AI SL 20.09 [113 marks]



the numbers scored on the die are shown in the table below.

Number scored	Frequency
1	32
2	57
3	47
4	58
5	54
6	102

(c.i) Find the expected frequency for each of the numbers if the manufacturer's claim is true.

[2]

$\chi^2$ goodness of fit test is to be used with a $5\%$ significance level.	
c.ii) Write down the null and alternative hypotheses.	

(c.iii) State the degrees of freedom for the test.

[1]

[2]

(c.iv)	Determine the conclusion of the test, clearly justifying your answer.					

[4]

**2.** [Maximum mark: 9]

Six coins are tossed simultaneously 320 times, with the following results.

0 tail	5 times
1 tail	40 times
2 tails	86 times
3 tails	89 times
4 tails	67 times
5 tails	29 times
6 tails	4 times

At the 5% level of significance, test the hypothesis that all the coins are fair.

[9]

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**3.** [Maximum mark: 6]

Kayla wants to measure the extent to which two judges in a gymnastics competition are in agreement. Each judge has ranked the seven competitors, as shown in the table, where 1 is the highest ranking and 7 is the lowest.

Competitor	Α	В	С	D	Ε	F	G
Judge 1	1	2	3	3	5	6	6
Judge 2	2	3	1	4	5	5	7

<i>a)</i>	Calculate Spearman's rank correlation coefficient for this data.
O)	State what conclusion Kayla can make from the answer in part (a).

······

**4.** [Maximum mark: 5]

Arriane has geese on her farm. She claims the mean weight of eggs from her black geese is less than the mean weight of eggs from her white geese.

She recorded the weights of eggs, in grams, from a random selection of geese. The data is shown in the table.

Weights of eggs from black geese	136	134	142	141	128	126
Weights of eggs from white geese	135	138	141	140	136	134

In order to test her claim, Arriane performs a t-test at a 10% level of significance. It is assumed that the weights of eggs are normally distributed and the samples have equal variances.

(a)	State, in words, the null hypothesis.	[1]
(b)	Calculate the $p$ -value for this test.	[2]
(c)	State whether the result of the test supports Arriane's claim. Justify your reasoning.	[2]


**5.** [Maximum mark: 6]

A newspaper vendor in Singapore is trying to predict how many copies of *The Straits Times* they will sell. The vendor forms a model to predict the number of copies sold each weekday. According to this model, they expect the same number of copies will be sold each day.

To test the model, they record the number of copies sold each weekday during a particular week. This data is shown in the table.

Day	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Number of copies sold	74	97	91	86	112

A goodness of fit test at the 5% significance level is used on this data to determine whether the vendor's model is suitable.

The critical value for the test is 9.49 and the hypotheses are

- $H_0:$  The data satisfies the model.
- $H_1: \mbox{The}\xspace$  does not satisfy the model.

(a)	Find an estimate for how many copies the vendor expects to sell each day.	[1]
(b.i)	Write down the degrees of freedom for this test.	[1]
(b.ii)	Write down the conclusion to the test. Give a reason for your	
	answer.	[4]


**6.** [Maximum mark: 6]

At Springfield University, the weights, in kg, of 10 chinchilla rabbits and 10 sable rabbits were recorded. The aim was to find out whether chinchilla rabbits are generally heavier than sable rabbits. The results obtained are summarized in the following table.

Weight of chinchilla rabbits, ${\rm kg}$	4.9	4.2	4.1	4.4	4.3	4.6	4.0	4.7	4.5	4.4
Weight of sable rabbits, ${\bf k}{\bf g}$	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.5	4.4	4.5	3.9	4.2	4.0

A t-test is to be performed at the 5% significance level.

(a)	Write down the null and alternative hypotheses.	[2]
 (b)	Find the $p$ -value for this test.	[2]
 (c)	Write down the conclusion to the test. Give a reason for your	
	answer.	[2]


7. [Maximum mark: 18]

As part of his mathematics exploration about classic books, Jason investigated the time taken by students in his school to read the book *The Old Man and the Sea*. He collected his data by stopping and asking students in the school corridor, until he reached his target of 10 students from **each** of the literature classes in his school.

(a) State which of the two sampling methods, systematic or quota,Jason has used.

[1]



Jason constructed the following box and whisker diagram to show the number of hours students in the sample took to read this book.





Mackenzie, a member of the sample, took 25 hours to read the novel. Jason believes Mackenzie's time is not an outlier.

(d) Determine whether Jason is correct. Support your reasoning. For each student interviewed, Jason recorded the time taken to read The Old Man and

the Sea (x), measured in hours, and paired this with their percentage score on the final exam (y). These data are represented on the scatter diagram.

[4]



y = -1.54x + 98.8.

He uses the equation to estimate the percentage score on the final exam for a student who read the book in 1.5 hours.

 (f) Find the percentage score calculated by Jason.
 [2]

 (g) State whether it is valid to use the regression line y on x for Jason's estimate. Give a reason for your answer.
 [2]

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Jason found a website that rated the 'top 50' classic books. He randomly chose eight of these classic books and recorded the number of pages. For example, Book H is rated 44th and has 281 pages. These data are shown in the table.

