# trig revision 2 [20 marks]

## **1.** [Maximum mark: 7]

19N.2.SL.TZ0.S\_4

The following diagram shows a right-angled triangle, ABC , with  $AC=10\,cm$  ,  $AB=6\,cm$  and  $BC=8\,cm$  .

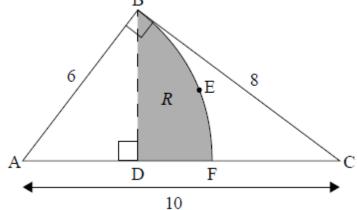
The points D and F lie on  $\left[AC\right]$ .

[BD] is perpendicular to [AC].

BEF is the arc of a circle, centred at A.

The region R is bounded by [BD], [DF] and arc BEF.





(a) Find  $\widehat{BAC}$ . [2]

Markscheme

correct working (A1)

eg 
$$\sinlpha=rac{8}{10}$$
,  $\cos heta=rac{6}{10}$ ,  $\cos B\widehat{A}C=rac{6^2+10^2-8^2}{2 imes6 imes10}$ 

0.927295

$$\widehat{\mathrm{BAC}} = 0.927~(=53.1^\circ)~$$
 (A1) N2

[2 marks]

(b) Find the area of R.

[5]

**Note:** There may be slight differences in the final answer, depending on the approach the candidate uses in part (b). Accept a final answer that is consistent with their working.

correct area of sector  $\overline{ABF}$  (seen anywhere) (A1)

eg 
$$\frac{1}{2} imes 6^2 imes 0.927$$
,  $\frac{53.1301^\circ}{360^\circ} imes \pi imes 6^2$ ,  $16.6913$ 

correct expression (or value) for either [AD] or [BD] (seen anywhere) (A1)

eg 
$$AD=6\cos\left(B\widehat{A}C\right)~(=3.6)$$

$$BD = 6 \sin{(53.1^{\circ})} \ \ (= 4.8)$$

correct area of triangle ABD (seen anywhere) (A1)

eg 
$$\frac{1}{2} imes 6\cos B\widehat{A}D imes 6\sin B\widehat{A}D$$
,  $9\sin \left(2\,B\widehat{A}C\right)$ ,  $8.64$  (exact)

appropriate approach (seen anywhere) (M1)

 $\it eg~~A_{triangle~ABD} - A_{sector}$  , their sector – their triangle ABD 8.05131

area of shaded region = 8.05 (cm<sup>2</sup>) A1 N2

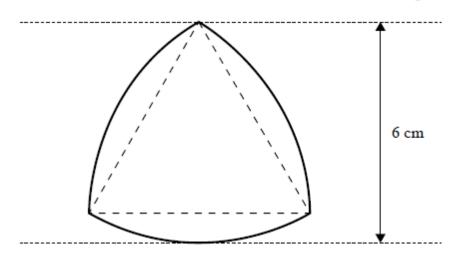
[5 marks]

## **2.** [Maximum mark: 7]

19N.2.AHL.TZ0.H\_4

The following shape consists of three arcs of a circle, each with centre at the opposite vertex of an equilateral triangle as shown in the diagram.

# diagram not to scale



For this shape, calculate

(a) the perimeter.

[2]

#### Markscheme

each arc has length 
$$r\theta=6 imes rac{\pi}{3}=2\pi\;(=6.283\ldots)$$
 (M) perimeter is therefore  $6\pi\;(=18.8)$  (cm) A1

[2 marks]

(b) the area.

[5]

#### Markscheme

area of sector, 
$$s$$
, is  $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta=18 imes\frac{\pi}{3}=6\pi\;(=18.84\ldots)$  (A1) area of triangle,  $t$ , is  $\frac{1}{2} imes6 imes3\sqrt{3}=9\sqrt{3}\;(=15.58\ldots)$  (M1)(A1)

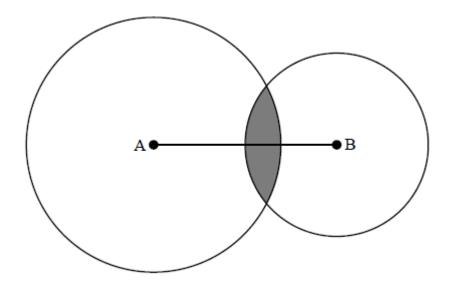
**Note:** area of segment, k, is 3.261... implies area of triangle

finding 
$$3s-2t$$
 or  $3k+t$  or similar

area 
$$=3s-2t=18\pi-18\sqrt{3}\,\,(=25.4)\,$$
 (cm²) (M1)A1

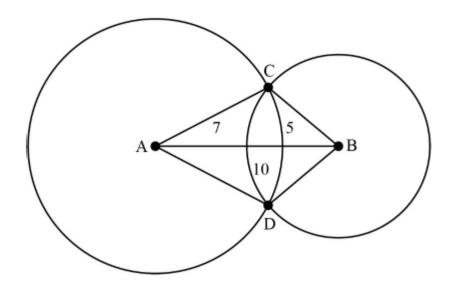
[5 marks]

Boat A is situated 10km away from boat B, and each boat has a marine radio transmitter on board. The range of the transmitter on boat A is 7km, and the range of the transmitter on boat B is 5km. The region in which both transmitters can be detected is represented by the shaded region in the following diagram. Find the area of this region.



## Markscheme

\* This question is from an exam for a previous syllabus, and may contain minor differences in marking or structure.



[6]

use of cosine rule (M1)

$$\hat{\sf CAB} = \arccos\left(rac{49+100-25}{2 imes7 imes10}
ight) = 0.48276\dots (=27.660\dots^{\circ})$$
 (A1)

$$\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathrm{CB}}$$
A = arccos  $\left(rac{25+100-49}{2 imes5 imes10}
ight)=0.70748\ldots (=40.535\ldots^{\circ})$  (A1)

attempt to subtract triangle area from sector area (M1)

area

$$=rac{1}{2} imes49\left(2 ext{CAB}\stackrel{\wedge}{-}\sin2 ext{CAB}
ight)\,+rac{1}{2} imes25\left(2 ext{CBA}-\sin2 ext{CBA}
ight)$$

$$= 3.5079... + 5.3385...$$
 (A1)

Note: Award this A1 for either of these two values.

$$= 8.85 \, (km^2) \, A1$$

**Note:** Accept all answers that round to 8.8 or 8.9.

[6 marks]

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