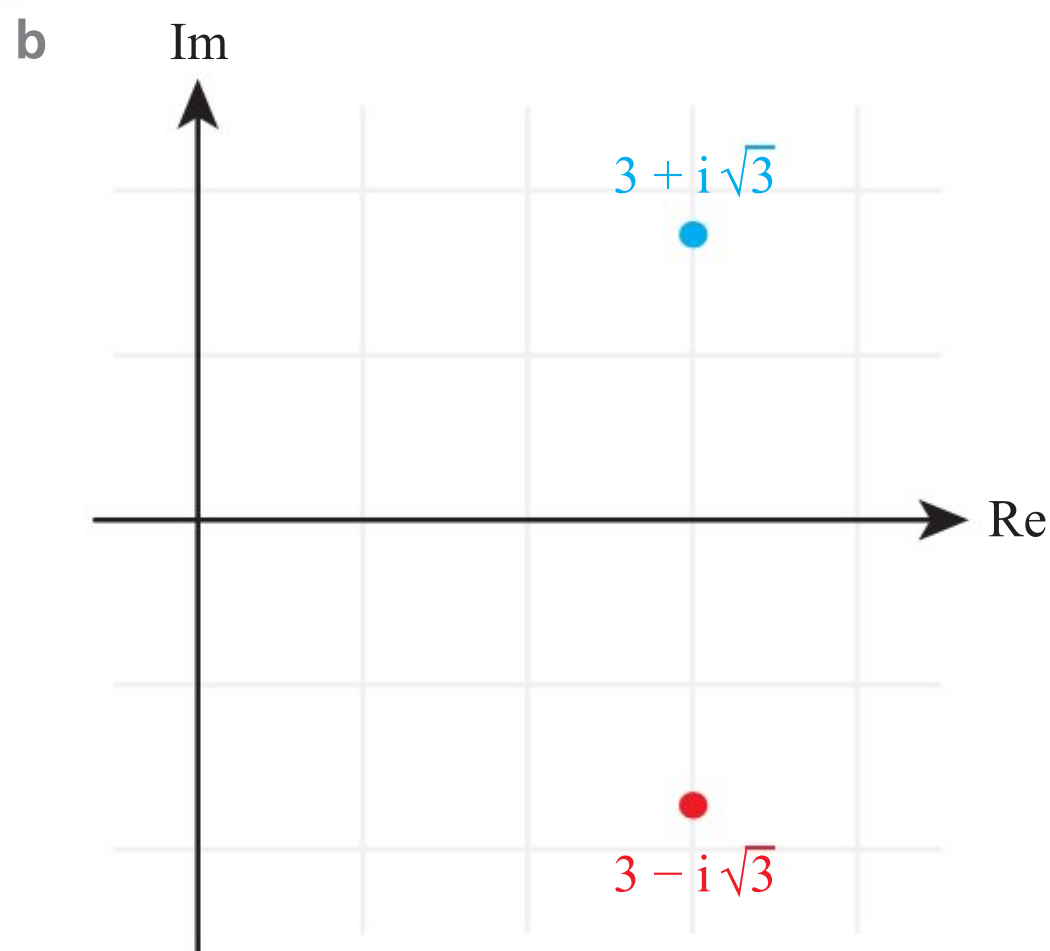


3 a $3 \pm \sqrt{3}i$



4 $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{1}{5}i$

5 $-0.5 - i$

6 $-\frac{i}{3}$

7 $z = -2 - 2i$

8 a $|z| = \sqrt{2}, \arg z = \frac{\pi}{4}$ b $8i$

9 $16\sqrt{2} \operatorname{cis} \frac{3\pi}{4}$

10 a $p = 3, q = 0.5$ b $p = \frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3}i, q = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{3}i$

11 a $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i$ b $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i$

12 $\frac{a}{a^2+1} - \frac{1}{a^2+1}i$

13 $x = -\frac{i}{3}$

14 $z = 4 + 3i$

15 $1, \frac{\pi}{6}$

16 $\pm\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}$

17 $2 \pm i$

18 $5 + 12i$

19 $b = -2, c = 5$

20 $3 + 4i$

21 a $0.387, 1.22$

b $0.387\cos(3t + 1.22)$

22 a $\sqrt{17}, 2.90$

b $e^{\frac{i\pi}{6}}$

c $(-3.96, -1.13)$

23 $2 \pm i\sqrt{5}$

24 $x^2 + y^2 - 2x = 3$

25 a $(1 - \sqrt{3}) + (1 + \sqrt{3})i$

b $z = \sqrt{2}\left(\cos\frac{\pi}{4} + i\sin\frac{\pi}{4}\right), w = 2\left(\cos\frac{\pi}{3} + i\sin\frac{\pi}{3}\right),$

$|zw| = 2\sqrt{2}, \arg(zw) = \frac{7\pi}{12}$

c $\frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}$

26 a $2, \frac{\pi}{6}$

b $-128\sqrt{3}$

27 $3 + 4i$

28 1.30 radians, 2.28

29 a $2\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}}$

b $\frac{\pi}{12}$

Chapter 7 Prior Knowledge

1 $\begin{pmatrix} 106 & 91.8 & 67.2 & 69.4 \\ 245 & 220 & 163 & 153 \\ 222 & 203 & 149 & 136 \\ 130 & 112 & 81.9 & 83.2 \end{pmatrix}$

Exercise 7A

1 a Connected

b Complete, connected, simple

2 a Connected, simple, tree

b None

3 a No

b Yes

4 a Yes

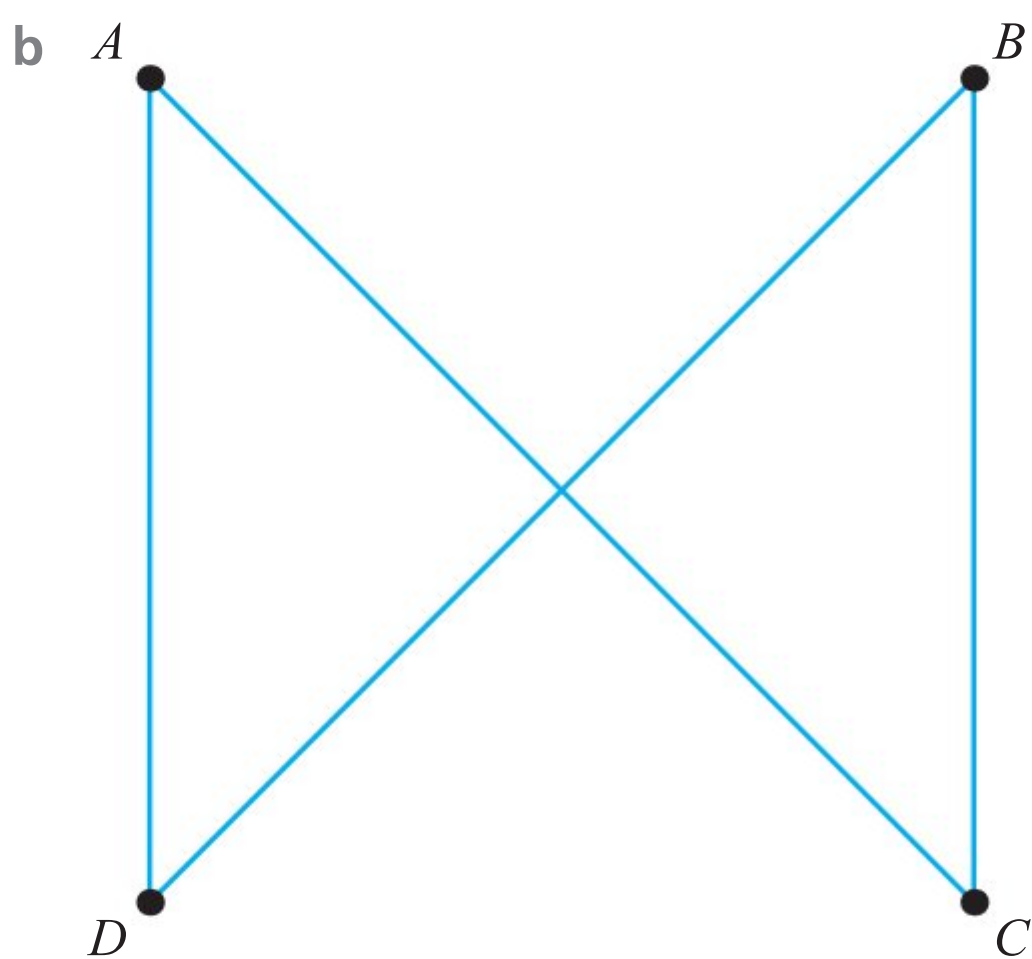
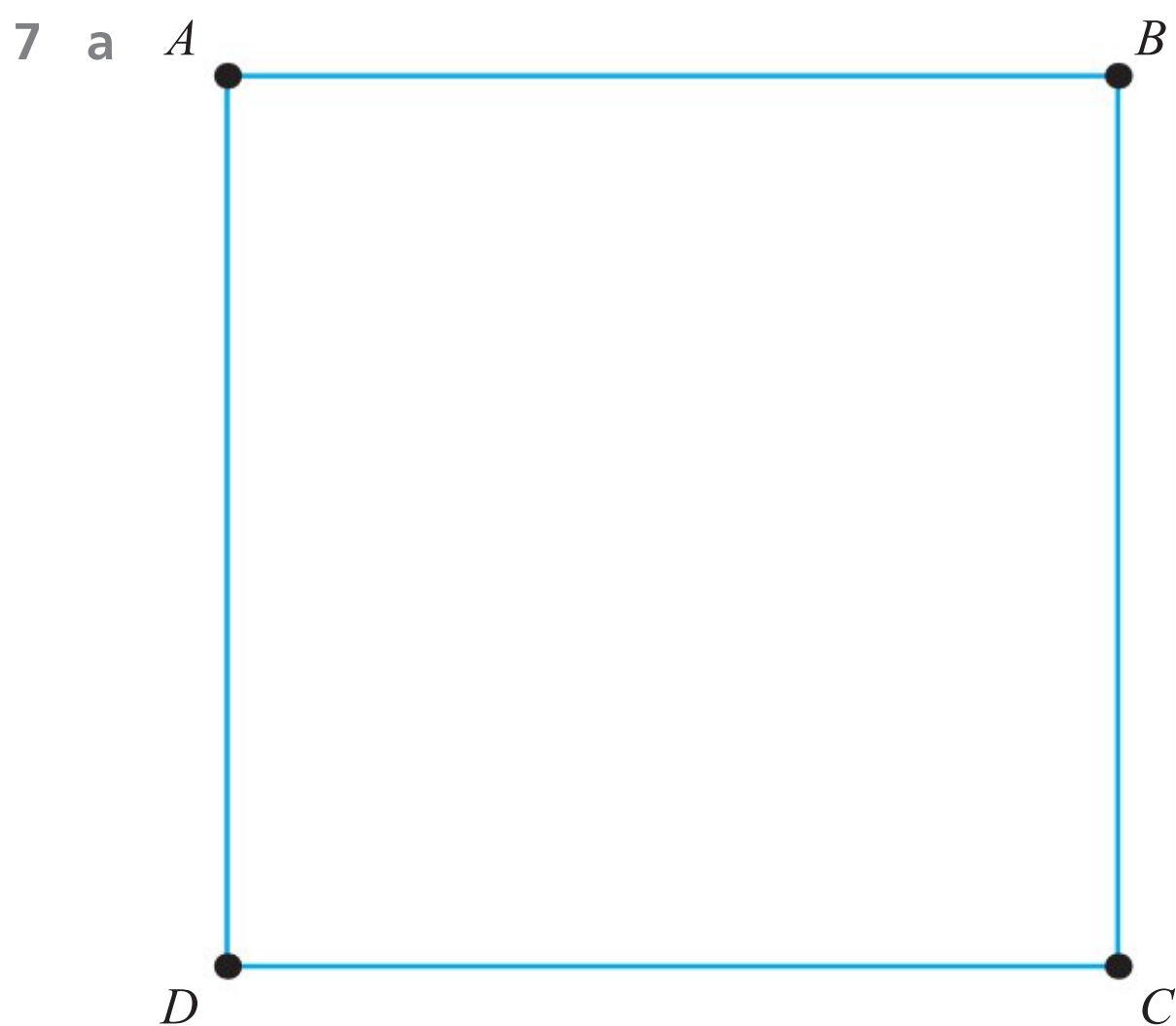
b No

