Probability - basics 2 (preDP2) [26 marks]

1. [Maximum mark: 6] 22M.2.SL.TZ1.6 Let A and B be two independent events such that $\mathrm{P}(A \cap B\prime) = 0.~16$ and $\mathrm{P}(A\prime \cap B) = 0.~36.$

(a) Given that
$$\mathrm{P}(A \cap B) = x$$
, find the value of x . [4]

(b) Find
$$P(A \mid B \mid)$$
. [2]

2. [Maximum mark: 6] 22M.2.SL.TZ2.4 Events A and B are independent and $\mathrm{P}(A)=3\mathrm{P}(B).$

Given that
$$\mathrm{P}(A\cup B)=0.\,68$$
, find $\mathrm{P}(B)$. [6]

3.	[Maximum mark: 8] At a school, 70% of the students play a sport and 20% of the students a involved in theatre. 18% of the students do neither activity.		21M.2.SL.TZ2.4 re	
	A student is selected at random.			
	(a)	Find the probability that the student plays a sport and is involved in theatre.	[2]	
	(b)	Find the probability that the student is involved in theatre, but does not play a sport.	[2]	
	At the school 48% of the students are girls, and 25% of the girls are involved in theatre.			
	A student is selected at random. Let G be the event "the student is a girl" and let T be the event "the student is involved in theatre".			
	(c)	Find $\operatorname{P}(G\cap T).$	[2]	
	(d)	Determine if the events G and T are independent. Justify your answer.	[2]	
4.	[Maxir Consic P (A	[Maximum mark: 6] 18 N.1.AHL.TZO.H_1 Consider two events, A and B , such that $\mathrm{P}\left(A ight)=\mathrm{P}\left(A'\cap B ight)=0.4$ and $\mathrm{P}\left(A\cap B ight)=0.1.$		
	(a)	By drawing a Venn diagram, or otherwise, find $\mathrm{P}(A\cup B)$.	[3]	
	(b)	Show that the events A and B are not independent.	[3]	

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