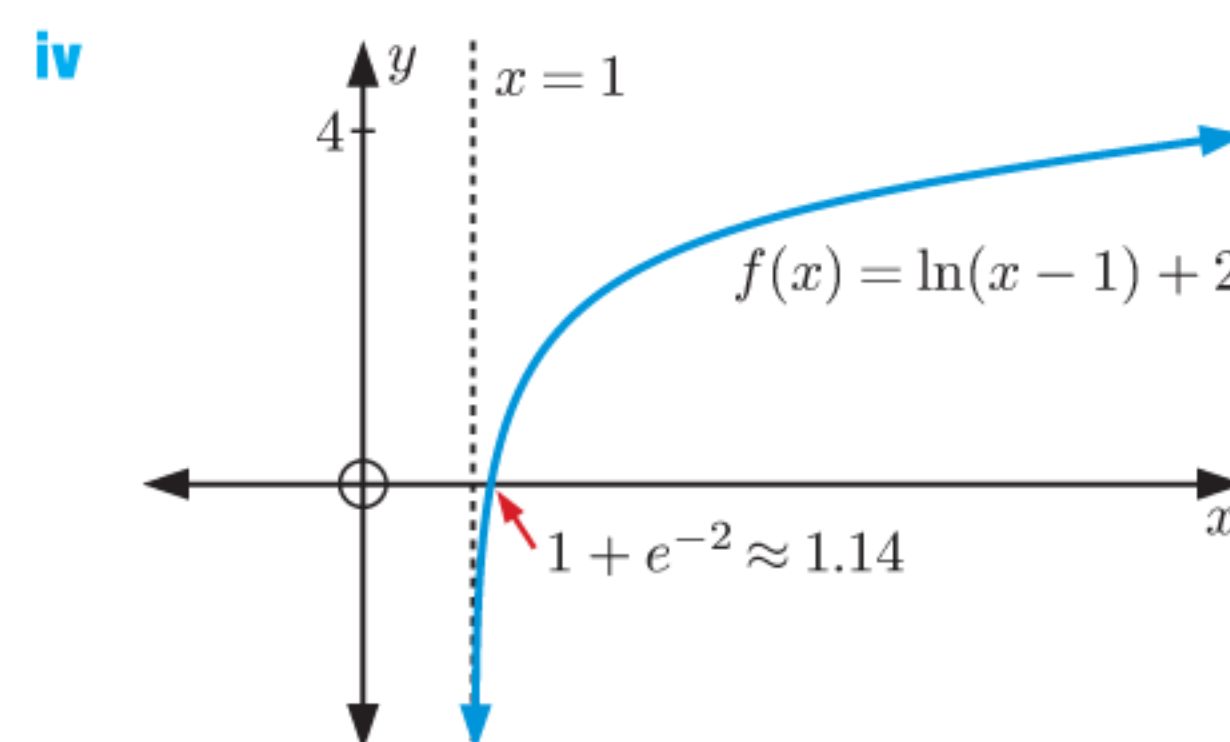


v $f^{-1}(x) = e^{x+4}$

b **i** A translation through $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$.

ii Domain is $\{x \mid x > 1\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

iii vertical asymptote is $x = 1$, x -intercept $1 + e^{-2}$, no y -intercept

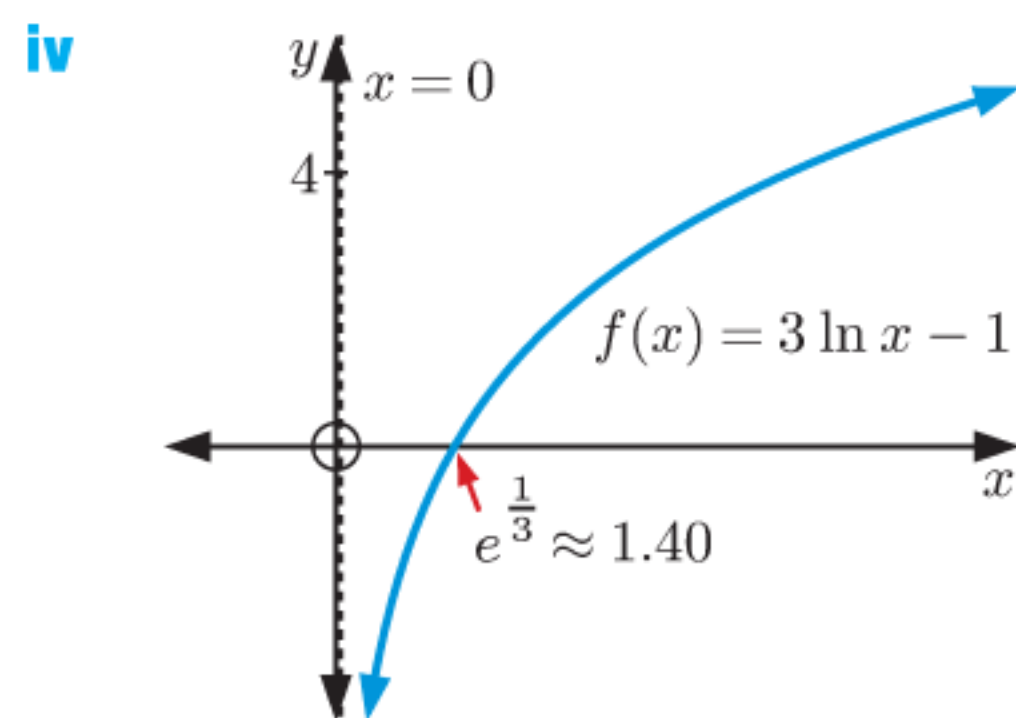


v $f^{-1}(x) = e^{x-2} + 1$

c **i** A vertical stretch with scale factor 3, then a translation through $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$.

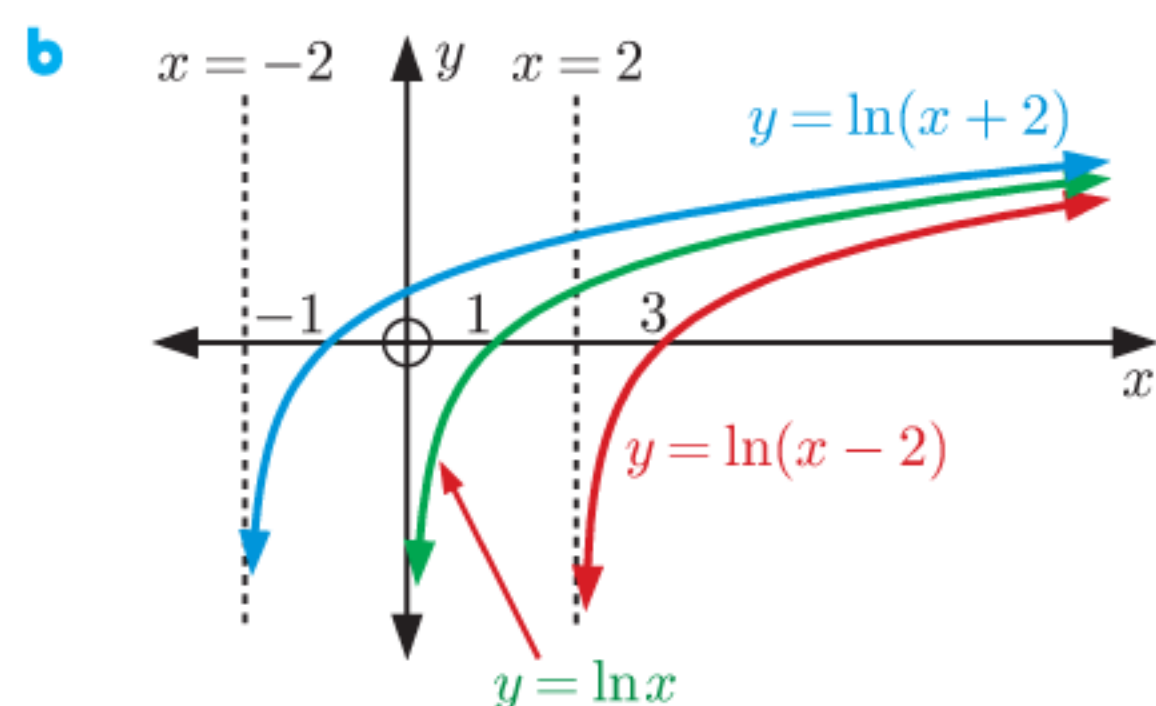
ii Domain is $\{x \mid x > 0\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