5 a $A \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

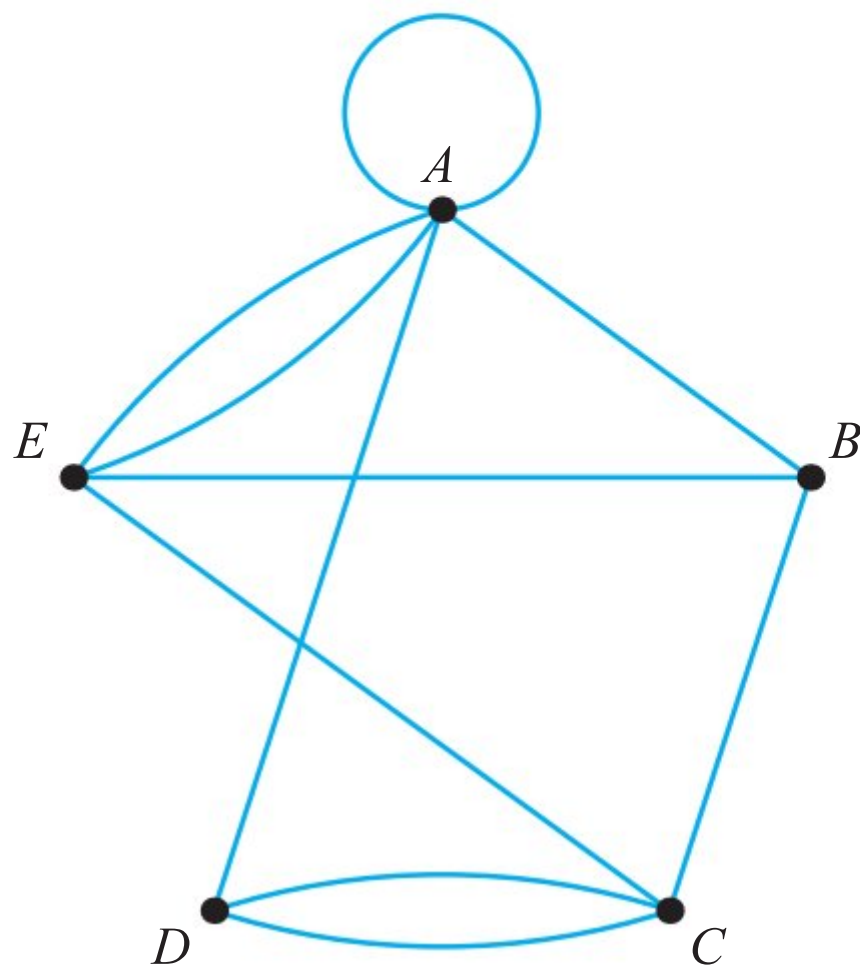
b $A \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

6 a $A \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

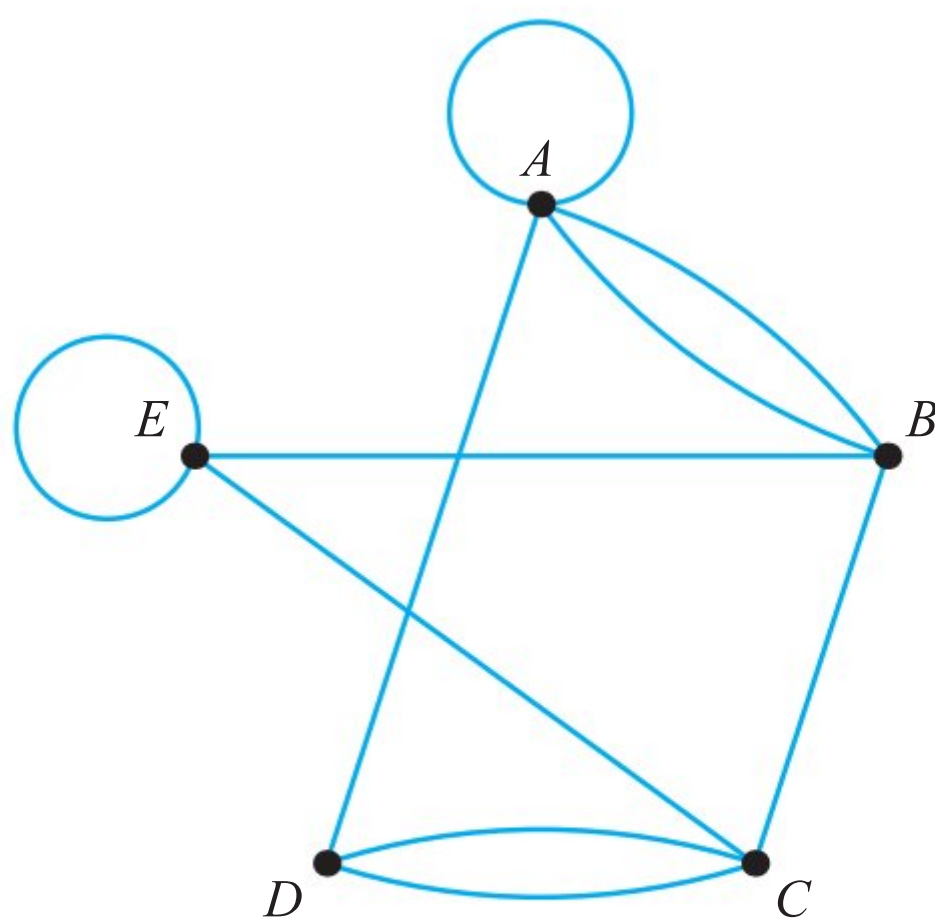
b $A \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$



8 a



b



9 a i B, D
iii 3

ii B, E
iv 2

b i A, C
iii 2

ii B, D, E
iv 3

10 a i B, D
iii 3

ii B, D, E
iv 5

b i C, D, E
iii 8

ii A, B, C
iv 3

11 a i 2
b i 2

ii 3
ii 2

12 a i 4
b i 2

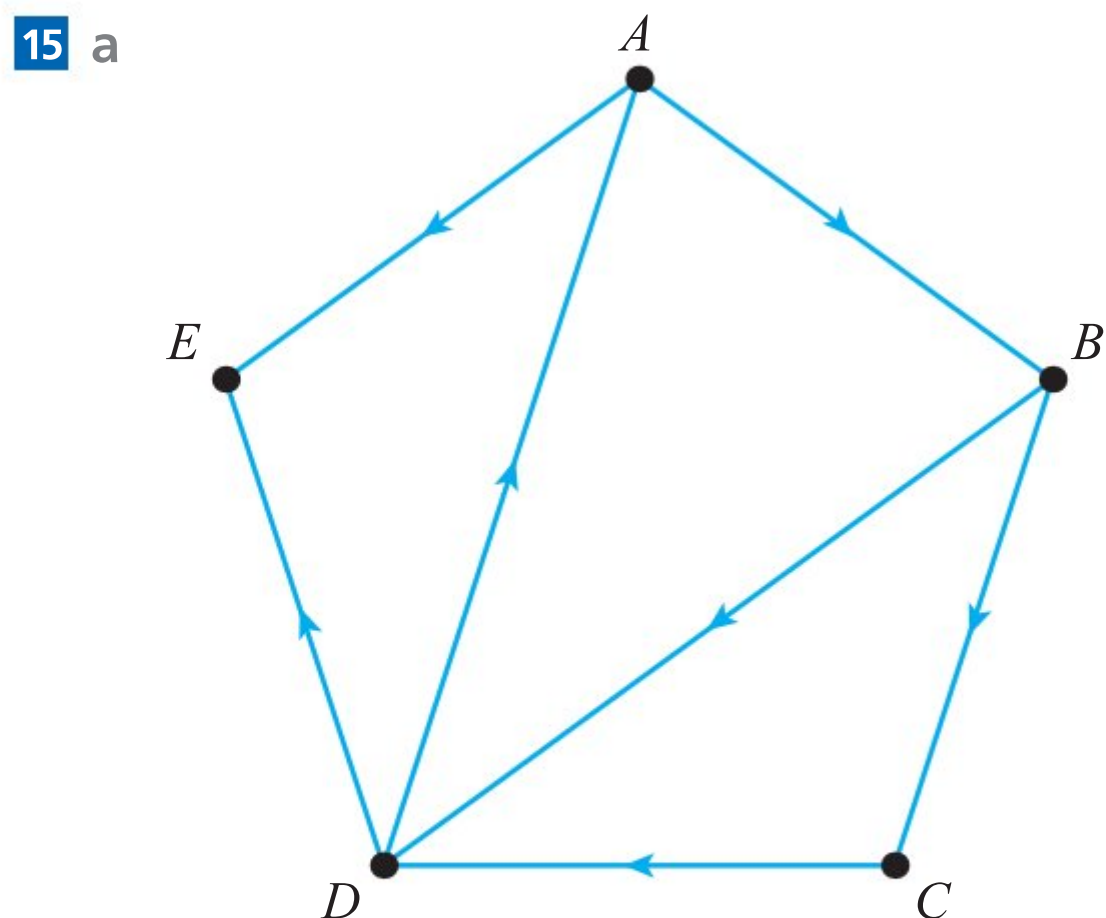
ii 6
ii 3

13 a

$$\begin{matrix} A \\ B \\ C \\ D \\ E \\ F \\ G \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- b 4; C is friends with 4 out of the other 6 people.
- c Everyone is friends with the other six people.
- d 8

- 14 a There is a loop *ABDEA*.
 b So that power can be supplied to each device.
 c Any one of *AB*, *BD*, *DE* or *EA*.



- b It is not possible to get from *E* to any other vertex.
- c *EA* or *ED*

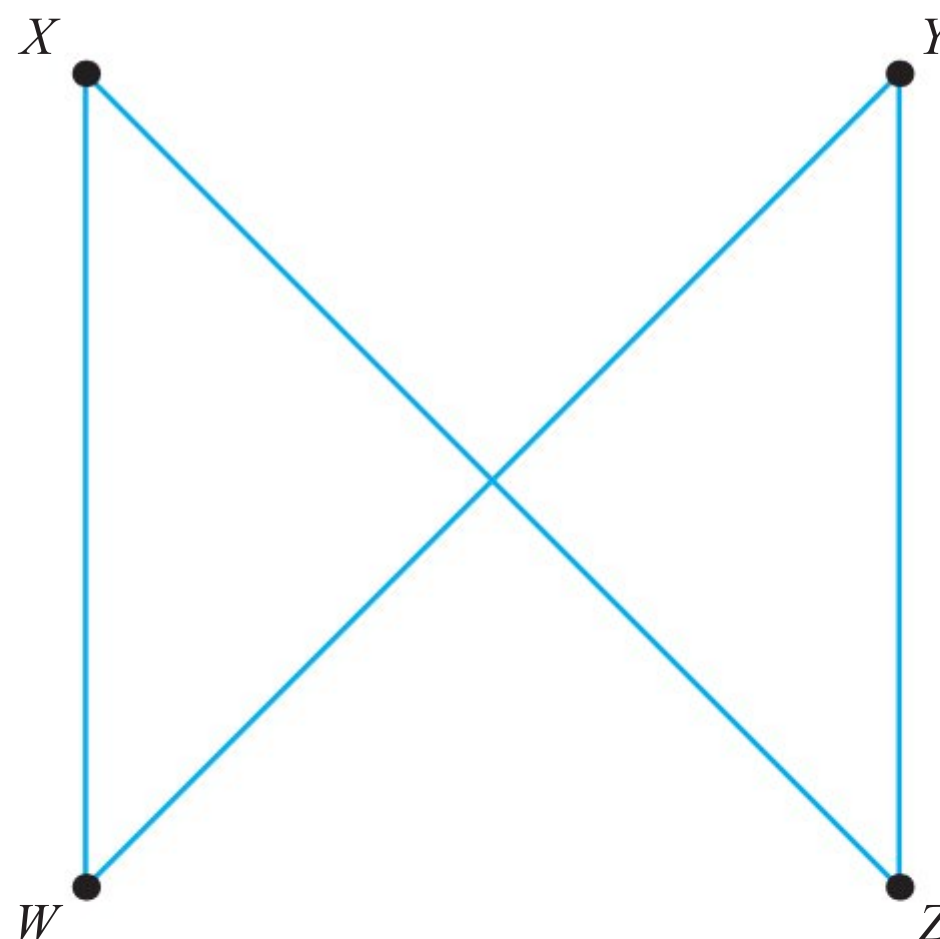
Exercise 7B

- 1 a *AEDB*, *ADCB* b *CBAE*, *CDAE*
- 2 a *ABCD*, *ABDEA* b *CDABC*
- 3 a 6 b 7
- 4 a 14 b 19
- 5 a 0 b 1
- 6 a 1 b 1
- 7 a Eulerian; e.g. *ADBECABCDEA*
 b Semi-Eulerian; e.g. *DCBAECA*
- 8 a Semi-Eulerian; e.g. *FEDCABCDFD*
 b Neither

- 9 a *ACBDEA* (there are alternative solutions)
 b *ABDCEA*
- 10 a *ABFECDA*
 b *ADEBCFA* (there are alternative solutions)
- 11 a Four vertices have odd degree
 b *SMNPQNRQMRS* (there are alternative solutions)

- 12 There are two vertices of odd degree:
UWXVYZWUVZ (there are alternative solutions)

