- 1. A biased coin is weighted such that the probability of obtaining a head is $\frac{4}{7}$. The coin is tossed 6 times and X denotes the number of heads observed. Find the value of the ratio $\frac{P(X = 3)}{P(X = 2)}$. (Total 4 marks)
- 2. A discrete random variable *X* has a probability distribution given in the following table.

x	0.5	1.5	2.5	3.5	4.5	5.5
$\mathbf{P}(X=x)$	0.15	0.21	р	q	0.13	0.07

- (a) If E(X) = 2.61, determine the value of *p* and of *q*.
- (b) Calculate Var (*X*) to three significant figures.

(2) (Total 6 marks)

(4)

- **3.** In each round of two different games Ying tosses three fair coins and Mario tosses two fair coins.
 - (a) The first game consists of one round. If Ying obtains more heads than Mario, she receives \$5 from Mario. If Mario obtains more heads than Ying, he receives \$10 from Ying. If they obtain the same number of heads, then Mario receives \$2 from Ying. Determine Ying's expected winnings.

(12)

(b) They now play the second game, where the winner will be the player who obtains the larger number of heads in a round. If they obtain the same number of heads, they play another round until there is a winner. Calculate the probability that Ying wins the game.

(8)

(Total 20 marks)

- **4.** Tim throws two identical fair dice simultaneously. Each die has six faces: two faces numbered 1, two faces numbered 2 and two faces numbered 3. His score is the sum of the two numbers shown on the dice.
 - (a) (i) Calculate the probability that Tim obtains a score of 6.
 - (ii) Calculate the probability that Tim obtains a score of at least 3.

(3)

Tim plays a game with his friend Bill, who also has two dice numbered in the same way. Bill's score is the sum of the two numbers shown on his dice.

- (b) (i) Calculate the probability that Tim and Bill **both** obtain a score of 6.
 - (ii) Calculate the probability that Tim and Bill obtain the same score.

(4)

- (c) Let *X* denote the largest number shown on the four dice.
 - (i) Show that $P(X \le 2) = \frac{16}{81}$.
 - (ii) Copy and complete the following probability distribution table.

x	1	2	3
$\mathbf{P}(X=x)$	$\frac{1}{81}$		

(iii) Calculate E(X) and $E(X^2)$ and hence find Var(X).

(10)

(d) Given that X = 3, find the probability that the sum of the numbers shown on the four dice is 8.

(4) (Total 21 marks)