iii vertical asymptote is $x = 0$, x -intercept $e^{\frac{1}{3}}$, no y -intercept



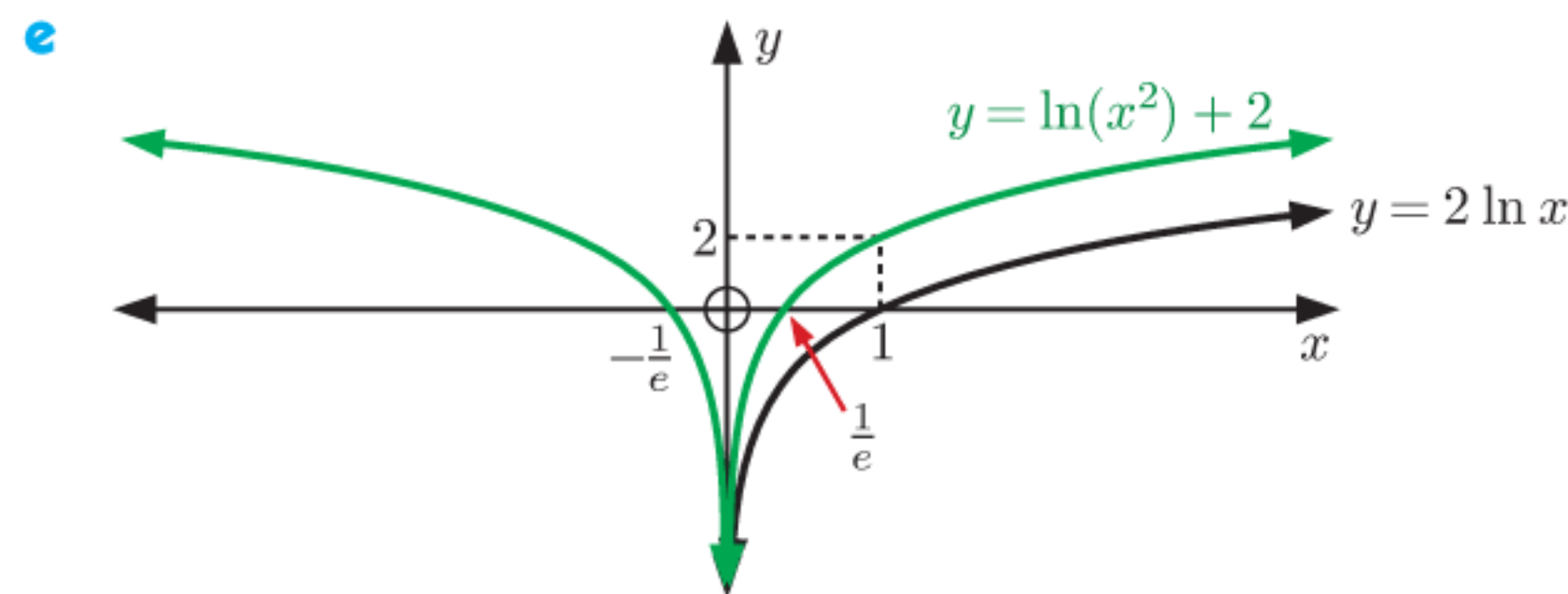
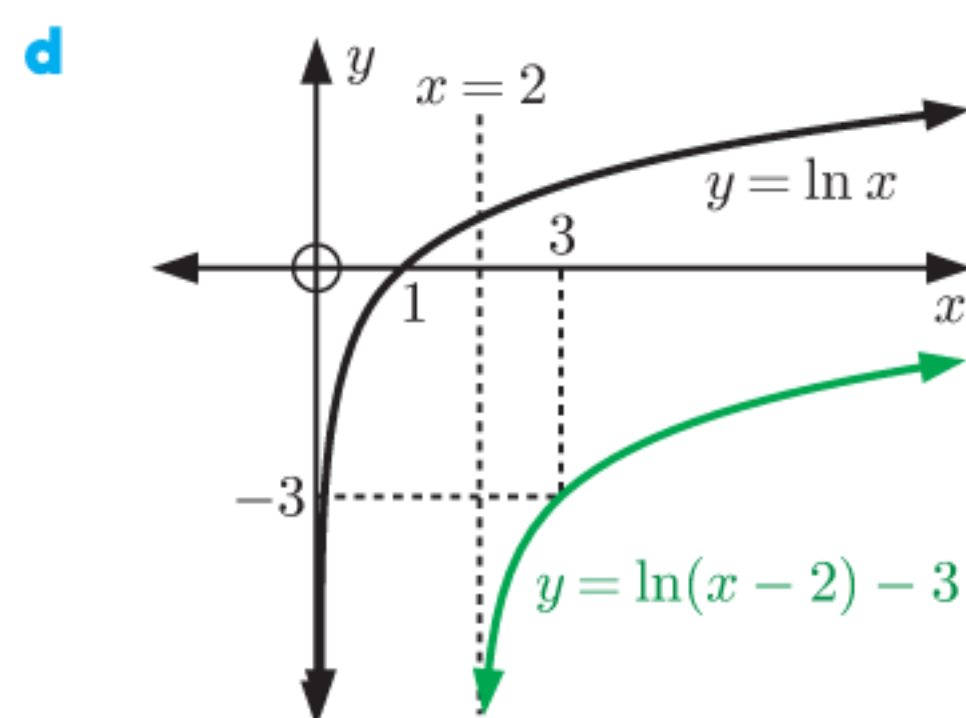