- 13 a *B* and *C*
 b *X*



- c 16
- 14 a e.g. Hamiltonian cycle *ABEDCA*
 b 80

Exercise 7C

1 a

	A	B	C	D	E
A	–	34	20	18	–
B	34	–	20	–	25
C	20	20	–	12	–
D	18	–	12	–	15
E	–	25	–	15	–

b

	A	B	C	D	E
A	–	9	–	–	9
B	9	–	6	12	–
C	–	6	–	–	14
D	–	12	–	–	8
E	9	–	14	8	–

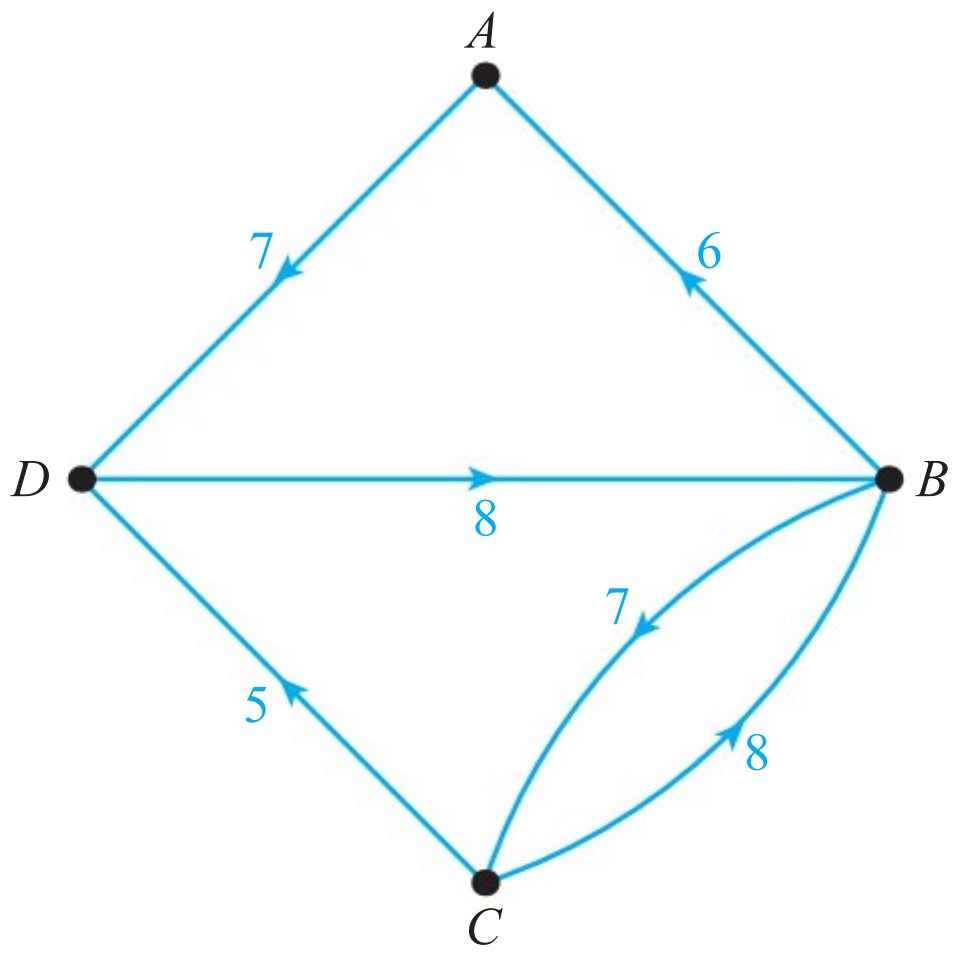
2 a

	A	B	C	D
A	-	6	5	7
B	8	-	10	-
C	-	-	-	-
D	7	-	6	-

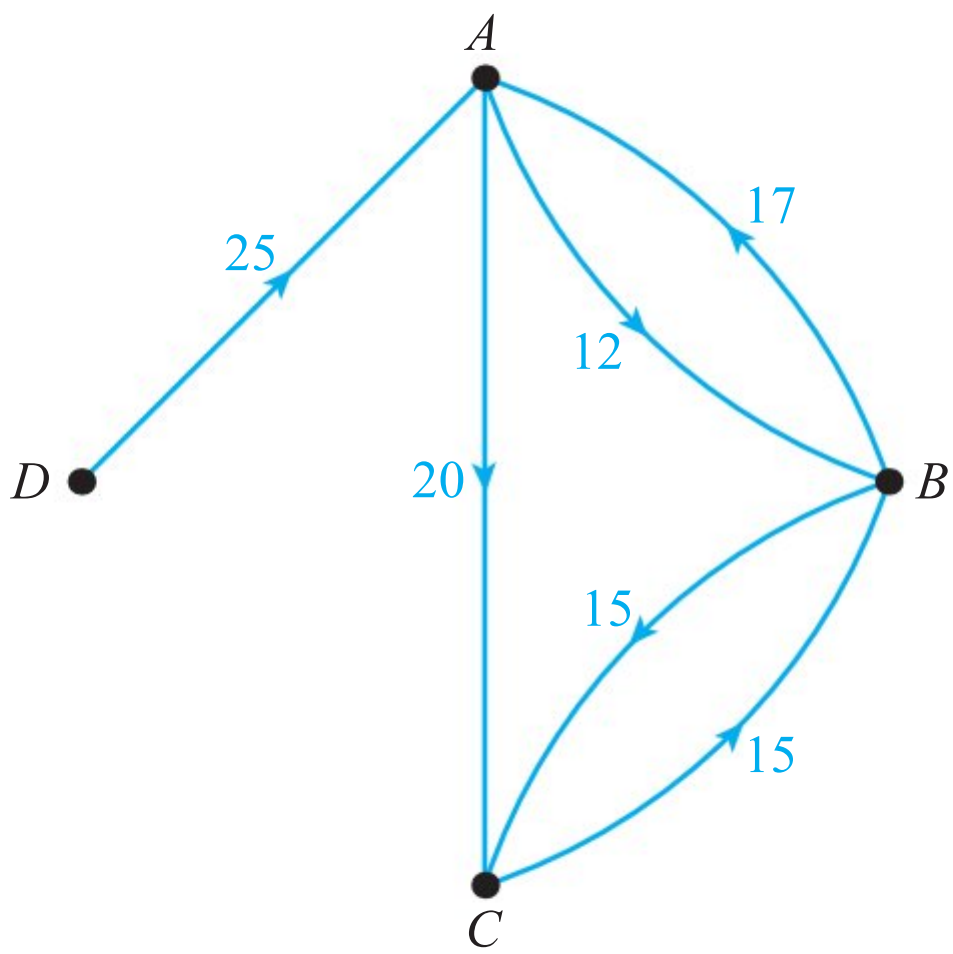
b

	A	B	C	D
A	-	-	8	8
B	5	-	6	-
C	10	-	-	6
D	-	-	7	-

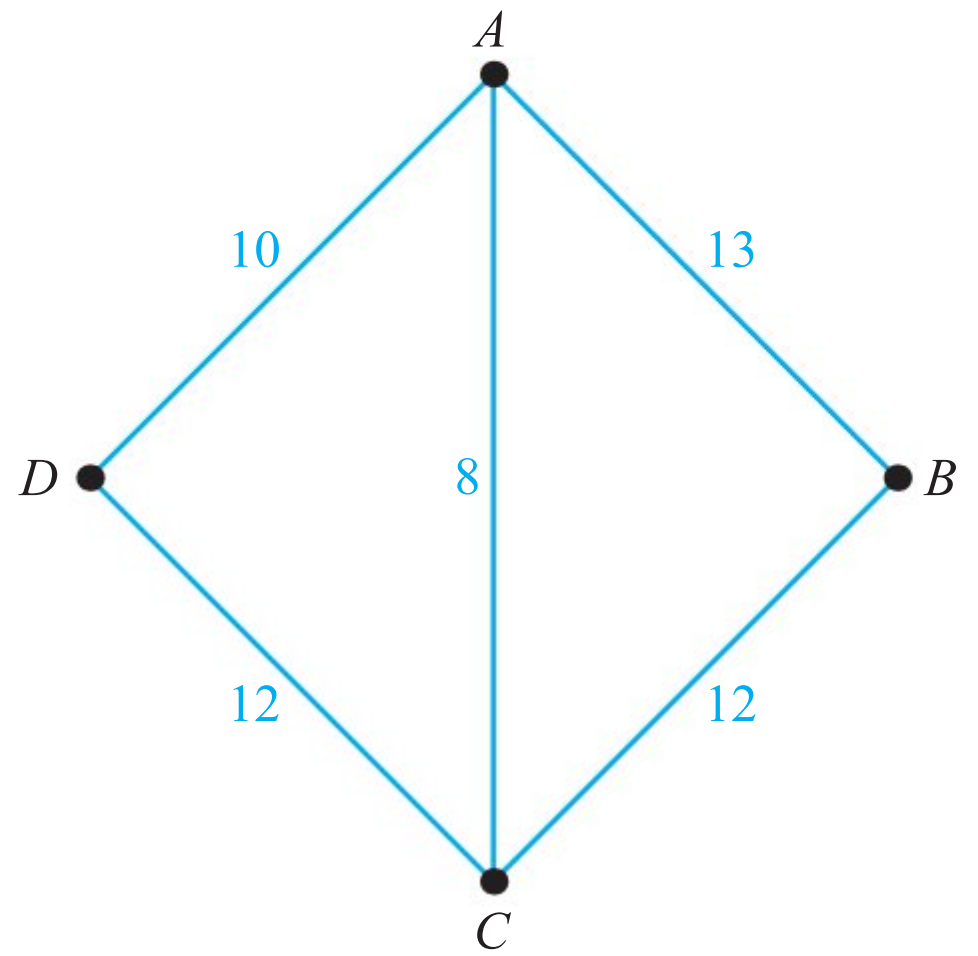
3 a



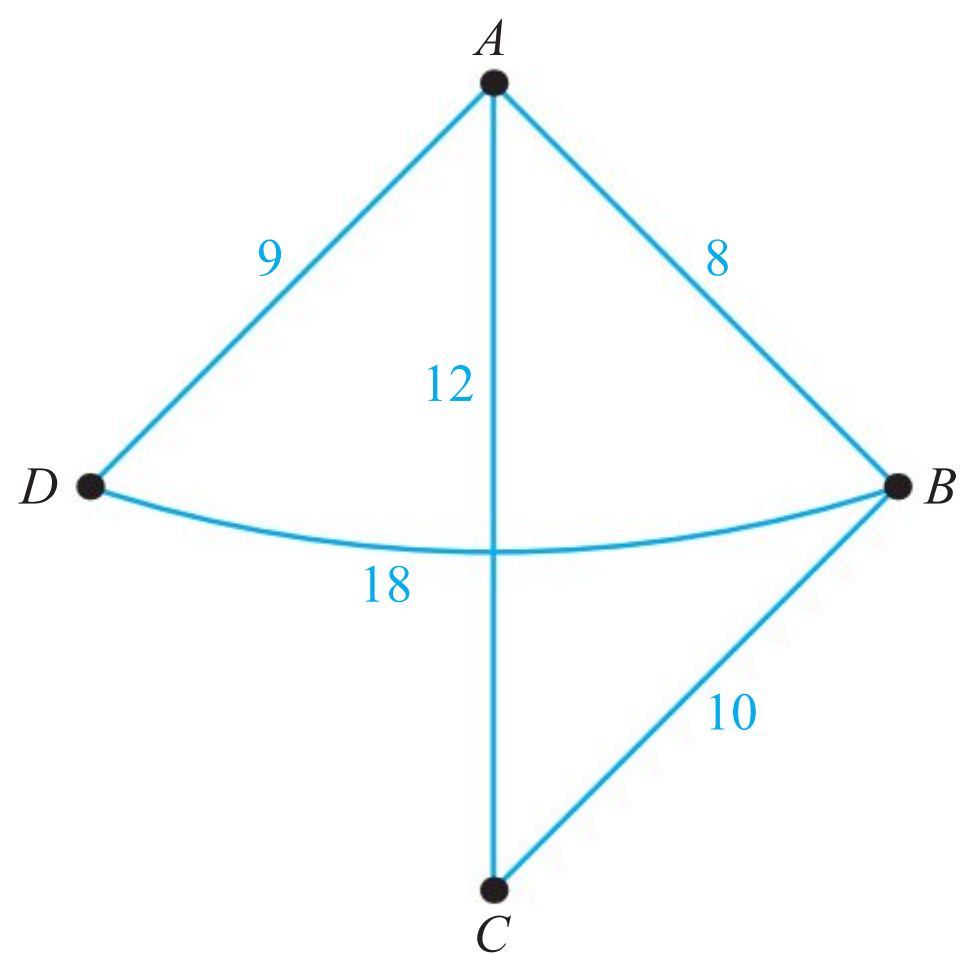
b



4 a



b



5 a

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 1/4 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & 0 & 0 & 1/4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/4 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & 1/2 & 1/2 & 0 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & 0 & 1/2 & 1/4 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

b

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1/4 & 0 & 1/4 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & 0 & 1/2 & 1/4 & 1/3 \\ 0 & 1/4 & 0 & 1/4 & 0 \\ 1/3 & 1/4 & 1/2 & 0 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & 1/4 & 0 & 1/4 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

6 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1/2 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

b $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/2 \\ 1/3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/3 & 1 & 0 & 1/2 \\ 1/3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

7 a 0.143

b 0.125

8 a 0.167

b 0.400

9 a B (0.352)

b C (0.421)