Book	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
Number of pages (n)	4215	863	585	1225	366	209	624	281
Top 50 rating (t)	1	2	5	7	13	22	40	44

Jason intends to analyse the data using Spearman's rank correlation coefficient,  $r_{s}. \label{eq:rs}$ 

(h) Copy and complete the information in the following table.

Book	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н
Rank – Number of pages	1							
Rank – Top 50 Rating	1							

(i.i) Calculate the value of  $r_s$ .

(i.ii) Interpret your result.

[1]

[2]

······

8. [Maximum mark: 13]

The stopping distances for bicycles travelling at  $20 \text{ km h}^{-1}$  are assumed to follow a normal distribution with mean 6.76 m and standard deviation 0.12 m

Under this assumption, find, correct to four decimal places, the probability that a bicycle chosen at random travelling at  $20\,\,km\,h^{-1}$  manages to stop

(a.i) in less than 6.5 m.

[2]

 1000 randomly colocted bicycles are tested and their stepping distances when

1000 randomly selected bicycles are tested and their stopping distances when travelling at  $20~km\,h^{-1}$  are measured.

Find, correct to four significant figures, the expected number of bicycles tested that stop between

(b.i)  $6.5 \mathrm{m}$  and  $6.75 \mathrm{m}$ .

(b.ii) 6. 75 m and 7 m.

.....

The measured stopping distances of the 1000 bicycles are given in the table.

Measured stopping distance	Number of bicycles
Less than 6.5 m	12
Between 6.5 m and 6.75 m	428
Between $6.75 \mathrm{m}$ and $7 \mathrm{m}$	527
More than 7m	33

[1]

It is decided to perform a  $\chi^2$  goodness of fit test at the 5% level of significance to decide whether the stopping distances of bicycles travelling at  $20~{
m km}\,{
m h}^{-1}$  can be modelled by a normal distribution with mean  $6.\,76~\mathrm{m}$  and standard deviation 0.12 m. State the null and alternative hypotheses. (c) [2] ..... (d) Find the *p*-value for the test. [3] State the conclusion of the test. Give a reason for your answer. (e) [2]


[Maximum mark: 6]	20N.1.SL.TZ0.T_
recorded his journey time to the office, and classified each journed medium or long.	ey as short,
Of the $90$ journeys to the office, there were $3$ short journeys when medium journeys when it rained, and $15$ long journeys when it more also $14$ short journeys when it did not rain.	en it rained, 22 rained. There
Isaac carried out a $\chi^2$ test at the $5\%$ level of significance on these at the weather and the types of journeys.	e data, looking
(a) Write down $H_0$ , the null hypothesis for this test.	
(b) Find the course stad source box of shout twine out on it wai and	
(b) Find the expected number of short trips when it rained.	
(c) The $p$ -value for this test is 0. 0206.	


## 19N.2.SL.TZ0.T\_1

## **10.** [Maximum mark: 15]

Casanova restaurant offers a set menu where a customer chooses **one** of the following meals: pasta, fish or shrimp.

The manager surveyed 150 customers and recorded the customer's age and chosen meal. The data is shown in the following table.

	Pasta	Fish	Shrimp	Total
Adults	24	25	32	81
Children	20	14	35	69
Total	44	39	67	150

A  $\chi^2$  test was performed at the 10% significance level. The critical value for this test is  $4.\,605.$ 

(a)	State $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{0}}$ , the null hypothesis for this test.	[1]
(b)	Write down the number of degrees of freedom.	[1]
(c)	Show that the expected number of children who chose shrimp is $31$ , correct to two significant figures.	[2]

(e)	State the conclusion for this test. Give a reason for your answer.	[2]
(d.ii)	the <i>p</i> -value.	[1]
		543
(d.i)	the $\chi_2$ statistic.	[2]
Write	down	

	they chose pasta or fish.	[2]
(f.iii)	Given that the customer is a child, calculate the probability that	
	the customer chose shrimp.	[2]
(f.ii)	Calculate the probability that the customer is an adult or that	
(f.i)	Calculate the probability that the customer is an adult.	[2]
A CUSI	omer is selected at random.	
	······································	


## **11.** [Maximum mark: 13]

A survey was conducted on a group of people. The first question asked how many pets they each own. The results are summarized in the following table.

Number of pets owned	0	1	2	3	4	5
Number of people	20	45	40	30	20	5

Write down the total number of people, from this group, who (a) are **pet owners**. [1] Write down the modal number of pets. (b) [1] For these data, write down the median number of pets. [1] (c.i) (c.ii) For these data, write down the lower quartile. [1] (c.iii) For these data, write down the upper quartile. [1] .....

The second question asked each member of the group to state their age and preferred pet. The data obtained is organized in the following table.

	Age		
Preferred pet	Teenager	Non-teenager	
cat	23	32	
dog	35	23	
bird	16	13	
other	11	7	

(d)	Write down the ratio of teenagers to non-teenagers in its simplest form.	[1]
A $\chi^2$ te	est is carried out at the 10 % significance level.	
(e.i)	State the null hypothesis.	[1]

 (f)	Write down the number of degrees of freedom for this test.	[1]
 (g)	Calculate the expected number of teenagers that prefer cats.	[2]
  (i)	State the conclusion for this test. Give a reason for your answer.	[2]

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