## MAA HL

## Test on Exponents and Logarithms (2) (without GDC)

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Marks: /40
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[Maximum mark: 6]			
Let	$\log_2 3 = a$ and $\log_2 7 = b$ . Express the following in terms of $a$ and $b$ .		
(a)	$\log_2 63$		
(b)	$\log_2 42$		
(c)	$\log_7 \sqrt{3}$		

**Turn over** 

	$2\log_3 x +$	$\log_{\frac{1}{2}}(x-2)=2$
		3
••••		

[Maximum mark: 6]

2.

 system of equations
$\ln(x-5+e^2)=2$
$2^{2y+1} + 1 = x$

[Maximum mark: 5]

3.

Show that
$\log_a b \cdot \log_b c \cdot \log_c a = 1$

4.

<b>5</b> .	[Maximum mark: 6]			
	Solve the equation			
	$\log_2(\log_2 x) = \log_4(\log_4 x)$			

**Turn over** 

(a)	Show that $6xy + 2y - 15x - 5 \equiv (3x + 1)(2y - 5)$
(b)	<b>Hence</b> solve the equation $6xe^x + 2e^x - 15x = 5$

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7.	[Maximum mark: 7]					
	The cubic function $f(t) = t^3 - 10t^2 + 7t + 18$ is divisible by $(t^2 - t - 2)$ .					
	(a)	Find the three real roots of $f(t)$ .	[4]			
	(b)	Solve the logarithmic equation				
		$(\ln x)^3 + 7\ln x + 18 = 10(\ln x)^2$	[3]			