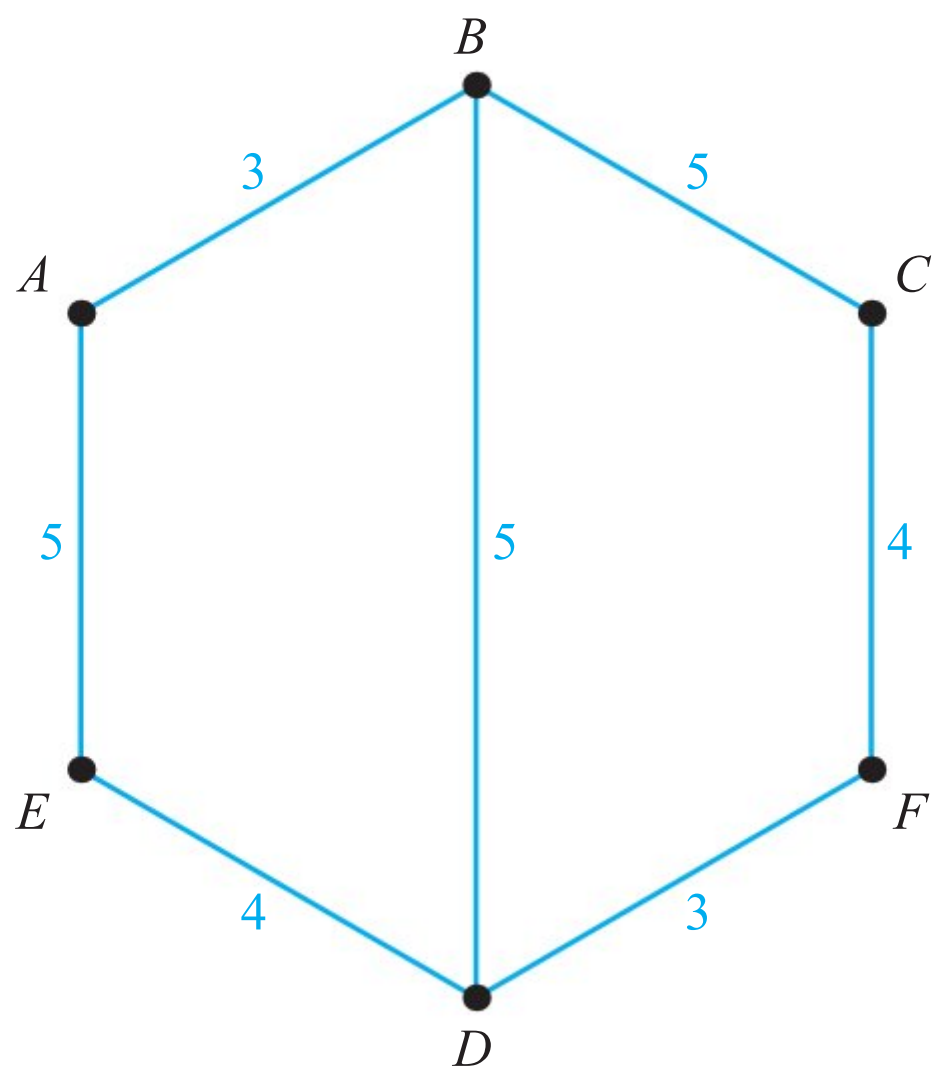
10 a A and B (0.286)

b B and D (0.333)

11 a 1500 km (via A)

b \$350 (via E)

12 a



b ABD, 8 minutes

13 a 12 km (SCBDT)

b SCBT or SCDT (13 km)

14 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1/4 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1/2 & 1/3 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 1/4 & 0 & 1/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/4 & 1/2 & 0 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 1/4 & 0 & 1/3 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

b 0.145

c B(33.3%)

15 A(0.293), E(0.220), C(0.195), B and D (0.146)

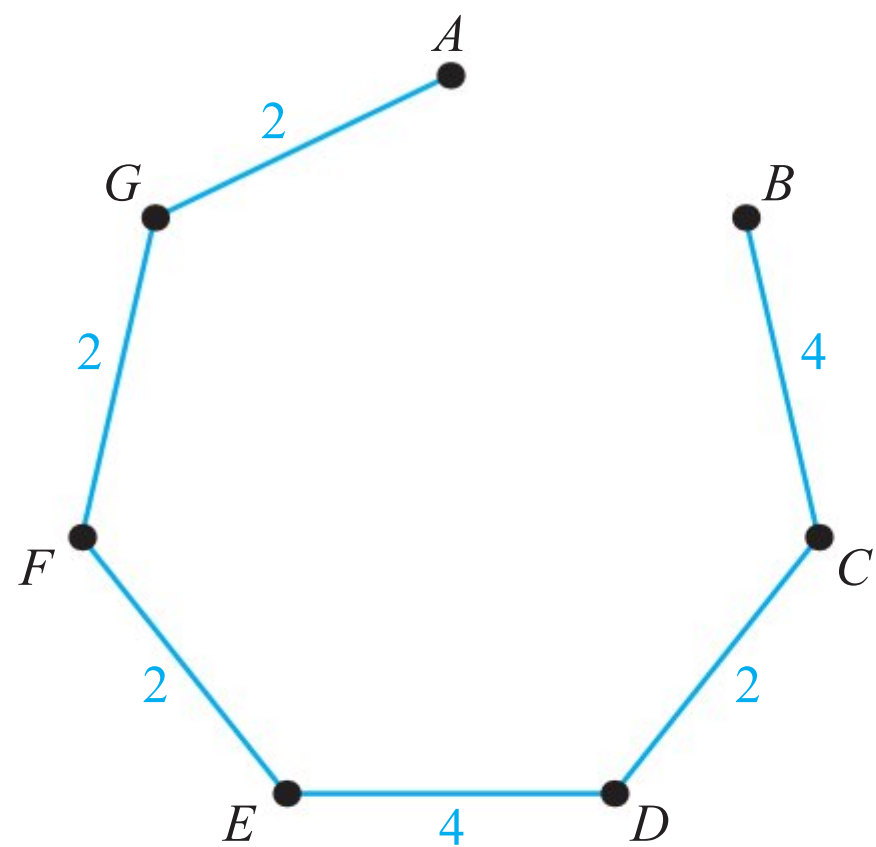
16 a D(0.387)

b $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0.3 & 0 \\ 0.45 & 0 & 0 & 0.3 & 0 \\ 0.45 & 0.45 & 0 & 0.3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.45 & 0.9 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.1 & 0.1 & 0.1 & 0.1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

c No, relative probabilities stay the same.

