

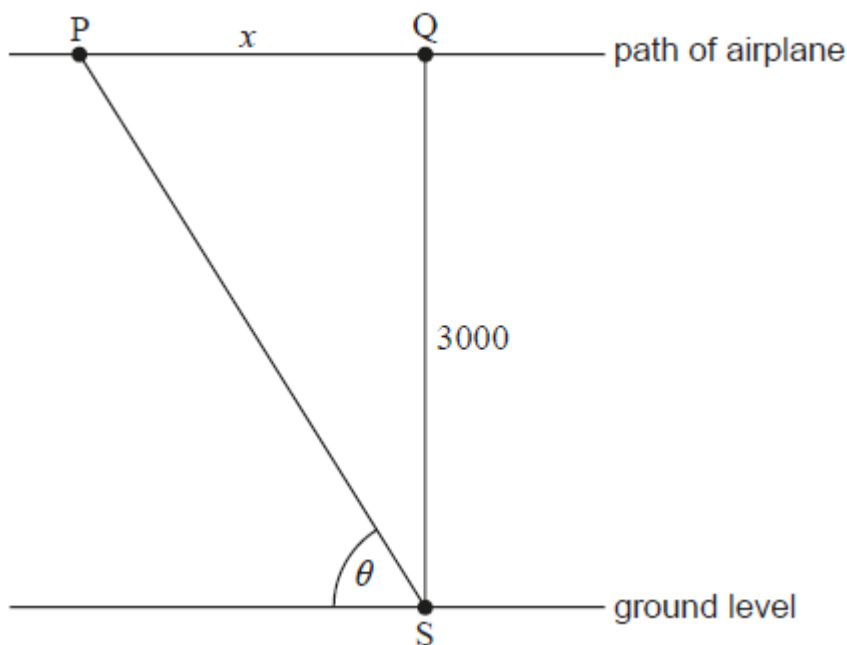
Optimization + related rates [65 marks]

1. [Maximum mark: 9]

23M.1.AHL.TZ1.17

An airplane, P , is flying at a constant altitude of 3000 m at a speed of 250 m s^{-1} . Its path passes over a tracking station, S , at ground level. Let Q be the point 3000 m directly above the tracking station.

At a particular time, T , as the airplane is flying towards Q , the angle of elevation, θ , of the airplane from S is increasing at a rate of 0.075 radians per second. The distance from Q to P is given by x .



- Use related rates to show that, at time T , $\frac{dx}{d\theta} = \frac{10000}{3}$. [2]
- Find $x(\theta)$, x as a function of θ . [1]
- Find an expression for $\frac{dx}{d\theta}$ in terms of $\sin \theta$. [3]
- Hence find the horizontal distance from the station to the plane at time T . [3]

2. [Maximum mark: 5]

23M.1.AHL.TZ2.12

A spherical balloon is being inflated such that its volume is increasing at a rate of $15 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$.

- (a) Find the radius of the balloon when its volume is $288\pi \text{ cm}^3$. [2]
- (b) Hence or otherwise, find the rate of change of the radius at this instant. [3]

3. [Maximum mark: 16]

23M.2.AHL.TZ2.3

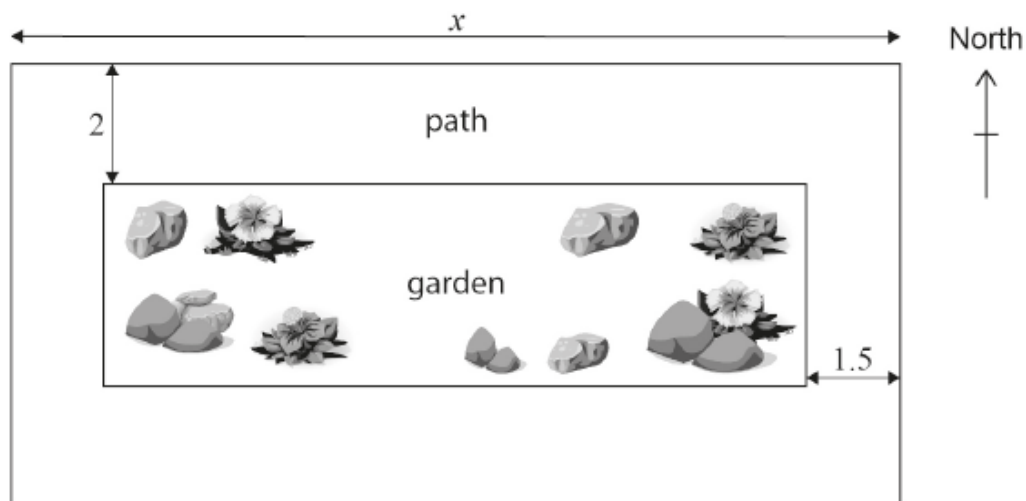
A particular park consists of a rectangular garden, of area $A \text{ m}^2$, and a concrete path surrounding it. The park has a total area of 1200 m^2 .