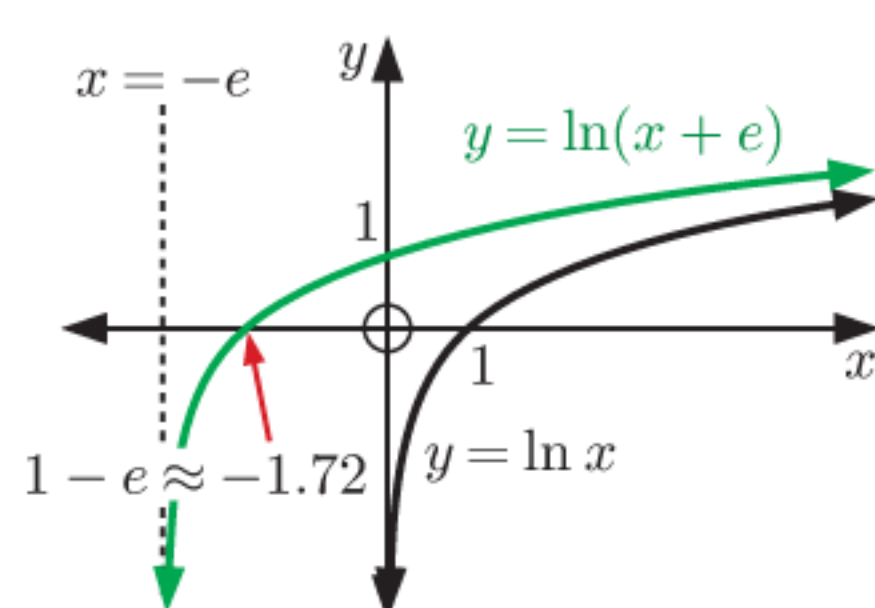
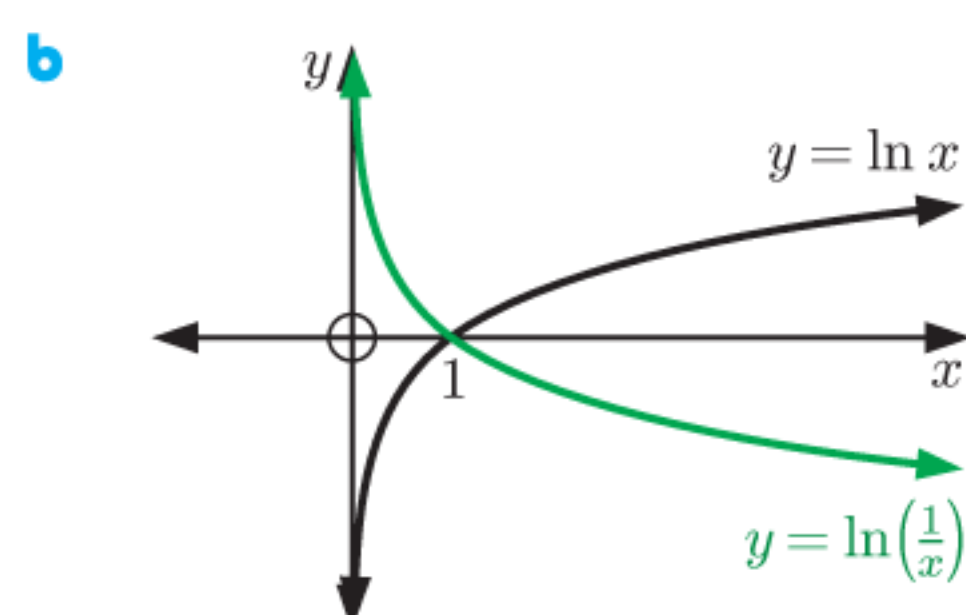
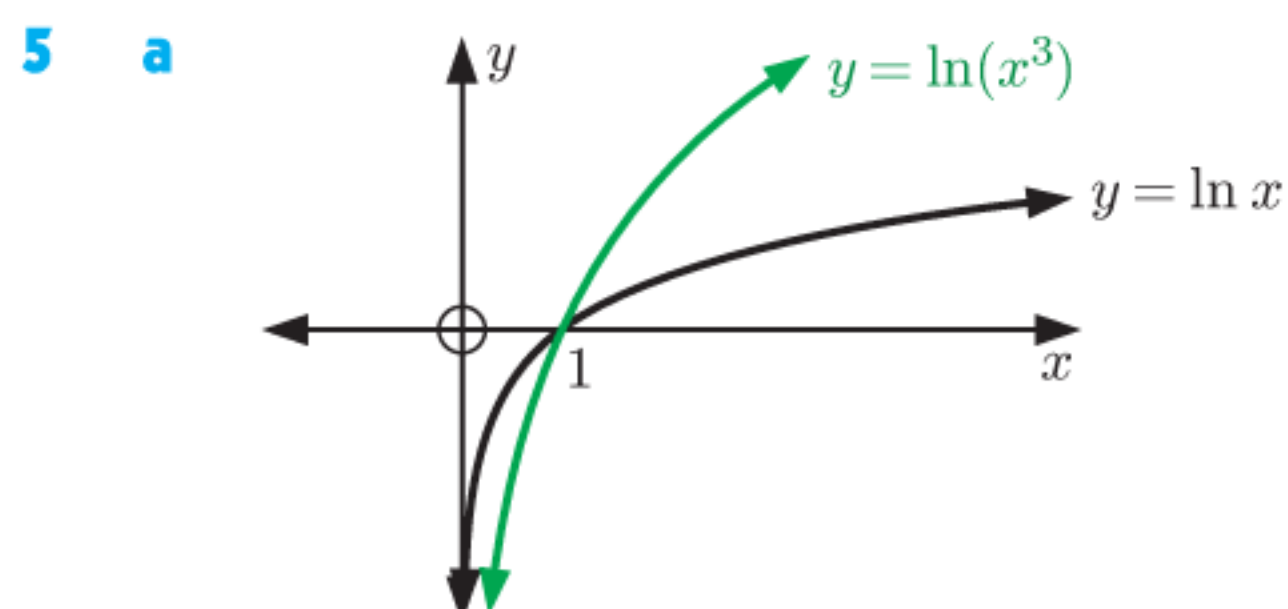
v $f^{-1}(x) = e^{\frac{x+1}{3}}$