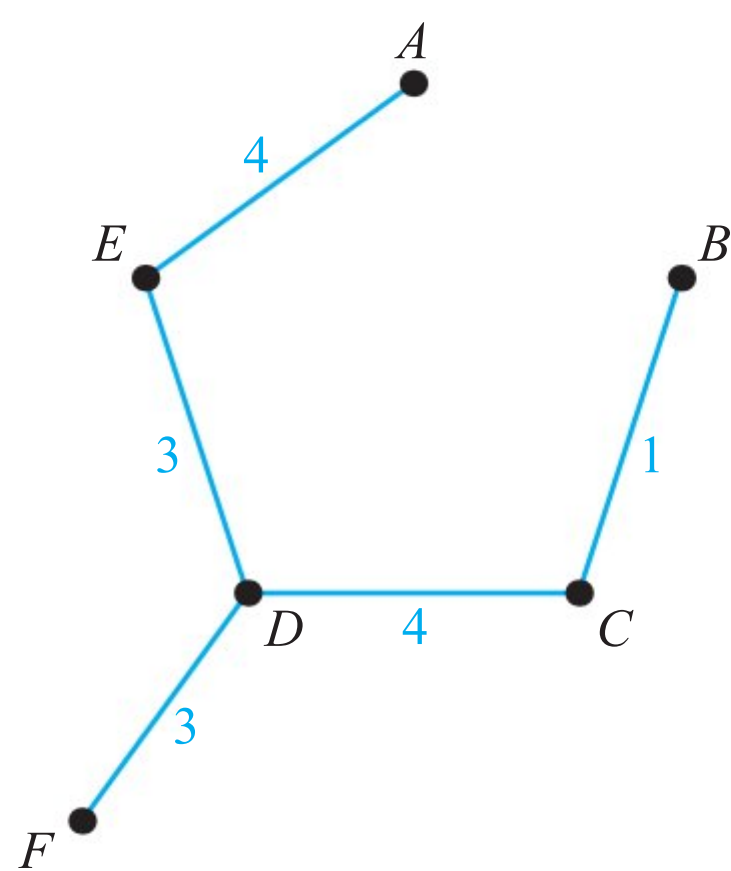
Exercise 7D

1 a



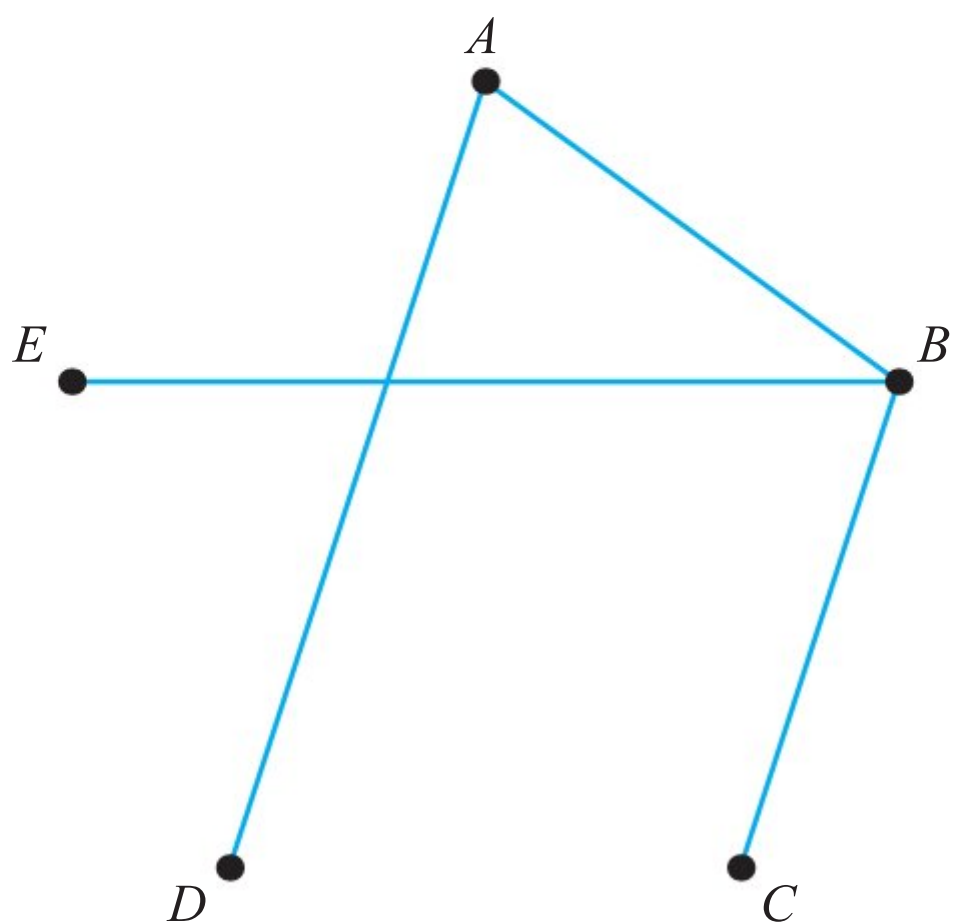
Weight = 16

b



Weight = 15

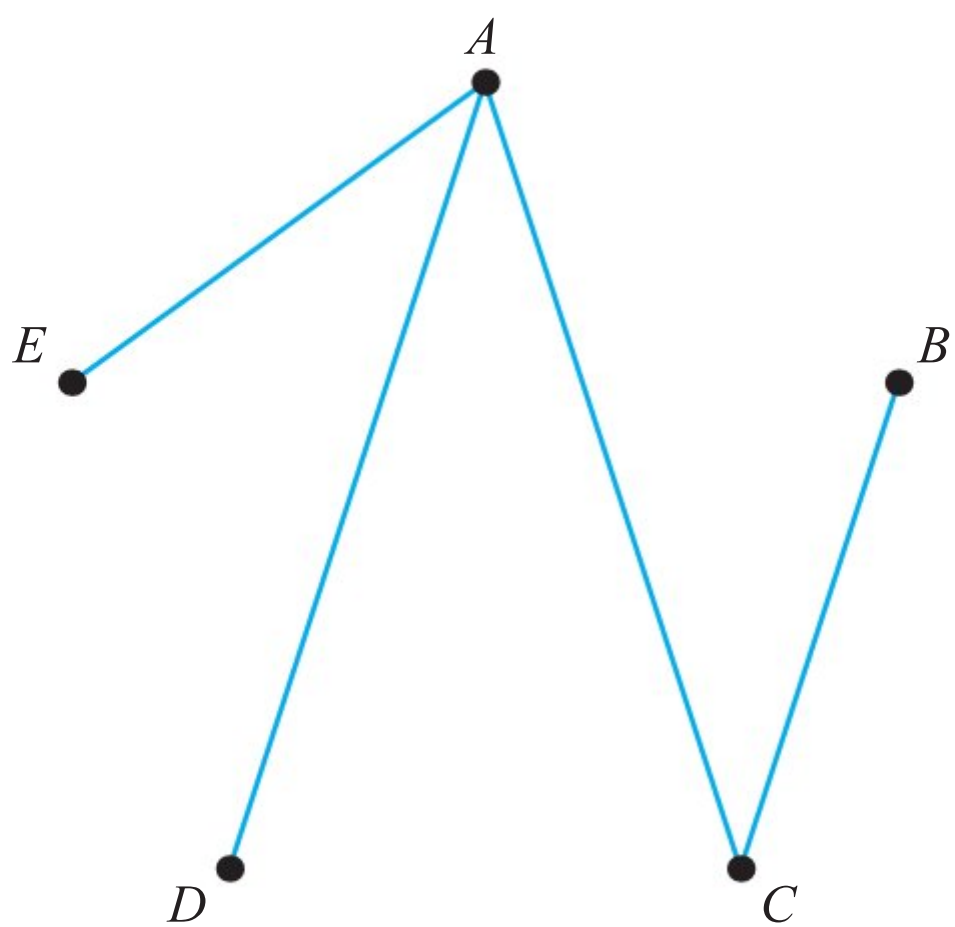
2 a



Weight = 41

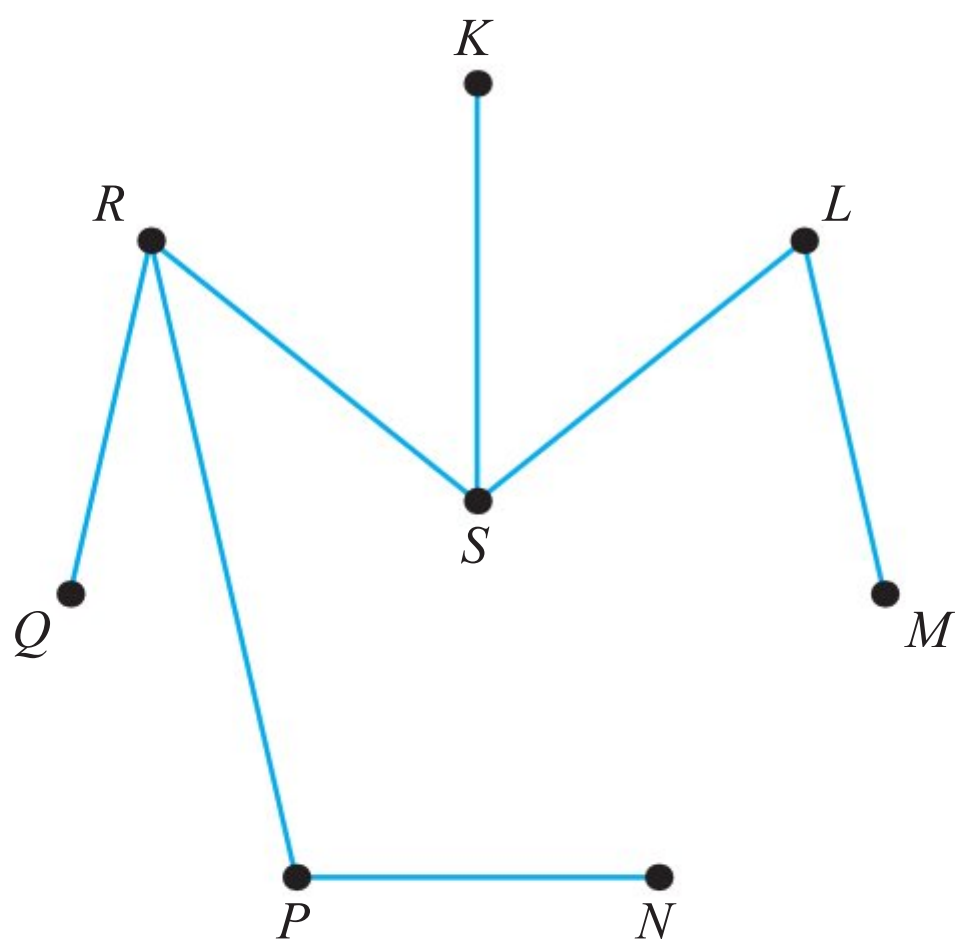
(can replace BE by CE)

b



Weight = 28

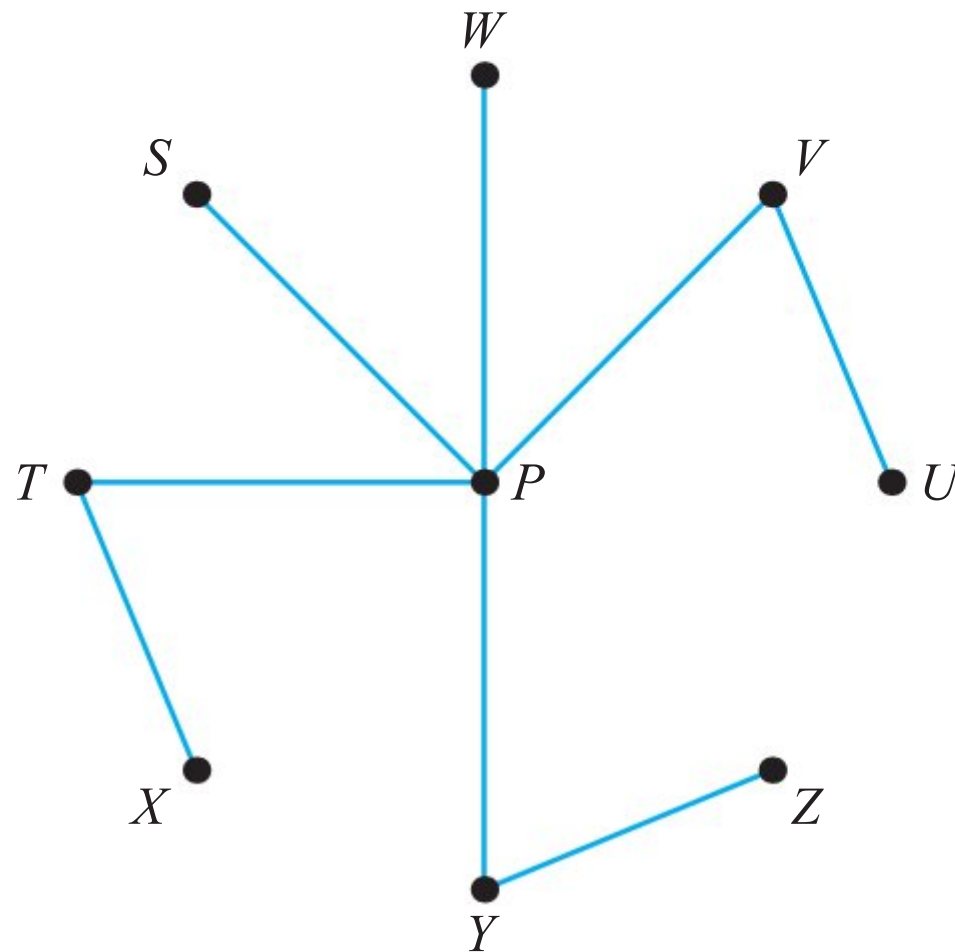
3 a



Weight = 47

(can replace RP by RS)

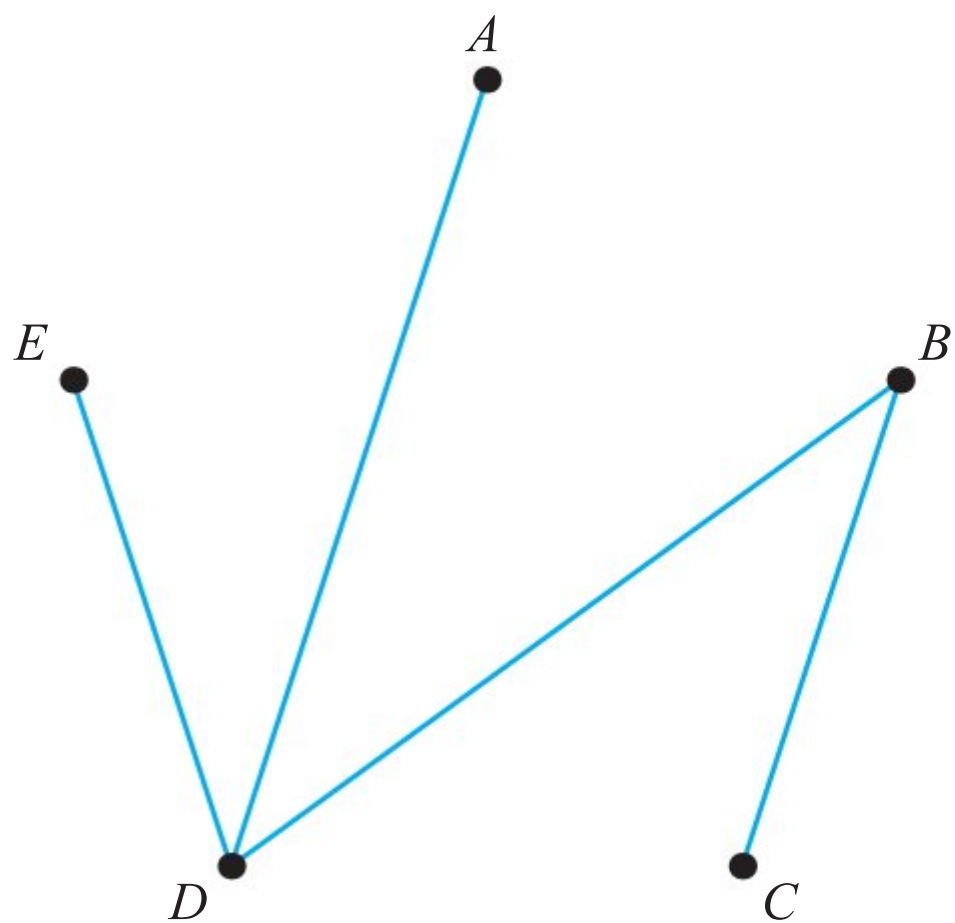
b



Weight = 92

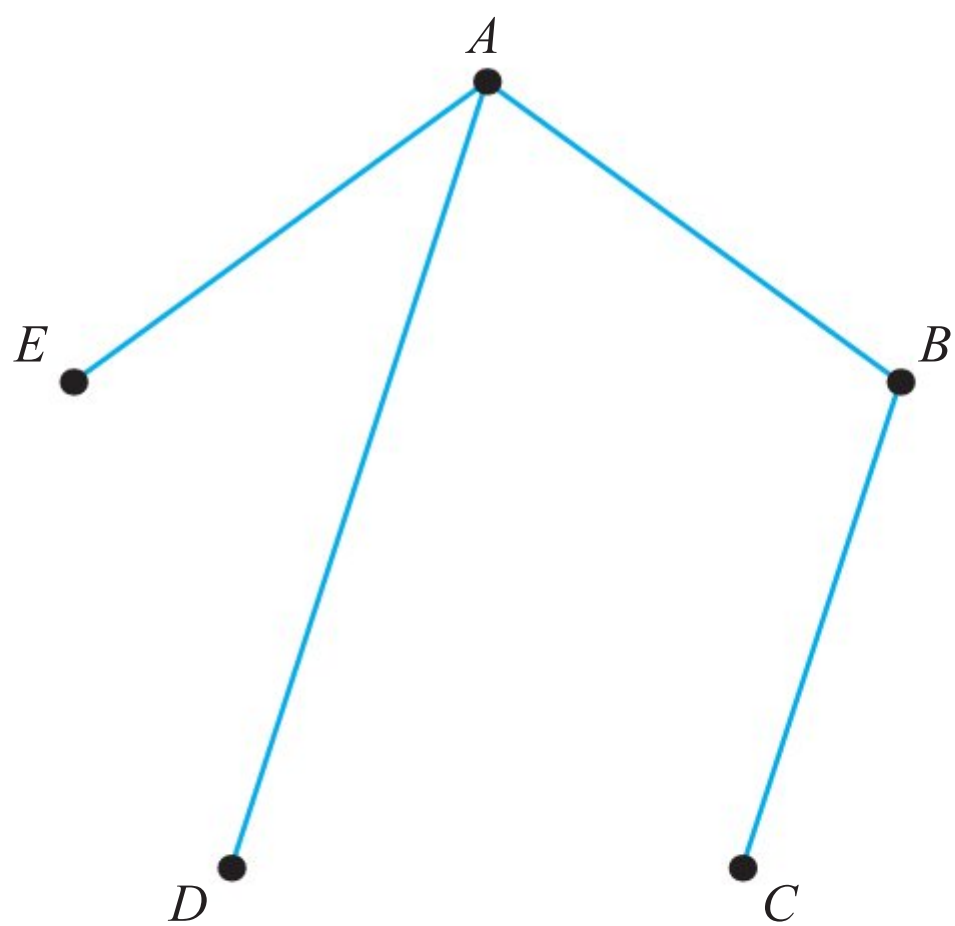
(can replace PS by WS)