The width of the path at the north and south side of the park is 2 m .

The width of the path at the west and east side of the park is 1.5 m .

The length of the park (along the north and south sides) is x metres,
 $3 < x < 300$.

diagram not to scale



- (a) Show that $A = 1212 - 4x - \frac{3600}{x}$. [5]
- (b) Find the possible dimensions of the park if the area of the garden is 800 m^2 . [4]
- (c) Find an expression for $\frac{dA}{dx}$. [3]
- (d) Use your answer from part (c) to find the value of x that will maximize the area of the garden. [2]
- (e) Find the maximum possible area of the garden. [2]

4. [Maximum mark: 7]

22M.1.AHL.TZ1.16

The wind chill index W is a measure of the temperature, in $^{\circ}\text{C}$, felt when taking into account the effect of the wind.

When Frieda arrives at the top of a hill, the relationship between the wind chill index and the speed of the wind v in kilometres per hour (km h^{-1}) is given by the equation

$$W = 19.34 - 7.405v^{0.16}$$

(a) Find an expression for $\frac{dW}{dv}$. [2]

(b) When Frieda arrives at the top of a hill, the speed of the wind is 10 kilometres per hour and increasing at a rate of $5 \text{ km h}^{-1} \text{ minute}^{-1}$.

Find the rate of change of W at this time. [5]

5. [Maximum mark: 5]

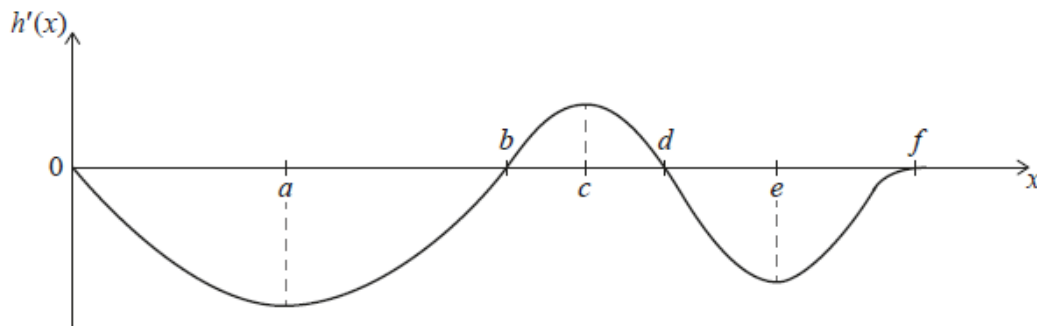
21N.1.AHL.TZ0.8

Juri skis from the top of a hill to a finishing point at the bottom of the hill. She takes the shortest route, heading directly to the finishing point (F).



Let $h(x)$ define the height of the hill above F at a horizontal distance x from the starting point at the top of the hill.

The graph of the **derivative** of $h(x)$ is shown below. The graph of $h'(x)$ has local minima and maxima when x is equal to a , c and e . The graph of $h'(x)$ intersects the x -axis when x is equal to b , d , and f .



(a.i) Identify the x value of the point where $|h'(x)|$ has its maximum value.

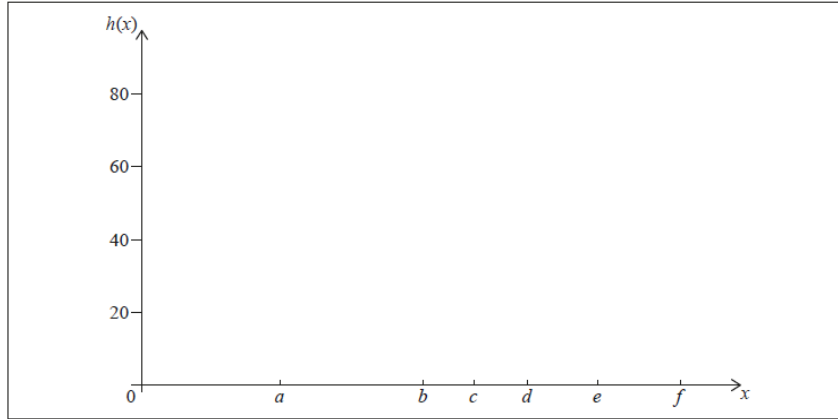
[1]

(a.ii) Interpret this point in the given context.