3 a A is $y = \ln x$ as its x -intercept is 1. B is $y = \ln(x-2)$.



- c** $y = \ln x$ has vertical asymptote $x = 0$
 $y = \ln(x-2)$ has vertical asymptote $x = 2$
 $y = \ln(x+2)$ has vertical asymptote $x = -2$

4 $y = \ln(x^2) = 2 \ln x$, so she is correct.
 This is because the y -values are twice as large for $y = \ln(x^2)$ as they are for $y = \ln x$.



6 A vertical stretch with scale factor $\log_5 2$.

7 a **A** is $y = \log_2(x+2)$ since it is increasing.
B is $y = 3 - \log_2(3x+1)$ since it is decreasing.

b **A**: x -intercept -1 , y -intercept 1 ,
 vertical asymptote $x = -2$

B: x -intercept $\frac{7}{3}$, y -intercept 3 ,
 vertical asymptote $x = -\frac{1}{3}$

c $(\frac{2}{3}, 3 - \log_2 3)$

8 a $f^{-1}(x) = \log_3 x$
 Domain is $\{x \mid x > 0\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

b $f^{-1}(x) = \log_2 x - 1$
 Domain is $\{x \mid x > 0\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

c $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{2} \ln x$
 Domain is $\{x \mid x > 0\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

d $f^{-1}(x) = \log_5(x+3)$
 Domain is $\{x \mid x > -3\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

9 a b^2x **b** $2 \ln b + x$ **c** $x = \frac{2 \ln b}{b^2 - 1}$

10 a $\frac{x}{e}$, Domain is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

b $x - 1$, Domain is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

11 a Domain is $\{x \mid x < \frac{1}{3}\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

b i $x = -\frac{17}{3}$ **ii** $x = \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}}$

c $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1 - 2^x}{3}$

Domain is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y < \frac{1}{3}\}$

12 $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{2} \ln x$

a $(f^{-1} \circ g)(x) = \frac{1}{2} \ln(2x - 1)$

b $(g \circ f)^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{2} \ln\left(\frac{x+1}{2}\right)$

13 a $k = 3$ **b** x -intercepts $1 \pm 2\sqrt{2}$, y -intercept $\log_3 8$

c $g^{-1}(x) = 1 - \sqrt{9 - 3^x}$

Domain is $\{x \mid x \leq 2\}$, Range is $\{y \mid -2 < y \leq 1\}$

REVIEW SET 3A

1 a $\frac{1}{2}$ **b** $-\frac{1}{3}$ **c** $a + b + 1$

2 a 3 **b** 8 **c** -2 **d** $\frac{1}{2}$ **e** 0

f $\frac{1}{4}$ **g** -1 **h** $\frac{1}{2}$, $k > 0$, $k \neq 1$

3 a ≈ 1.431 **b** ≈ -0.237 **c** ≈ 2.602 **d** ≈ 3.689

4 $x = 2 - 3^{2y}$

5 a $\ln 144$ **b** $\ln\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)$ **c** $\ln\left(\frac{25}{e}\right)$ **d** $\ln 3$

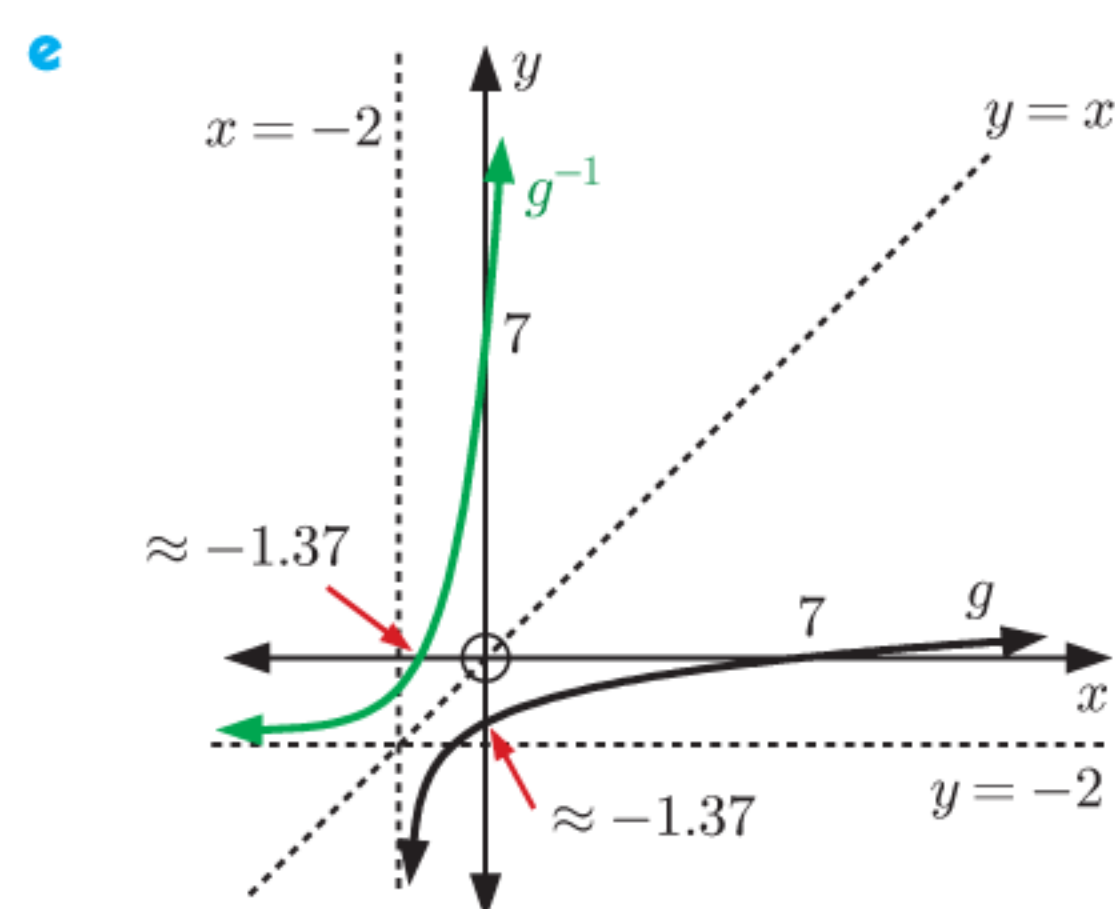
6 a $\log 144$ **b** $\log_2\left(\frac{16}{9}\right)$ **c** $\log_4 80$

7 a $2A + 2B$ **b** $A + 3B$ **c** $3A + \frac{1}{2}B$

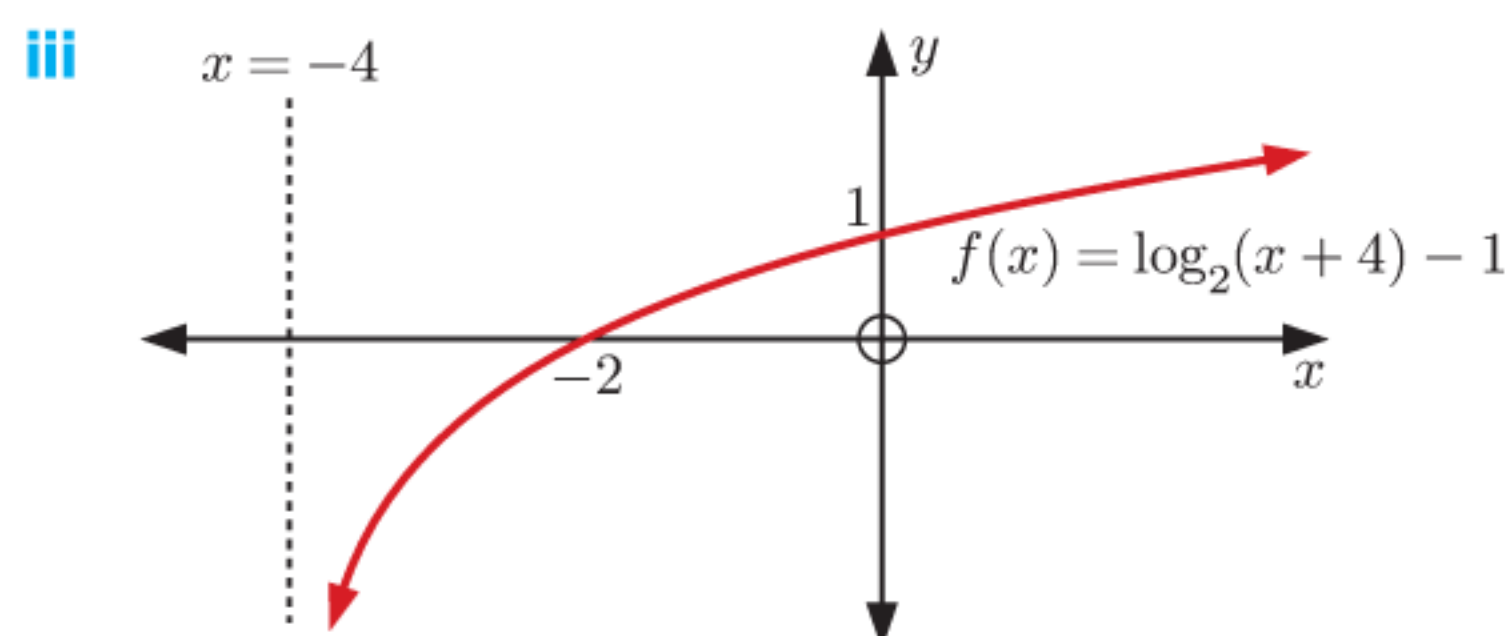
d $\frac{1}{2}(A + B)$ **e** $4B - 2A$ **f** $3A - 2B$

