- **1.** Events *A* and *B* are such that P(A) = 0.3 and P(B) = 0.4.
 - (a) Find the value of $P(A \cup B)$ when
 - (i) *A* and *B* are mutually exclusive;
 - (ii) A and B are independent.
 - (b) Given that $P(A \cup B) = 0.6$, find P(A | B).
- 2. In a population of rabbits, 1 % are known to have a particular disease. A test is developed for the disease that gives a positive result for a rabbit that **does** have the disease in 99 % of cases. It is also known that the test gives a positive result for a rabbit that **does not** have the disease in 0.1 % of cases. A rabbit is chosen at random from the population.
 - (a) Find the probability that the rabbit tests positive for the disease.
 - (b) Given that the rabbit tests positive for the disease, show that the probability that the rabbit does not have the disease is less than 10 %.

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(3)
(Total 5 marks)
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(4)

(3)

(2)

(Total 7 marks)

3. Jenny goes to school by bus every day. When it is not raining, the probability that the bus is late is $\frac{3}{20}$. When it is raining, the probability that the bus is late is $\frac{7}{20}$. The probability that it rains on a particular day is $\frac{9}{20}$. On one particular day the bus is late. Find the probability that it is not raining on that day.

(Total 5 marks)

- **4.** In a class of 20 students, 12 study Biology, 15 study History and 2 students study neither Biology nor History.
 - (a) Illustrate this information on a Venn diagram.
 - (b) Find the probability that a randomly selected student from this class is studying both Biology and History.
 - (c) Given that a randomly selected student studies Biology, find the probability that this student also studies History.

(1) (Total 4 marks)

(2)

(1)