Short Test 7

Name:

1. (11 points) Consider the function $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 3x + 3}{x - 2}$.

(a) Show that the graph of the function does not intersect the x-axis and find the y-intercept. [3]

(b) Find the asymptotes of the graph of y = f(x). [3]

(c) Find f'(x) and hence find the coordinates of stationary points and classify these points. [3]

(d) Sketch the graph of y = f(x). [2]

2. (5 points)

A six sided die has 3 red faces, 2 blue faces and 1 green face. The die is rolled. If it shows a red face, the player loses 2 points, if it shows a blue face, the player gains 1 point and if it shows the green face, the player gains 2 points. Let X denote the number of points the player gains.

(a) Find
$$E(X)$$
 and $Var(X)$ [3]

Tomasz plays the game 10 times. Each time he loses points, he swears.

(b) Find the probability that Tomasz swore at least 7 times. [2]

3. (4 points) Let $X \sim B(n, p)$ with $p > \frac{1}{4}$ and n = 10.

(a) Find p if
$$P(X = 3) = 0.215$$
 (correct to 3 s.f.). [2]

(b) The value of n has now been increased, so that, for the value of p found in (a), P(X = 3) = 0.0468 (correct to 3 s.f.). Find the new value of n. [2] 4. (9 points)

A particle moves in a straight line so that its velocity in ms^{-1} , at time t seconds, is given by:

$$v(t) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{x}, & 0 \le t \le 9\\ 3 - (x - 9)^2, & t > 9 \end{cases}$$

(a) Find the acceleration of the particle at t = 4. [2]

(b) Find the total distance travelled by the particle in the first 12 seconds.

The particle returns to its initial position at time t = T.

(c) Find the value of T.

[5]

[2]

5. (11 points)

A box contains 11 balls each with a different natural number from 1 to 11 written on it. The balls with numbers 1,2,3 and 4 are red, the remaining balls are blue.

(a) Tomasz takes 6 balls out of the box. Find the probability that:

(i) he picked at least 3 red balls. [3]

(ii) exactly two of the balls he picked are red and exactly two have even numbers written on them. [4]

(b) All the balls are returned to the box. Maria picks a ball, notes its colour and returns it to the box. She does so a total of 11 times.

(i) Find the expected number of red balls she picks. [1]

(ii) Find the probability that she picks more red balls than blue balls. [3]