- 8 a $\log M = \log a + n \log b$ b $\log T = \log 5 - \frac{1}{2} \log l$
 c $\log G = 2 \log a + \log b - \log c$
- 9 a $x \approx 5.19$ b $x \approx 4.29$ c $x \approx -0.839$
- 10 a $x = \ln 3$ b $x = \ln 3$ or $\ln 4$
- 11 a $P = TQ^{1.5}$ b $M = \frac{e^{1.2}}{\sqrt{N}}$
- 12 a $x = 0$ or $\ln\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$ b $x = e^2$
- 13 a $x = \frac{1}{8}$ b $x \approx 82.7$ c $x \approx 0.0316$
- 14 a i $x = \frac{\log 50}{\log 2}$ ii $x \approx 5.64$
 b i $x = \frac{\log 4}{\log 7}$ ii $x \approx 0.71$
 c i $x = \frac{-2}{\log(0.6)}$ ii $x \approx 9.02$
- 15 $\log_a\left(\frac{1}{b}\right) = -x$ 16 $4 \log_3 5$
- 17 Hint: $2^{4x} - 5 \times 2^{3x} = 0$
- 18 a $x = e^5$ b $x = e^{-\frac{2}{3}}$ c $x = \ln 400$
 d $x = \frac{\ln 11 - 1}{2}$ e $x = 2 \ln 30$
- 19 b $\frac{1}{3} \ln\left(\frac{7}{2}\right)$ 20 $x = 2, y = \frac{1}{8}$ or $x = 64, y = 4$
- 21 a A translation through $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$.

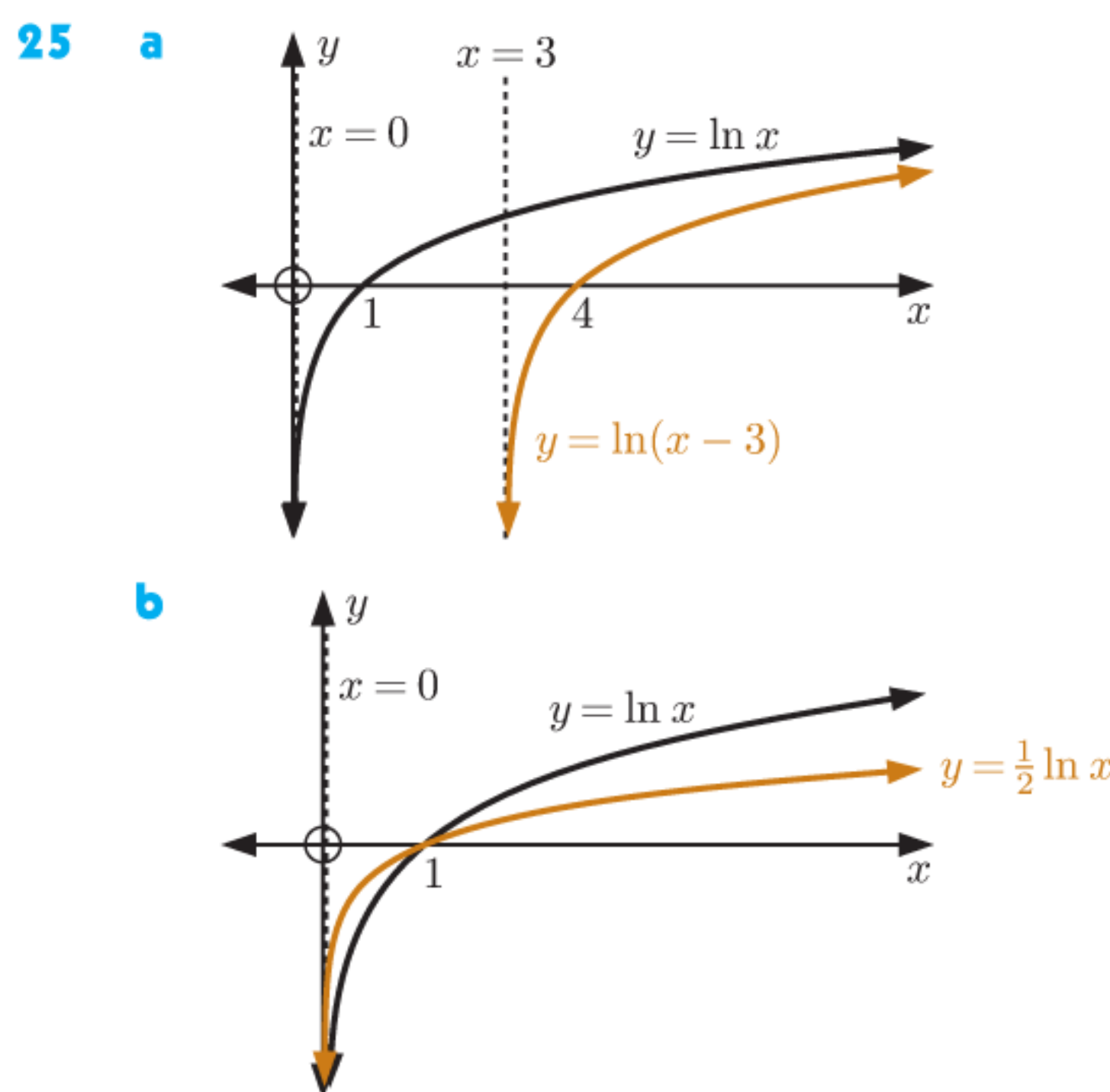
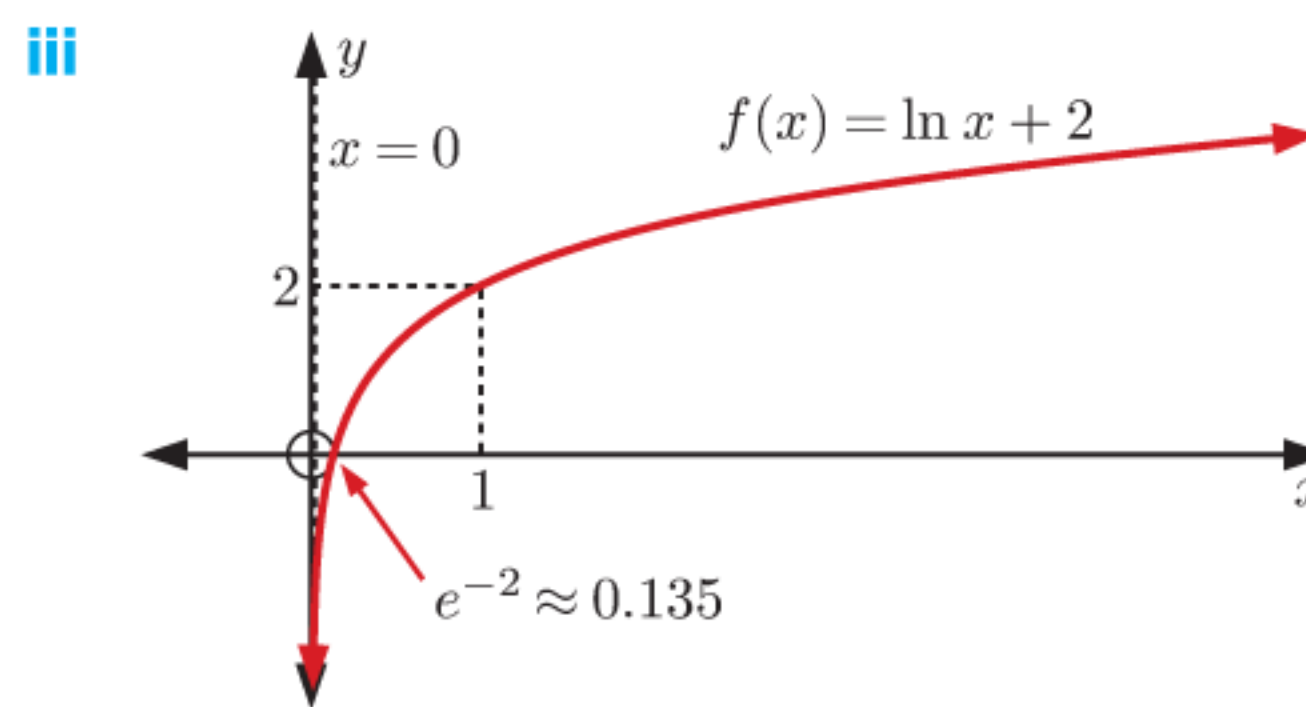
- b Domain is $\{x \mid x > -2\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$
 c vertical asymptote is $x = -2$, x -intercept is 7, y -intercept is ≈ -1.37
 d $g^{-1}(x) = 3^{x+2} - 2$