4 a



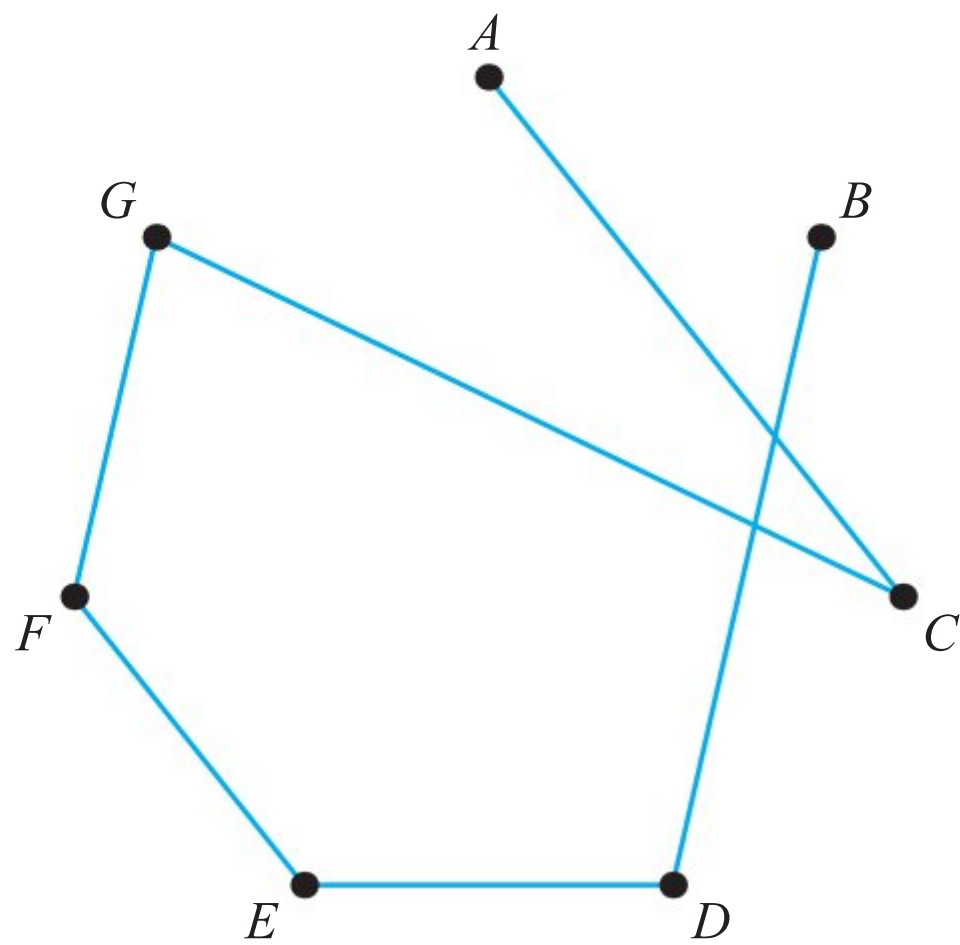
Weight = 24

b



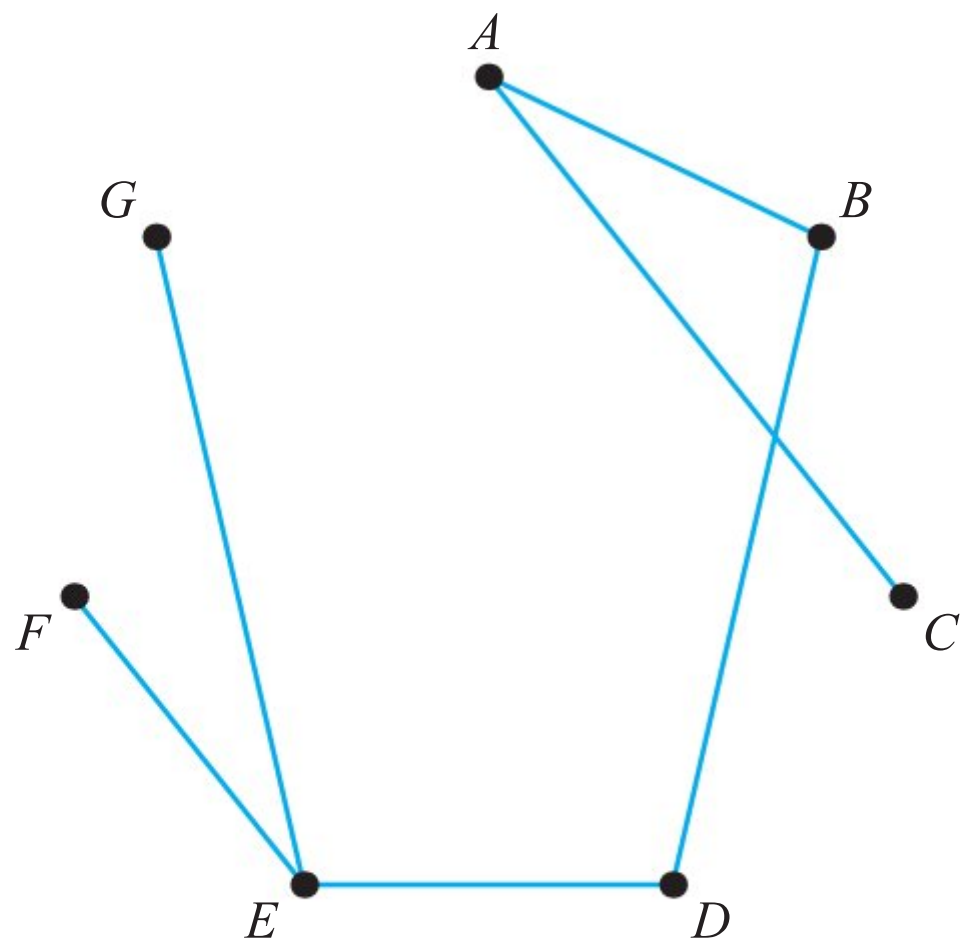
Weight = 52

5 a



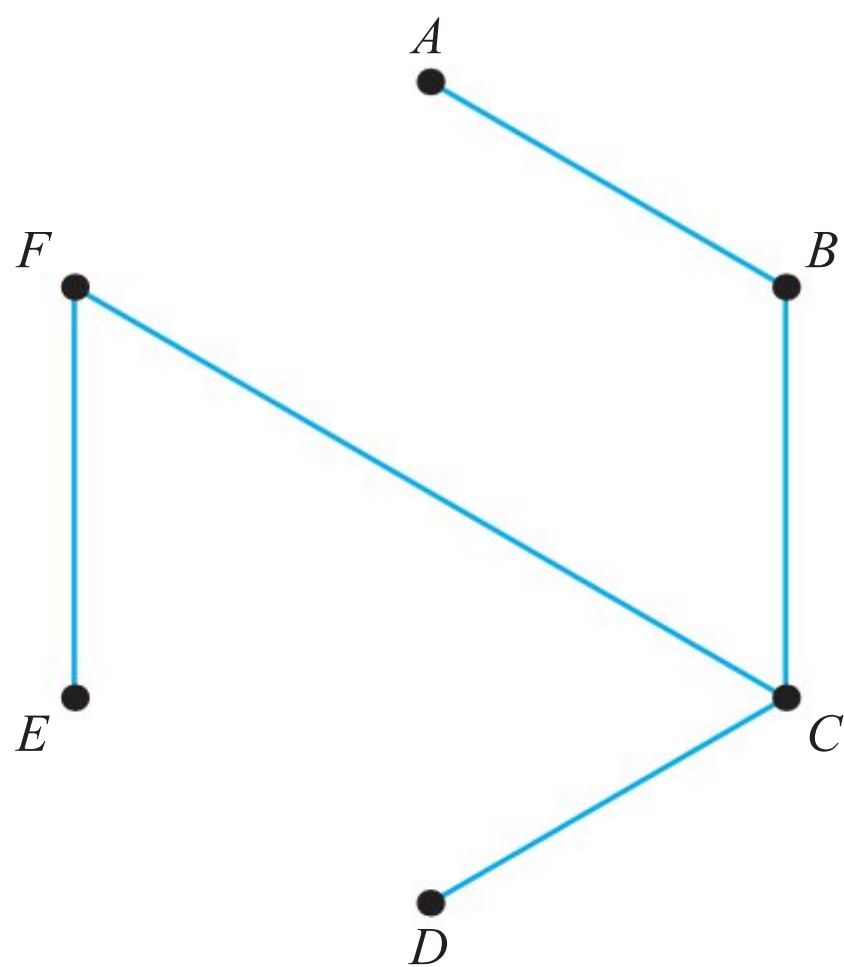
Weight = 120

b



Weight = 155

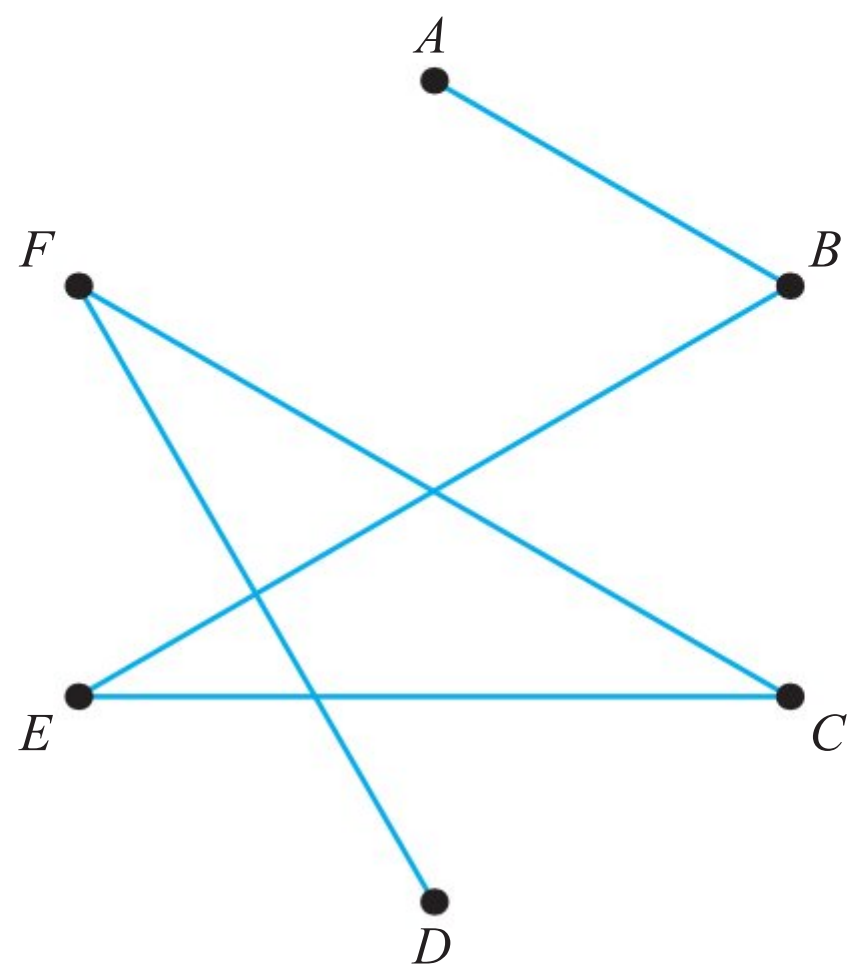
6 a



(or DA instead of DC)

Weight = 21

b



Weight = 19

7 a AB, BD, DF, AC, CE

b AB, AD, DF, FC, CE

8 a AB, AE, ED, EC (or AC)
or AE, ED, AB, AC (or EC)

b AB, BC, CD, DE
or AE, AB, ED, BC
or other combinations

9 a $AB, BG, BH, HE, HD, DC, GF$

b AG, GB, BC, GD, DE, AF (or EF)
or AG, GD, DE, GB, BC, AF (or EF)

10 a AD, DB, BC, DE

b AD, AB, BC, EA

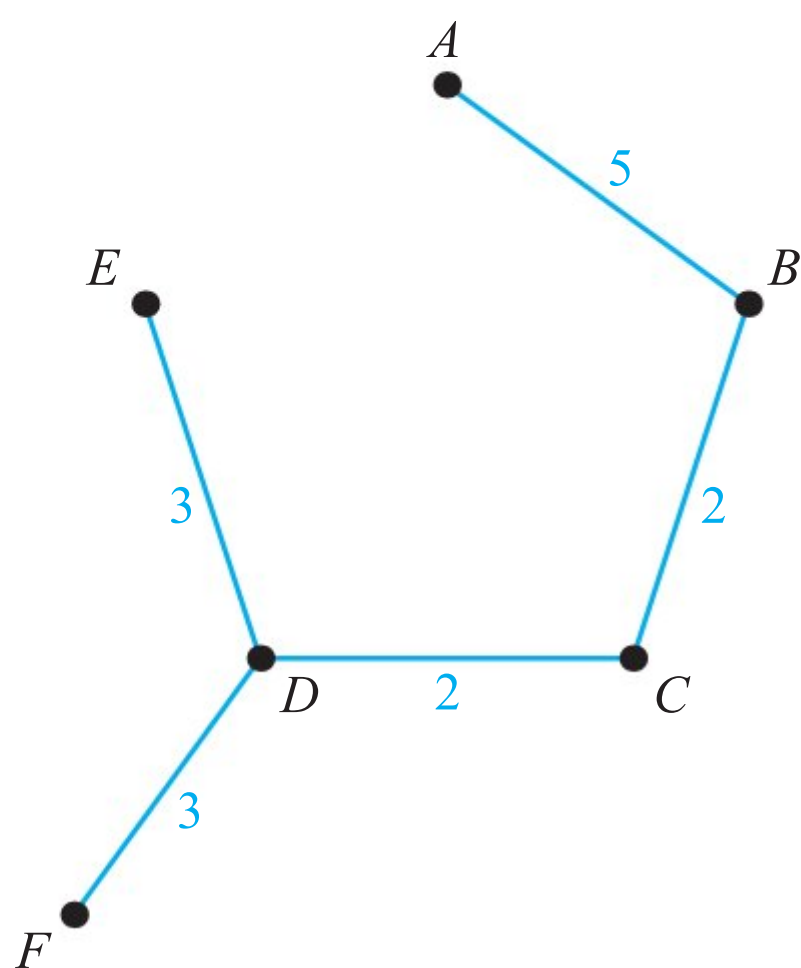
11 a ED, EF, FG, GC, CA, DB
or ED, DG, EF, GC, CA, DB

