

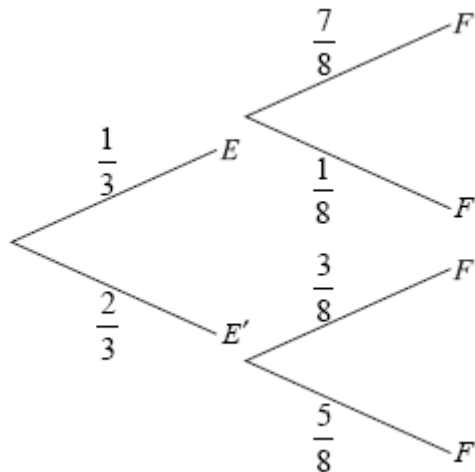
1. José travels to school on a bus. On any day, the probability that José will miss the bus is $\frac{1}{3}$.

If he misses his bus, the probability that he will be late for school is $\frac{7}{8}$.

If he does not miss his bus, the probability that he will be late is $\frac{3}{8}$.

Let E be the event “he misses his bus” and F the event “he is late for school”.

The information above is shown on the following tree diagram.



(a) Find

(i) $P(E \cap F)$;

(ii) $P(F)$.

(4)

(b) Find the probability that

(i) José misses his bus and is not late for school;

(ii) José missed his bus, given that he is late for school.

(5)

The cost for each day that José catches the bus is 3 euros. José goes to school on Monday and Tuesday.

(c) **Copy** and complete the probability distribution table.

X (cost in euros)	0	3	6
$P(X)$	$\frac{1}{9}$		

(3)

(d) Find the expected cost for José for both days.

(2)

(Total 14 marks)

2. The probability distribution of a discrete random variable X is given by

$$P(X = x) = \frac{x^2}{14}, x \in \{1, 2, k\}, \text{ where } k > 0.$$

(a) Write down $P(X = 2)$.

(1)

(b) Show that $k = 3$.

(4)

(c) Find $E(X)$.

(2)

(Total 7 marks)

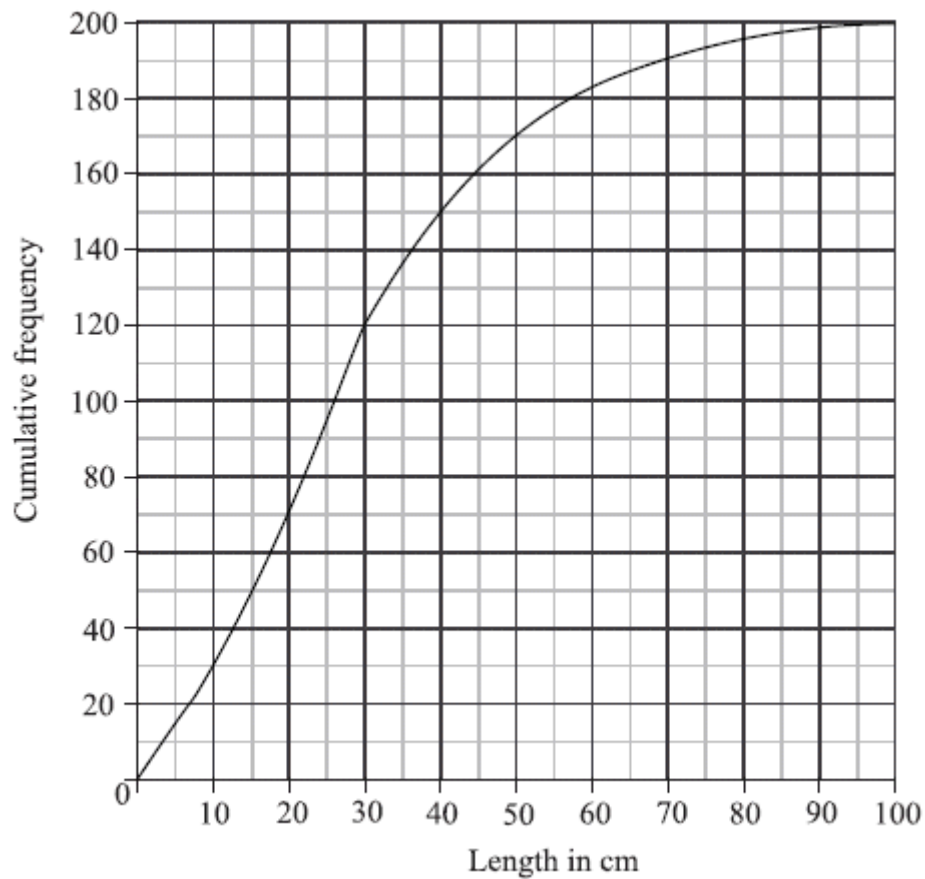
3. A fisherman catches 200 fish to sell. He measures the lengths, l cm of these fish, and the results are shown in the frequency table below.

Length l cm	$0 \leq l < 10$	$10 \leq l < 20$	$20 \leq l < 30$	$30 \leq l < 40$	$40 \leq l < 60$	$60 \leq l < 75$	$75 \leq l < 100$
Frequency	30	40	50	30	33	11	6

- (a) Calculate an estimate for the standard deviation of the lengths of the fish.

(3)

- (b) A cumulative frequency diagram is given below for the lengths of the fish.



Use the graph to answer the following.

- (i) Estimate the interquartile range.
 (ii) Given that 40 % of the fish have a length more than k cm, find the value of k .

(6)

In order to sell the fish, the fisherman classifies them as small, medium or large.

Small fish have a length less than 20 cm.

Medium fish have a length greater than or equal to 20 cm but less than 60 cm.

Large fish have a length greater than or equal to 60 cm.

- (c) Write down the probability that a fish is small.

(2)

The cost of a small fish is \$4, a medium fish \$10, and a large fish \$12.

- (d) Copy and complete the following table, which gives a probability distribution for the cost \$ X .

Cost \$$X$	4	10	12
$P(X = x)$		0.565	

(2)

- (e) Find $E(X)$.

(2)

(Total 15 marks)

4. A multiple choice test consists of ten questions. Each question has five answers. Only one of the answers is correct. For each question, Jose randomly chooses one of the five answers.

- (a) Find the expected number of questions Jose answers correctly.

(1)

- (b) Find the probability that Jose answers exactly three questions correctly.

(2)

- (c) Find the probability that Jose answers more than three questions correctly.

(3)

(Total 6 marks)