- 22 a ≈ 13.9 weeks b ≈ 41.6 weeks c ≈ 138 weeks
- 23 a ≈ 4.96 years or ≈ 4 years $11\frac{1}{2}$ months b $\approx 74.9\%$
- 24 a i Domain is $\{x \mid x > -4\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$
 ii vertical asymptote is $x = -4$, x -intercept -2 , y -intercept 1



- b i Domain is $\{x \mid x > 0\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$
 ii vertical asymptote is $x = 0$, x -intercept e^{-2} , no y -intercept



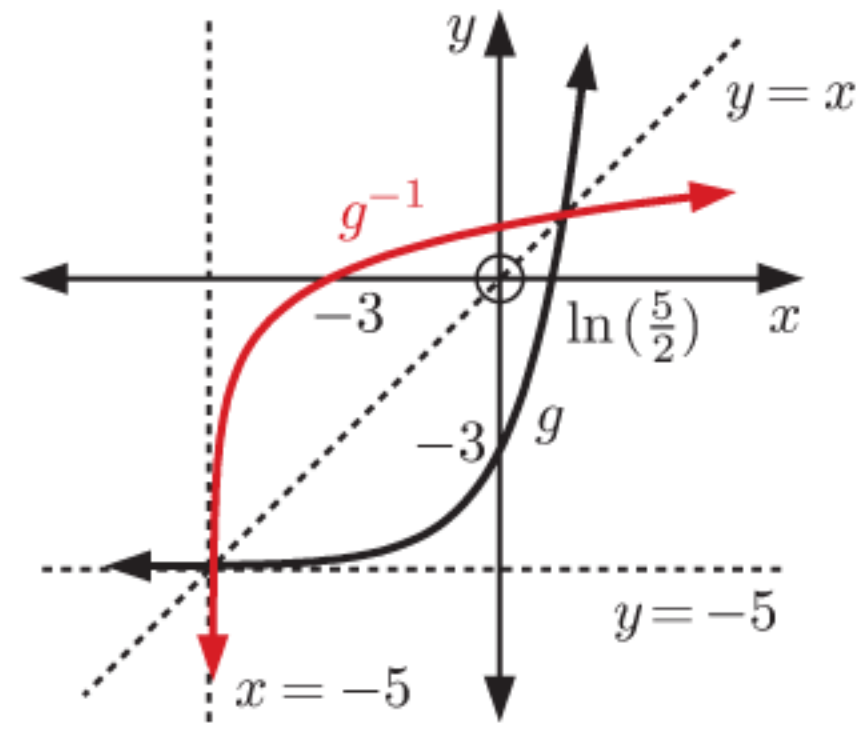
- 25 a b
- 26 a 9 b $\ln 5$

REVIEW SET 3B

- 1 a $\frac{3}{2}$ b $\frac{2}{3}$ c $a + b$
- 2 a 7 b -3 c $-\frac{1}{2}$
- 3 a $\approx 10^{1.5051}$ b $\approx 10^{-2.8861}$ c $\approx 10^{-4.0475}$
- 4 a $\frac{3}{2}$ b -3 c $2x$ d $1 - x$
- 5 a $\frac{2}{3}$ b $\frac{6}{5}$ c 8
- 6 a x^4 b 5 c $\frac{1}{2}$ d $3x$ e $-x$ f $\log x$
- 7 a $\approx e^{2.9957}$ b $\approx e^{8.0064}$ c $\approx e^{-2.5903}$
- 8 a i $x = \frac{\log 7}{\log 5}$ ii $x \approx 1.21$
 b i $x = -\frac{1}{\log 2}$ ii $x \approx -3.32$
- 9 a $\ln 3$ b $\ln 4$ c $\ln 125$
- 10 a $x = \frac{\ln 70}{2}$ b $x = \frac{\log\left(\frac{11}{3}\right)}{\log 1.3}$ c $x = \frac{10 \log\left(\frac{16}{5}\right)}{3 \log 2}$
- 11 $x = 1$
- 13 a $\log P = \log 3 + x \log b$ b $\log m = 3 \log n - 2 \log p$
- 14 Hint: Use the change of base rule.
- 15 a $x = 2^{\frac{18}{13}}$ b $x = 10^{\frac{3}{11}}$
- 16 a $T = \frac{x^2}{y}$ b $K = n\sqrt{t}$
- 17 a $5 \ln 2$ b $3 \ln 5$ c $6 \ln 3$
- 18
- | | | |
|--------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | $y = \log_2 x$ | $y = \ln(x + 5)$ |
| Domain | $x > 0$ | $x > -5$ |
| Range | $y \in \mathbb{R}$ | $y \in \mathbb{R}$ |
- 19 a $(2^x + 4)(2^x - 5)$ b $x = \frac{\log 5}{\log 2}$

