| = \$298468 Note: Only accept answers to the nearest do (b) attempt to look for a pattern by consider recognising a geometric series with first EITHER $P + 1.02P + + 1.02^{19}P (= P(1 + 1.02))$ OR explicitly identify $u_1 = P$, $r = 1.02$ and n THEN $S_{20} = \frac{(1.02^{20} - 1)P}{(1.02 - 1)}$ (c) 24.297 $P = 298468$ P = 12284 | A1 lar. Accept \$298469. Ing 1 year, 2 years <i>etc</i> (M1) erm P and common ratio 1.02 (M1) $+ \dots + 1.02^{19}$) A1 | [3 marks] |
|---|---|-----------|
| Note: Only accept answers to the nearest do (b) attempt to look for a pattern by consider recognising a geometric series with first EITHER $P + 1.02P + + 1.02^{19}P (= P(1 + 1.02))$ OR explicitly identify $u_1 = P$, $r = 1.02$ and n THEN $S_{20} = \frac{(1.02^{20} - 1)P}{(1.02 - 1)}$ (c) $24.297P = 298468$ P = 12284 | Iar. Accept \$298469.Ing 1 year, 2 years etc(M1)erm P and common ratio 1.02(M1) $+ \dots + 1.02^{19}$)A1 | [3 marks] |
| (b) attempt to look for a pattern by consider recognising a geometric series with first EITHER $P + 1.02P + + 1.02^{19}P (= P(1 + 1.02))$ OR explicitly identify $u_1 = P$, $r = 1.02$ and n THEN $S_{20} = \frac{(1.02^{20} - 1)P}{(1.02 - 1)}$ (c) $24.297P = 298468$ P = 12284 | $\begin{array}{l} \text{mg 1 year, 2 years } etc & (M1) \\ \text{erm } P \text{ and common ratio } 1.02 & (M1) \\ + \ldots + 1.02^{19} \end{pmatrix} \end{array}$ | |
| EITHER $P + 1.02P + + 1.02^{19}P (= P(1 + 1.02))$ OR explicitly identify $u_1 = P$, $r = 1.02$ and n THEN $S_{20} = \frac{(1.02^{20} - 1)P}{(1.02 - 1)}$ (c) 24.297 $P = 298468$ P = 12284 | $+ + 1.02^{19}))$ A1 | |
| $P + 1.02P + + 1.02^{19}P (= P(1 + 1.02))$ OR explicitly identify $u_1 = P$, $r = 1.02$ and n THEN $S_{20} = \frac{(1.02^{20} - 1)P}{(1.02 - 1)}$ (c) 24.297 $P = 298468$ $P = 12284$ | $+ + 1.02^{19}))$ A1 | |
| OR explicitly identify $u_1 = P$, $r = 1.02$ and n THEN $S_{20} = \frac{(1.02^{20} - 1)P}{(1.02 - 1)}$ (c) $24.297P = 298468$ P = 12284 | | |
| explicitly identify $u_1 = P$, $r = 1.02$ and n THEN $S_{20} = \frac{(1.02^{20} - 1)P}{(1.02 - 1)}$ (c) 24.297 $P = 298468$ P = 12284 | | |
| THEN $S_{20} = \frac{(1.02^{20} - 1)P}{(1.02 - 1)}$ (c) 24.297P = 298468 P = 12284 | = 20 (may be seen as S_{20}). A1 | |
| (c) $S_{20} = \frac{(1.02^{20} - 1)P}{(1.02 - 1)}$ $P = 298468$ $P = 12284$ | | |
| (c) $24.297P = 298468$ P = 12284 | AG | |
| (c) $24.297P = 298468$ P = 12284 | | [3 marks] |
| P = 12264 | (M1)(A1) | |
| Note: Accept answers which round to 12284 | A1 | [3 marks] |
| | | |
| | | |

$$Q = \frac{5000(1 + 1.028 + 1.028 + 1.028 + 1.028 + ... + 1.028)}{1.028^{n}}$$

$$A1$$

$$= \frac{5000}{1.028} + \frac{5000}{1.028^{2}} + ... + \frac{5000}{1.028^{n}}$$

$$AG$$

continued...

Question 12 continued

METHOD 2

| the initial value of the first withdrawal is $\frac{5000}{1.028}$ | A1 | |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------|
| the initial value of the second withdrawal is $rac{5000}{1.028^2}$ | R1 | |
| the investment required for these two withdrawals is $\frac{5000}{1.028} + \frac{1}{1000}$ | $\frac{5000}{.028^2}$ R1 | |
| $Q = \frac{5000}{1.028} + \frac{5000}{1.028^2} + \dots + \frac{5000}{1.028^n}$ | AG | |
| (ii) sum to infinity is $\frac{\frac{5000}{1.028}}{1 - \frac{1}{1.028}}$ | (M1)(A1) | |
| = 1785/1.428 so minimum amount is \$178572 | A1 | |
| Note: Accept answers which round to \$178571 or \$178572. | | [6 marks] |

Total [15 marks]