b EF, ED, EG, DB, BA, AC

12 a CF, FE, EB, BA, DA (or DC)
or CF, FE, CB, BA, DC (or DA)

b CF, FD, EC, EB, BA

13 a



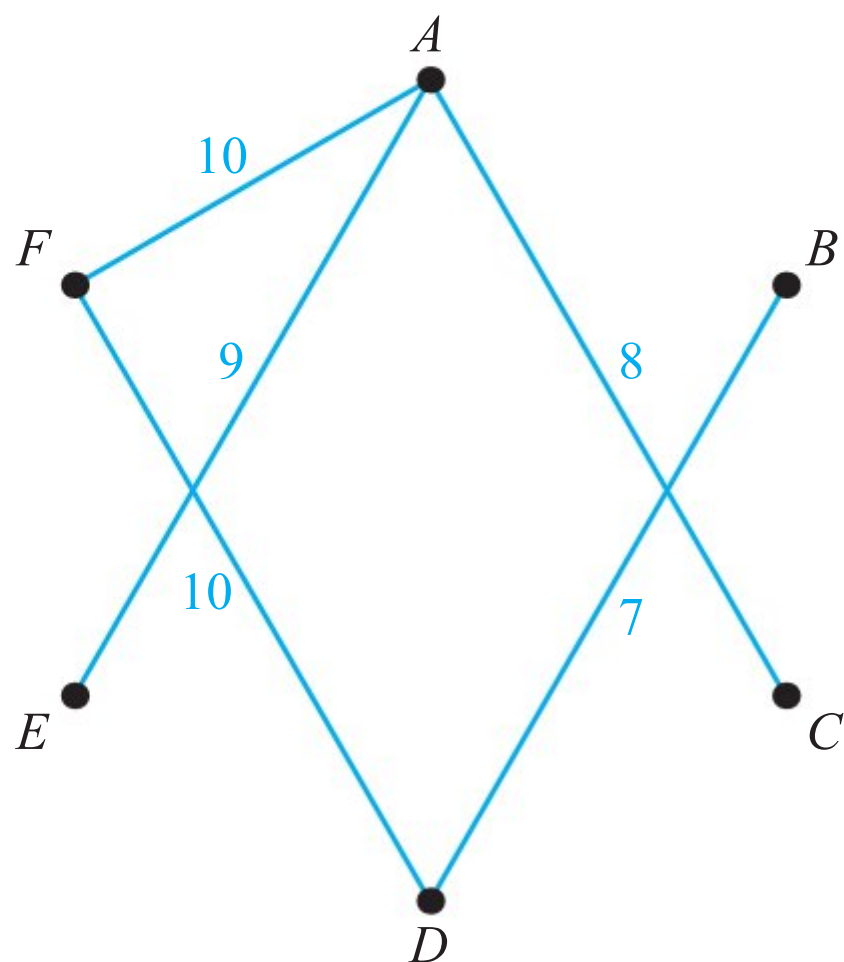
b 15 km

14 a BD, CD, CE, AB, AF (or EF)

b Add CF first, then apply the usual algorithm.

15 a Kruskal adds one edge at a time, Prim adds one vertex at a time.

b



c 44 m

d i Each workstation is connected to the power supply.

ii There are no unnecessary connections.

16 a 49

b 58

17 $0 < x < 7$ or $21 < x < 28$

Exercise 7E

1 a DE, EF (70)

b DF, FG (45)

2 a AF, FE (52)

b AF, FE (34)

3 a AB, EG (78)

b BC, CD, AF, FE (93)

4 a AB, CF, FH (137)

b BE, EF, DG (107)

5 a O, C

b 9

c 81

d OB, BC

6 a F and D ($FABFEDCDB$); 6800 m

b Vertices D and F have odd degrees.

c 8050 m

d FE and ED

7 e.g. $CBAJIHGFEDBDFHJCFDC$, 8.7 km

8 a 99 minutes ($NB, I_1, SB, I_1, I_2, SB, I_1, NB$)

b 130 minutes

c e.g. The time to walk from one bridge to another

9 a AD and EH

b 109 minutes

c 100 minutes

d e.g. $ABCDACFEDEHFGH$

10 a 208 m

b FG, DH

c 208 m

d 230 m

11 a C and F have odd degrees.

b CEF (15)

c $DEFDBACBECFECD$ (180)

d i 165

ii C and F

Exercise 7F

1 a 36 ($ADCBA$)

b 85 ($ACBDA$)

2 a 63 ($ACDEBA$)

b 98 ($ADBECA$)

3 a 98 ($AECBDA$)

b 110 ($ADCBEA$)

4 a 32

b 77

5 a 46

b 81

6 a 95

b 105

7 a

	A	B	C	D	E
A	–	4	10	9	5
B	4	–	6	5	9
C	10	6	–	11	15
D	9	5	11	–	4
E	5	9	15	4	–

b

	A	B	C	D	E
A	–	10	9	20	8
B	10	–	12	18	6
C	9	12	–	12	11
D	20	18	12	–	12
E	8	6	11	12	–

8 a

	A	B	C	D
A	–	8	10	7
B	8	–	7	9
C	10	7	–	6
D	7	9	6	–

b

	A	B	C	D
A	–	30	28	12
B	30	–	12	18
C	28	12	–	17
D	12	18	17	–

9 a

	A	B	C	D
A	–	4	7	6
B	4	–	3	8
C	7	3	–	5
D	6	8	5	–

b

	A	B	C	D
A	–	20	38	35
B	20	–	18	15
C	38	18	–	35
D	35	15	35	–

10 a *ABCD*, *ABDC*, *ACBD*

b *ABDC* (45)

11 a 32

b 31

c It is at most 31 km long.

12 a The cycle *ACBEDA* has length 29.

b 28

c 24

d It is 24, 25, 26, 27 or 28 minutes.

13 a *PUSR* is 40 km.

b *PUQ*, 25 km

c

	P	Q	R	S	T	U
P	–	25	40	24	26	14
Q	25	–	20	21	23	11
R	40	20	–	16	28	26
S	24	21	16	–	12	10
T	26	23	28	12	–	12
U	14	11	26	10	12	–

d 119 km

e 79 km

14 a 40

b 40

c The lower and upper bounds are equal.

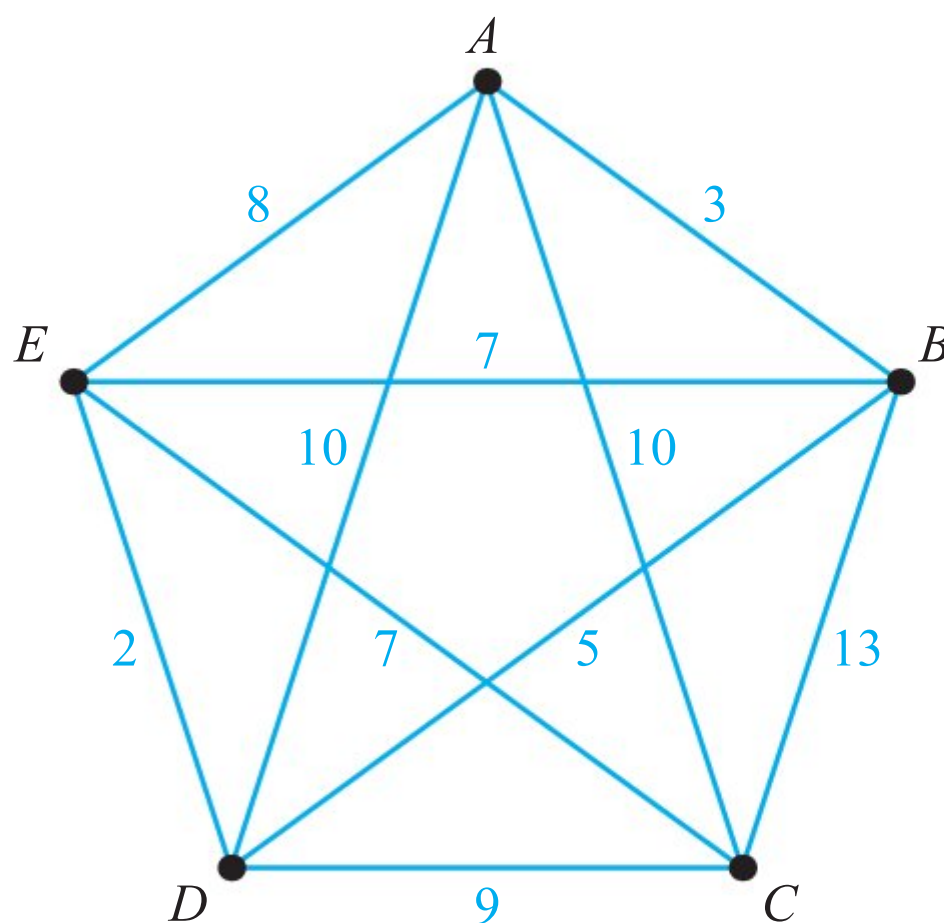
d *ABCDEF*

15 a i *BDE* (7)

ii *BAC* (13)

iii *CED* (9)

b



c 27 (*CEDBAC*)

d 26

e The lower bound is unattainable; the paths *CD* and *CE* cannot be linked to either end of a route, nor can *CE* twice. *CD* and *CA* is the next best option, and can form a route.

f 27 minutes: *CEDBAC*

Chapter 7 Mixed Practice

1 a The second one, all vertices have even degree.

b e.g. *ABCDEBDA*

c *C* or *E*

2 a *RS*

b e.g. *PQRSUV*

c e.g. *PQRSVUP*

- b The number of walks of length 2 from a vertex to itself
- c 8
- d *ABEDC, AFEBC, AFEDC*

- 15** a 63
- b 63
- c *ADCBEA* is a solution to the travelling salesman problem.
- 16** a i There are vertices of odd degree.
ii No, there are more than two vertices of odd degree.
- b i All degrees have doubled, so all are even
ii 306 km

17 \$92, repeat *AE, EB, DG, GC*

18 a

	A	B	C	D	E	F
A	–	8	8	16	18	18
B	8	–	7	15	17	17
C	8	7	–	8	10	10
D	16	15	8	–	6	8
E	18	17	10	6	–	9
F	18	17	10	8	9	–

- b 52
- c 56
- d $52 \leq T \leq 56$
- e *CBACDEFC*
- 19** a *CD, AB, BC, BF, CE*
- b i 231
ii 239
iii 239
- c $239 \leq L \leq 253$
- 20** a 33
- b There is a cycle of length 33 (*ABCDEA*).

Chapter 8 Prior Knowledge

- 1 a 0.4
- 2 0.345
- 3 0.174
- 4 a 0.12
- 5 $\begin{pmatrix} 1319 \\ 1082 \\ 2541 \end{pmatrix}$
- b 2.5
- b 0.833

6 $x = -10.25, y = 7.25, z = 10.75$

7 a $\lambda = 1, 0.1, v = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

b $\begin{pmatrix} 5 & -1 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -1 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$

Exercise 8A

- 1 a $E(Y) = 21, \text{Var}(Y) = 20$
- b $E(Y) = 31, \text{Var}(Y) = 80$
- 2 a $E(Y) = -4, \text{Var}(Y) = \frac{5}{9}$
- b $E(Y) = 4.9, \text{Var}(Y) = 0.05$
- 3 a $E(Y) = -25, \text{Var}(Y) = 45$
- b $E(Y) = -3, \text{Var}(Y) = 5$
- 4 a $E(Y) = 24, \text{Var}(Y) = 20$
- b $E(Y) = 21, \text{Var}(Y) = 45$
- 5 a $E(Y) = 1, \text{Var}(Y) = 0.2$
- b $E(Y) = 5, \text{Var}(Y) = 1.25$
- 6 a $E(Z) = 30, \text{Var}(Z) = 35$
- b $E(Z) = -37, \text{Var}(Z) = 107$
- 7 a $E(Z) = -37.75, \text{Var}(Z) = 48.5$
- b $E(Z) = \frac{7}{6}, \text{Var}(Z) = \frac{7}{3}$
- 8 a $E(Z) = 28.5, \text{Var}(Z) = 45$
- b $E(Z) = -74, \text{Var}(Z) = 224$
- 9 a $E(Z) = 4.7, \text{Var}(Z) = 1.16$
- b $E(Z) = 3, \text{Var}(Z) = \frac{11}{16}$
- 10 a $E(Z) = 1.5, \text{Var}(Z) = 6$
- b $E(Z) = 0, \text{Var}(Z) = 6$
- 11 a $E(Z) = 17, \text{Var}(Z) = 14$
- b $E(Z) = 17, \text{Var}(Z) = 14$
- 12 a $E(\bar{X}) = 5, \text{Var}(\bar{X}) = 0.171$
- b $E(\bar{X}) = 6, \text{Var}(\bar{X}) = 0.208$
- 13 a $E(\bar{X}) = -4.7, \text{Var}(\bar{X}) = 0.04$
- b $E(\bar{X}) = -15.1, \text{Var}(\bar{X}) = 0.0467$
- 14 a $E(\bar{X}) = 12, \text{Var}(\bar{X}) = 0.9$
- b $E(\bar{X}) = 8, \text{Var}(\bar{X}) = 0.0208$
- 15 a $E(\bar{X}) = 3, \text{Var}(\bar{X}) = 0.15$
- b $E(\bar{X}) = 3.6, \text{Var}(\bar{X}) = 0.315$