c i $x = \frac{1}{p}$ ii $x = \frac{1}{3p+1}$

20 a $g^{-1}(x) = \ln\left(\frac{x+5}{2}\right)$



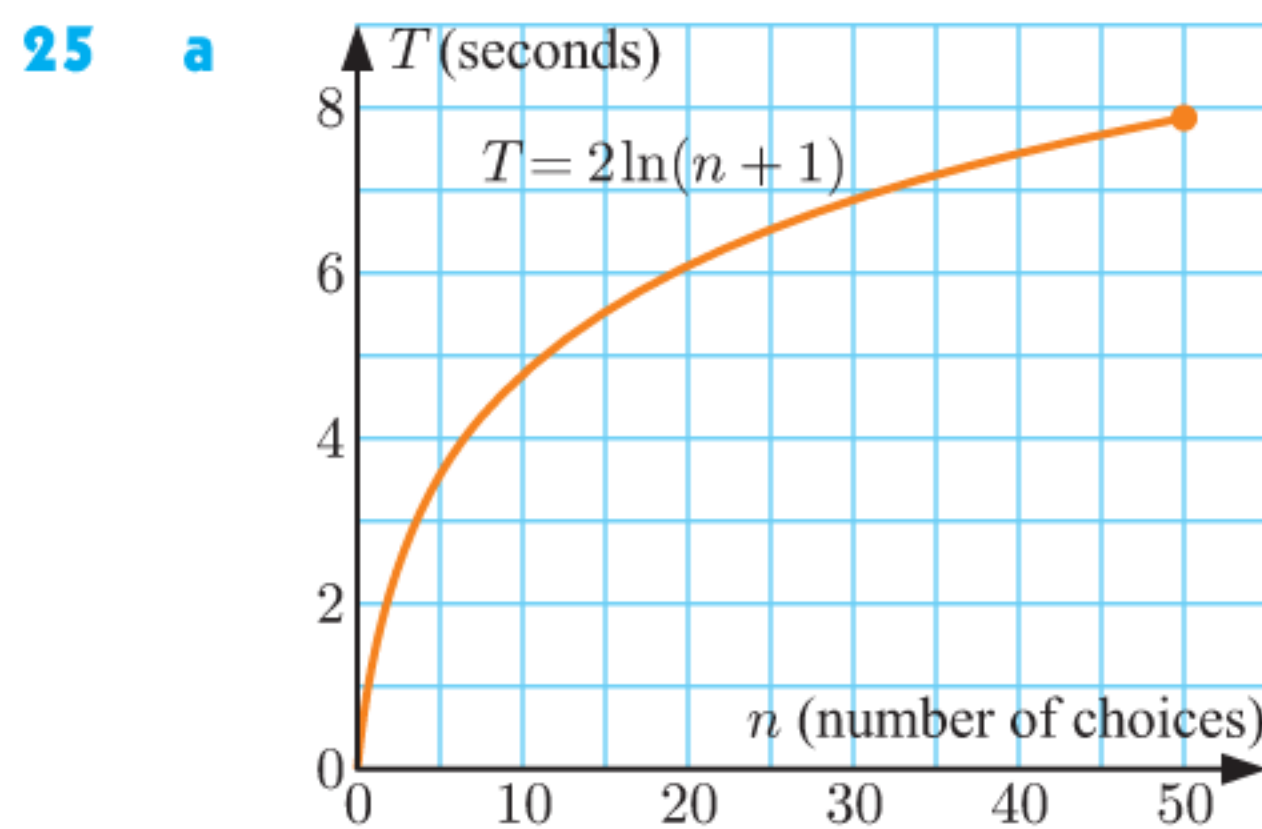
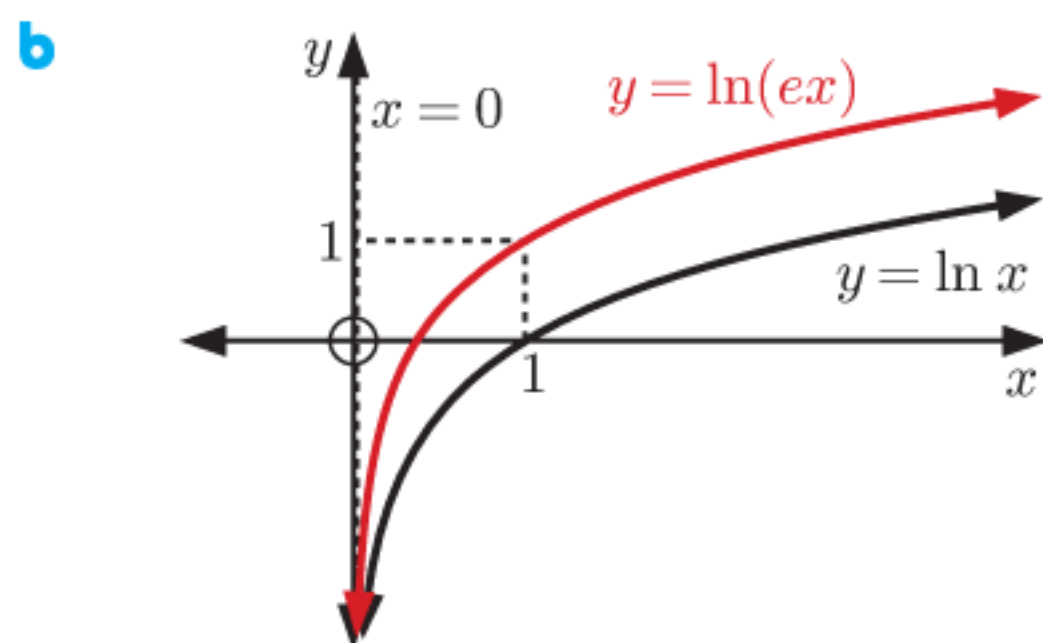
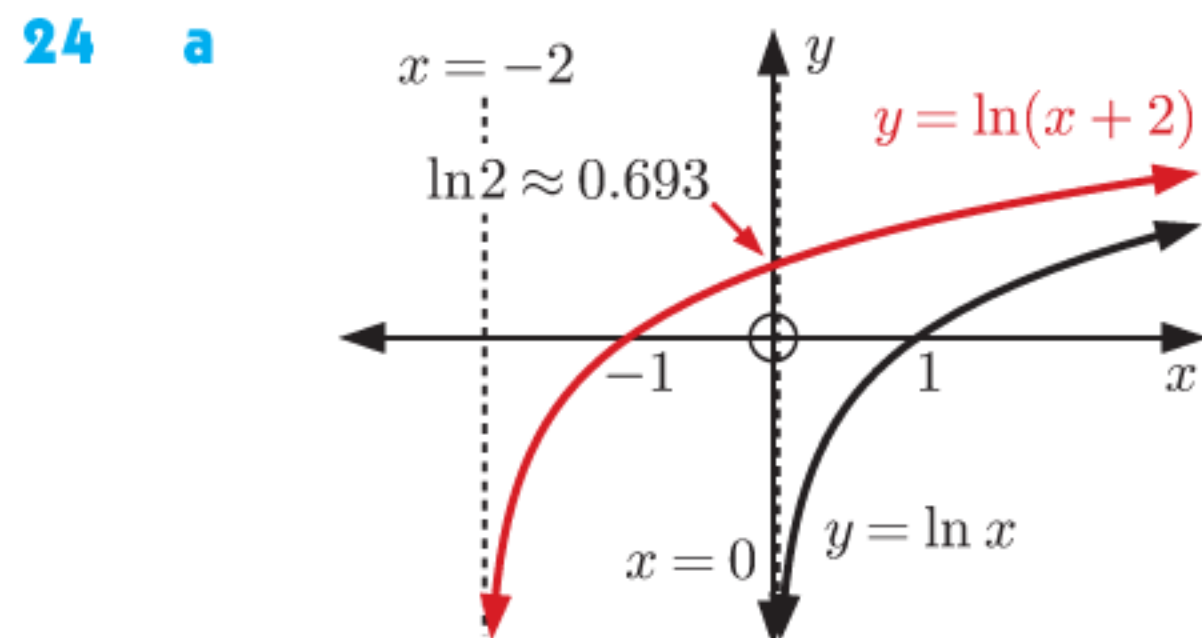
c Domain of g is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y > -5\}$
 Domain of g^{-1} is $\{x \mid x > -5\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