[1]

(b) Juri starts at a height of 60 metres and finishes at F, where $x = f$.

Sketch a possible diagram of the hill on the following pair of coordinate axes.

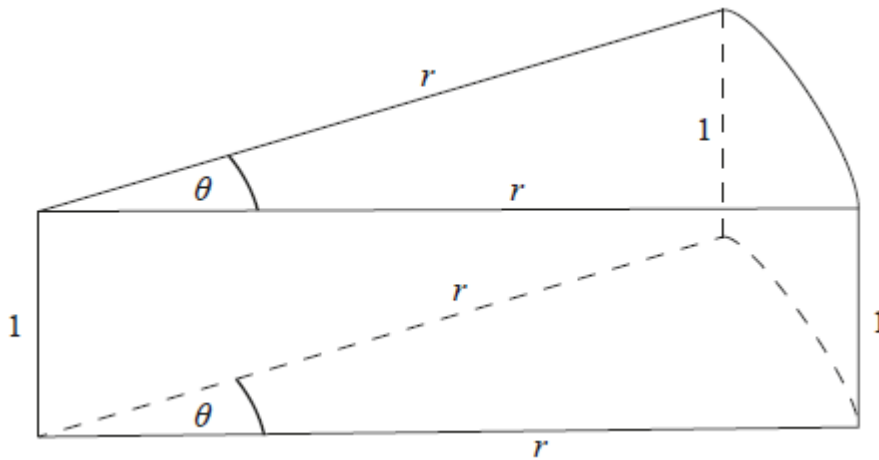


[3]

6. [Maximum mark: 9]

21N.1.AHL.TZ0.15

The following diagram shows a frame that is made from wire. The total length of wire is equal to 15 cm. The frame is made up of two identical sectors of a circle that are parallel to each other. The sectors have angle θ radians and radius r cm. They are connected by 1 cm lengths of wire perpendicular to the sectors. This is shown in the diagram below.



(a) Show that $r = \frac{6}{2+\theta}$. [2]

The faces of the frame are covered by paper to enclose a volume, V .

(b.i) Find an expression for V in terms of θ . [2]

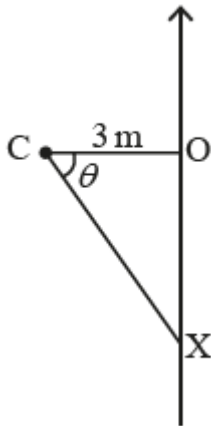
(b.ii) Find the expression $\frac{dV}{d\theta}$. [3]

(b.iii) Solve algebraically $\frac{dV}{d\theta} = 0$ to find the value of θ that will maximize the volume, V . [2]

7. [Maximum mark: 6]

19M.1.AHL.TZ1.H_5

A camera at point C is 3 m from the edge of a straight section of road as shown in the following diagram. The camera detects a car travelling along the road at $t = 0$. It then rotates, always pointing at the car, until the car passes O, the point on the edge of the road closest to the camera.



A car travels along the road at a speed of 24 ms^{-1} . Let the position of the car be X and let $\widehat{OCX} = \theta$.

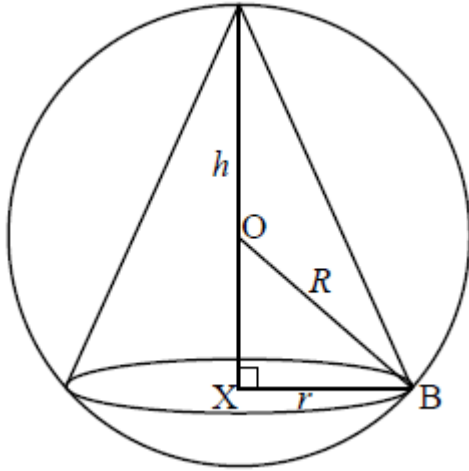
Find $\frac{d\theta}{dt}$, the rate of rotation of the camera, in radians per second, at the instant the car passes the point O.

[6]

8. [Maximum mark: 8]

19M.1.AHL.TZ2.H_8

A right circular cone of radius r is inscribed in a sphere with centre O and radius R as shown in the following diagram. The perpendicular height of the cone is h , X denotes the centre of its base and B a point where the cone touches the sphere.



- (a) Show that the volume of the cone may be expressed by $V = \frac{\pi}{3}(2Rh^2 - h^3)$. [4]
- (b) Given that there is one inscribed cone having a maximum volume, show that the volume of this cone is $\frac{32\pi R^3}{81}$. [4]