- 16 a 4.2
c 44.64
- 17 a $\frac{8}{15}$
b 13.8
- 18 a $\frac{25}{8}$
b 34.25
c 85.9
- 19 a 15
b 17
- 20 6.6 cm, 0.6 cm
- 21 198.8 g, 4.16 g
- 22 102 g, 1.92 g
- 23 $E(B) = 3.1$, $\text{Var}(B) = 0.3$
- 24 $E(V) = -6$, $\text{Var}(V) = 2.56$
- 25 1076 kg, 30.2 kg
- 26 0, 1.41
- 27 0, 35.4
- 28 68.3 g
- 29 65 minutes, 8.06 minutes
- 30 a 19
b 10

Exercise 8B

- 1 a $W \sim N(21, 16)$
b $W \sim N(42, 67)$
- 2 a $W \sim N(7, 111)$
b $W \sim N(-1, 7)$
- 3 a $W \sim N(7, 1.48)$
b $W \sim N(-5.5, 6.91)$
- 4 a $W \sim N(0, 8)$
b $W \sim N(15, 9)$
- 5 a $W \sim N(10, 0.5)$
b $W \sim N(5, 0.3)$
- 6 a $\bar{X} \sim N(30, 1.25)$
b $\bar{X} \sim N(30, 0.5)$
- 7 a Cannot say
b Cannot say
- 8 a $\sum_{i=1}^{50} X_i \sim N(1500, 5000)$
b $\sum_{i=1}^{40} X_i \sim N(1200, 4000)$
- 9 a 0.543
b 0.996
- 10 a 0.331
b 0.137
- 11 a $N(91.3, 16.3)$
b 0.0156
- 12 a 0.3 s, 0.721 s
b 0.339
c 0.166
- 13 a 65 cm, 0.005 cm^2
b 0.00235
- 14 a 0.252
b 0.0175

- 15 0.0352
- 16 0.0336
- 17 0.0820
- 18 a 0.4 kg, 0.223 kg^2
b 0.198
c 0.0209
- 19 a 0.196
b 0.0211
- 20 0.272 m
- 21 0.0281
- 22 a 2500 g, 1.79 g
b 0.995
c CLT shows that the distribution of the mass of a ream is approximately normal.
- 23 a 0.321
b The distribution of the times for each company were unknown.
- 24 a 0.208
b 0.196
- 25 $\mu = 7.33 \text{ mm}$, $\sigma = 0.525 \text{ mm}$
- 26 a 0.0228
b i 0.868
ii 0.315
iii 0.868
c 0.691
d 0.645
- 27 a 0.0173
b The mean of normal variables is normal.
- 28 44

Exercise 8C

- 1 a No, $X \sim B(60, 0.801)$
b No, $X \sim B(5, 0.195)$
- 2 a Yes, $X \sim \text{Po}(3)$
Conditions well met.
b Yes, $X \sim \text{Po}(4)$
But occurrences of fish unlikely to be independent of each other as live in shoals.
- 3 a No – this is a continuous distribution.
b No – this is a continuous distribution.

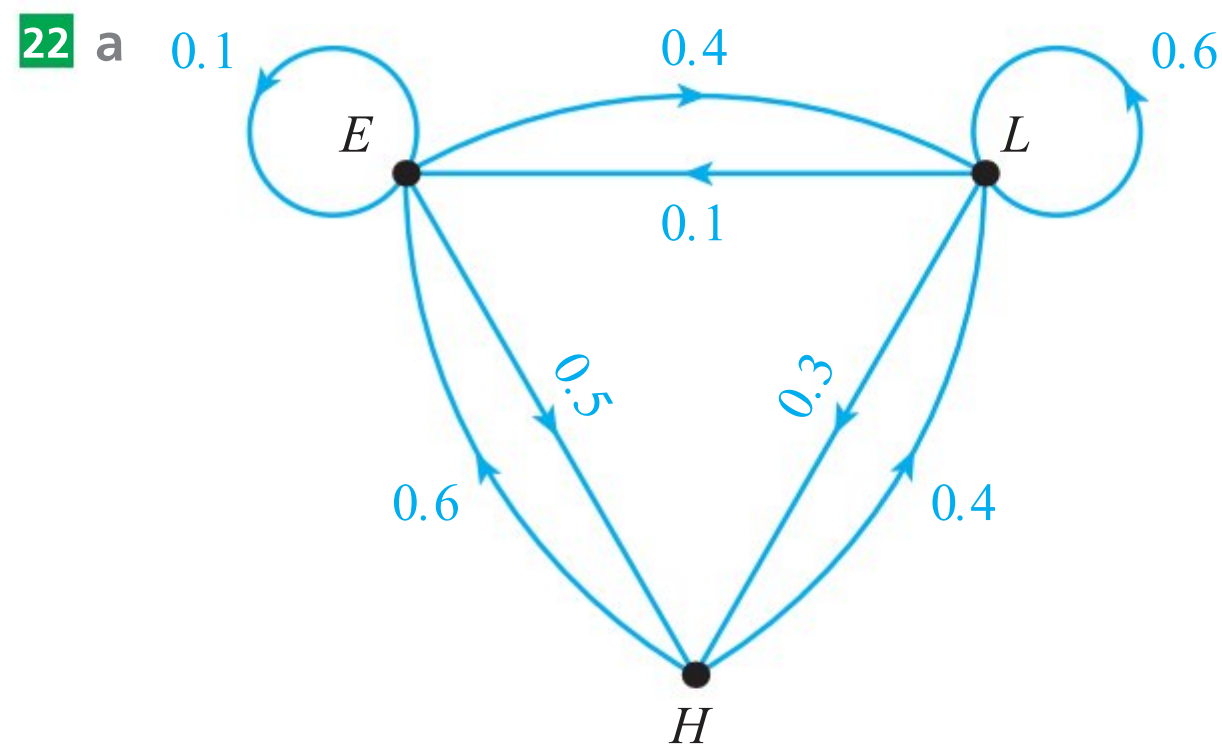
- 4 a No – not Poisson as not a number of events in a given period; not binomial as n not fixed.
 b No – not Poisson as not a number of events in a given period; not binomial as n not fixed.
- 5 a 0.132 b 0.108
- 6 a 0.0789 b 0.666
- 7 a 0.774 b 0.399
- 8 a 0.843 b 0.990
- 9 a 0.085 b 0.601
- 10 a 0.507 b 0.458
- 11 a 0.138 b 0.590
- 12 a 0.249 b 0.213
- 13 a 3.1 b 3.1
- 14 a 2.30 b 5.3
- 15 a $X \sim \text{Po}(36)$ b $X \sim \text{Po}(24)$
- 16 a $X \sim \text{Po}(2.4)$ b $X \sim \text{Po}(3)$
- 17 a $X \sim \text{Po}(54)$ b $X \sim \text{Po}(9.6)$
- 18 a $X \sim \text{Po}(6.5)$ b $X \sim \text{Po}(8.9)$
- 19 a $X \sim \text{Po}(14)$ b $X \sim \text{Po}(7)$
- 20 0.0116
- 21 a 0.0595 b 0.0548
- 22 a 0.298 b 0.973
- 23 a 0.868
- b The rate of arrival of messages is unlikely to be constant – there will probably be more at some times of the day than others. Within each distribution messages are not likely to be independent as they may occur as part of a conversation. The two distributions are also probably not independent of each other, as times when more emails arrive might be similar to times when more texts might arrive.
- 24 a 0.916 b 0.0656
- 25 a 0.430
- b No – likely to be more outbreaks at certain times of the year so not constant rate, and outbreaks not independent since contagious.
- 26 a i 0.161 ii 0.0514
 b 0.0132
- 27 a 0.0537 b 0.321
- 28 a 0.475 b 1 c 0.00413
- 29 a 0.273 b 0.143 c 201
- 30 a 0.747 b 78

Exercise 8D

- 1 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0.25 & 0.7 \\ 0.75 & 0.3 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 0.45 & 0.9 \\ 0.55 & 0.1 \end{pmatrix}$
- 2 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0.82 & 0.08 & 0.22 \\ 0.06 & 0.73 & 0.11 \\ 0.12 & 0.19 & 0.67 \end{pmatrix}$
- b $\begin{pmatrix} 0.64 & 0 & 0.45 \\ 0.02 & 0.57 & 0 \\ 0.34 & 0.43 & 0.55 \end{pmatrix}$
- 3 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0.71 & 0 & 0.24 & 0.45 \\ 0.29 & 0.88 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.05 & 0.57 & 0.07 \\ 0 & 0.07 & 0.19 & 0.48 \end{pmatrix}$
- b $\begin{pmatrix} 0.35 & 0.15 & 0.1 & 0.2 \\ 0.1 & 0.4 & 0.05 & 0.2 \\ 0.25 & 0.2 & 0.5 & 0.05 \\ 0.3 & 0.25 & 0.35 & 0.55 \end{pmatrix}$
- 4 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0.14 & 0.23 \\ 0.86 & 0.77 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 0.5 & 1 \\ 0.5 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
- 5 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0.3 & 0 & 0.4 \\ 0.1 & 1 & 0.4 \\ 0.6 & 0 & 0.2 \end{pmatrix}$
- b $\begin{pmatrix} 0.22 & 0.5 & 0.12 \\ 0.33 & 0.29 & 0.8 \\ 0.45 & 0.21 & 0.08 \end{pmatrix}$
- 6 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0.55 & 0.05 & 0.3 \\ 0.3 & 0 & 0.7 & 0.1 \\ 0.35 & 0.25 & 0 & 0.6 \\ 0.35 & 0.2 & 0.25 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
- b $\begin{pmatrix} 0.84 & 0 & 0.31 & 0.34 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.13 & 0.22 \\ 0 & 0.5 & 0.56 & 0.44 \\ 0.16 & 0.5 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
- 7 a 0.666 b 0.590
- 8 a 0.316 b 0.378
- 9 a 0.112 b 0.0426

- 10 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0.610 \\ 0.390 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 0.503 \\ 0.497 \end{pmatrix}$
- 11 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0.277 \\ 0.325 \\ 0.398 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 0.264 \\ 0.365 \\ 0.371 \end{pmatrix}$
- 12 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0.260 \\ 0.254 \\ 0.267 \\ 0.220 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 0.153 \\ 0.448 \\ 0.237 \\ 0.162 \end{pmatrix}$
- 13 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0.591 \\ 0.409 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 0.517 \\ 0.483 \end{pmatrix}$
- 14 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0.209 \\ 0.579 \\ 0.213 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 0.333 \\ 0.333 \\ 0.333 \end{pmatrix}$
- 15 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0.253 \\ 0.259 \\ 0.261 \\ 0.227 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 0.153 \\ 0.444 \\ 0.239 \\ 0.164 \end{pmatrix}$
- 16 a $\begin{pmatrix} 13/22 \\ 9/22 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 61/118 \\ 57/118 \end{pmatrix}$
- 17 a $\begin{pmatrix} 49/235 \\ 136/235 \\ 10/47 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 1/3 \\ 1/3 \\ 1/3 \end{pmatrix}$
- 18 a $\begin{pmatrix} 249/985 \\ 51/197 \\ 257/985 \\ 224/985 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 9/59 \\ 4/9 \\ 127/531 \\ 29/177 \end{pmatrix}$
- 19 a 0.35 b $\begin{pmatrix} 0.875 & 0.875 \\ 0.125 & 0.125 \end{pmatrix}$
- c 12.5%
- 20 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0.95 & 0.8 \\ 0.05 & 0.2 \end{pmatrix}$ b 0.938
- c $\begin{pmatrix} 0.941 \\ 0.059 \end{pmatrix}$

- 21 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0.8 & 0.2 & 0.1 \\ 0.1 & 0.7 & 0.3 \\ 0.1 & 0.1 & 0.6 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 433 \\ 357 \\ 210 \end{pmatrix}$
- c $\begin{pmatrix} 450 \\ 350 \\ 200 \end{pmatrix}$



- b 0.319 c 0.5
- 23 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0.85 & 0.1 & 0.25 \\ 0.05 & 0.75 & 0.25 \\ 0.1 & 0.15 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$
- b 0.278
- c Bull 51.5%, Bear 29.4%, Stagnant 19.1%

- 24 a $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.5 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\frac{2}{3}$
- 25 a $\begin{pmatrix} 0.7 & 0.4 \\ 0.3 & 0.6 \end{pmatrix}$ b 0.561
- c $\begin{cases} 0.7a + 0.4b = a \\ 0.3a + 0.6b = b \\ a + b = 1 \end{cases}$ d $a = \frac{4}{7}, b = \frac{3}{7}$

- 26 a 0.125
- b $\begin{cases} 0.5d + 0.25h = d \\ 0.5d + 0.5h + 0.5r = h \\ 0.25h + 0.5r = r \\ d + h + r = 1 \end{cases}$
- c $d = 0.25, h = 0.5, r = 0.25$