d g has horizontal asymptote $y = -5$,
 x -intercept is $\ln\left(\frac{5}{2}\right) \approx 0.916$, y -intercept is -3
 g^{-1} has vertical asymptote $x = -5$,
 x -intercept is -3 , y -intercept is ≈ 0.916

21 **Hint:** Set $T = 40$, and solve for t .

22 a 2500 g b ≈ 3288 years c $\approx 42.3\%$

23 a $x = \frac{2 \log 9}{\log 5}$ b $x = \ln 30$ c $x = \frac{1 - \ln 2}{3}$



b i ≈ 3.58 seconds ii ≈ 5.55 seconds
 c ≈ 1.34 seconds longer

26 a i $f^{-1}(x) = 3^{x+2}$
 Domain is $\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y > 0\}$
 ii $(f \circ g)(x) = \log_3(3 - \sqrt{x}) - 2$
 Domain is $\{x \mid 0 \leq x < 9\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \leq -1\}$
 iii $(g \circ f)(x) = 3 - \sqrt{\log_3 x - 2}$
 Domain is $\{x \mid x \geq 9\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \leq 3\}$
 b i $x = 4$ ii $x = 3^{11} = 177147$
 c $(g \circ f)^{-1}(x) = 3^{x^2 - 6x + 11}$, $x \leq 3$
 Domain is $\{x \mid x \leq 3\}$, Range is $\{y \mid y \geq 9\}$

EXERCISE 4A

1	z	$\operatorname{Re}(z)$	$\operatorname{Im}(z)$	z^*
	$3 + 2i$	3	2	$3 - 2i$
	$5 - i$	5	-1	$5 + i$
	3	3	0	3
	0	0	0	0
	$-3 + 4i$	-3	4	$-3 - 4i$
	$-7 - 2i$	-7	-2	$-7 + 2i$
	$-11i$	0	-11	$11i$
	$i\sqrt{3}$	0	$\sqrt{3}$	$-i\sqrt{3}$

2 a $3i$ b $8i$ c $\frac{1}{2}i$ d $i\sqrt{5}$ e $i\sqrt{8}$
 3 a $x = \pm 5$ b $x = \pm 5i$ c $x = \pm\sqrt{5}$
 d $x = \pm i\sqrt{5}$ e $x = \pm\frac{3}{2}$ f $x = \pm\frac{3}{2}i$
 4 a $x = 5 \pm 2i$ b $x = -3 \pm 4i$ c $x = -7 \pm i$
 d $x = \frac{3}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2}i$ e $x = \sqrt{3} \pm i$ f $x = \frac{1}{4} \pm i\frac{\sqrt{7}}{4}$

EXERCISE 4B

1 a $(x+3)(x-3)$ b $(x+3i)(x-3i)$
 c $(x+\sqrt{7})(x-\sqrt{7})$ d $(x+i\sqrt{7})(x-i\sqrt{7})$
 e $(2x+1)(2x-1)$ f $(2x+i)(2x-i)$
 g $(\sqrt{2}x+3)(\sqrt{2}x-3)$ h $(\sqrt{2}x+3i)(\sqrt{2}x-3i)$
 2 $(a+bi)(a-bi) = a^2 - b^2i^2 = a^2 + b^2$ {since $i^2 = -1$ }
 3 a $x = \pm 4i$ b $x = \pm 6i$ c $x = \pm i\sqrt{5}$
 d $x = \pm\frac{1}{3}i$ e $x = \pm\frac{5}{2}i$ f $x = \pm i\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}}$
 4 a $x(x+1)(x-1)$ b $x(x+i)(x-i)$
 c $(x+1)(x-1)(x+i)(x-i)$
 d $(x+2)(x-2)(x+2i)(x-2i)$
 5 a $x = 0$ or ± 2 b $x = 0$ or $\pm 2i$
 c $x = 0$ or $\pm\sqrt{3}$ d $x = 0$ or $\pm i\sqrt{3}$
 e $x = \pm 1$ or $\pm i$ f $x = \pm 3$ or $\pm 3i$
 6 a $x = \pm i\sqrt{3}$ or ± 1 b $x = \pm\sqrt{3}$ or $\pm i\sqrt{2}$
 c $x = \pm 3i$ or ± 2 d $x = \pm i\sqrt{7}$ or $\pm i\sqrt{2}$
 e $x = \pm 1$ f $x = \pm i$

EXERCISE 4C

1 a $7 - i$ b $10 - 4i$ c $-1 + 2i$ d $3 - 3i$
 e $4 - 7i$ f $12 + i$ g $3 + 4i$ h $21 - 20i$
 2 a $-3 + 7i$ b $2i$ c $-2 + 2i$ d $-1 + i$
 e $-5 - 12i$ f $-5 + i$ g $-6 - 4i$ h $-1 - 5i$
 3 $(a+bi) + (a-bi) = 2a$ which is real
 4 a $i^0 = 1, i^1 = i, i^2 = -1, i^3 = -i, i^4 = 1, i^5 = i,$
 $i^6 = -1, i^7 = -i, i^8 = 1, i^9 = i, i^{-1} = -i,$
 $i^{-2} = -1, i^{-3} = i, i^{-4} = 1, i^{-5} = -i$
 b $i^{4n+3} = -i$
 5 $(1+i)^4 = -4, (1+i)^{101} = -2^{50}(1+i)$
 6 a -6 b No, $\sqrt{-4} \times \sqrt{-9} = -6 \neq \sqrt{36}$.
 7 a $-\frac{1}{10} - \frac{7}{10}i$ b $-\frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{5}i$ c $\frac{7}{5} + \frac{1}{5}i$ d $\frac{3}{25} + \frac{4}{25}i$
 8 a $-\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{5}i$ b $-\frac{1}{13} + \frac{8}{13}i$ c $-\frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{5}i$
 d $\frac{2}{x^2+1}$
 9 a -2 b -4 c 3 d 0
 10 $z = 65 - 72i$ 11 $z = i\sqrt{2}$