

- (a) $2x \sin(x^2 + 1)$ (b) $\frac{5}{\sqrt{x}} \sin(\sqrt{x})$ (c) $\frac{2}{x^2} \cos\left(2 + \frac{1}{x}\right)$
- (d) $\sin x \sqrt{\cos x}$ (e) $\frac{\sin 3x}{\cos 3x}$ (f) $\frac{4 \sec^2 3x}{1 + \tan 3x}$
- (g) $\frac{4 \sec^2 3x}{(1 + \tan 3x)^2}$ (h) $\frac{2}{x} \cos(\ln x)$ (i) $\sin x \cos x \sqrt{1 + \cos 2x}$
- (j) $e^x \cos(e^x)$ (k) $3x^2 e^{-x^3 + 2}$ (l) $\cot \frac{1}{2} x \ln\left(\sin \frac{1}{2} x\right)$
- (m) $\sin x \sec^2 x$ (n) $\frac{1}{e^{-x} + 2} \ln(1 + 2e^x)$ (o) $(x^2 - 3) \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{3}x^3 - 3x\right)$

Integrate the following expressions with respect to x :

- (a) $x \sin x$ (b) $x \cos \frac{x}{2}$ (c) $2x \sin \frac{x}{2}$ (d) $x e^{-x}$
- (e) $5x e^{-4x}$ (f) $\ln x$ (g) $x \ln x$ (h) $-x \cos(-5x)$
- (i) $4x \sin\left(-\frac{x}{3}\right)$ (j) $\frac{x}{\cos^2 x}$ (k) $\sqrt{x} \ln x$

Find the following integrals (not all are best evaluated using the parts formula):

- (a) $\int x^2 e^x dx$ (b) $\int 3x^2 \cos(2x) dx$ (c) $\int x^3 \ln(2x) dx$
- (d) $\int e^x \sin(2x) dx$ (e) $\int x^2 \cos(3x) dx$ (f) $\int e^{-2x} \cos(2x) dx$
- (g) $\int 4x^3 \sin \frac{x}{2} dx$ (h) $\int \frac{1}{x} \ln x dx$ (i) $\int (\ln(3x))^2 dx$
- (j) $\int \cos x \sin(2x) dx$ (k) $\int e^{ax} \cos \frac{x}{a} dx$ (l) $\int x^2 \sqrt{x+2} dx$
- (m) $\int x^3 \ln(ax) dx$ (n) $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx$ (o) $\int \frac{3x^2 dx}{\sqrt{x^2-9}}$
- (p) $\int \frac{x}{x^2+4} dx$ (q) $\int \frac{x^2}{x^2+4} dx$

- 1.** (a) $\frac{2}{3}(5x^2 + 2)^{3/2} + c$ (b) $-\frac{1}{3(x^3 + 4)} + c$ (c) $\frac{3}{8}(1 - 2x^2)^4 + c$ (d) $\frac{1}{5}(9 + 2x^{3/2})^5 + c$
 (e) $\frac{9}{4}(x^2 + 4)^{4/3} + c$ (f) $\frac{-1}{2(x^2 + 3x + 1)^2} + c$ (g) $4\sqrt{x^2 + 2} + c$ (h) $\frac{1}{12(1 - x^4)^3} + c$
 (i) $\frac{2}{3}(1 + e^{3x})^{3/2} + c$ (j) $\frac{-1}{2(x^2 + 2x - 1)} + c$ (k) $\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{x^3 + 3x + 1} + c$ (l) $\frac{1}{12}(3 + 4x^2)^{3/2} + c$
 (m) $2\sqrt{e^x + 2} + c$ (n) $-\frac{1}{4}(1 - e^{-2x})^{-2} + c$ (o) $\frac{2}{3}(x^3 + 1)^5 + c$ (p) $\frac{1}{24}(x^4 + 8x - 3)^6 + c$
 (q) $\frac{1}{5}(x^4 + 5)^{5/2} + c$ (r) $-\sqrt{1 - \sin 2x} + c$ (s) $\frac{2}{9}(4 + 3\sin x)^{3/2} + c$ (t) $-\frac{1}{12(1 + 3\tan 4x)} + c$
- (u) $\frac{3}{2}(x + \cos x)^{2/3} + c$ (v) $-\frac{1}{2}\cos^4 \frac{x}{2} + c$ (w) $2\sqrt{1 + x\sin x} + c$ (x) $\frac{4}{3}(x^{1/2} + 1)^{3/2} + c$
- 1.** (a) $\sin x - x\cos x + c$ (b) $4\cos \frac{x}{2} + 2x\sin \frac{x}{2} + c$ (c) $2\left(4\sin \frac{x}{2} - 2x\cos \frac{x}{2}\right) + c$
 (d) $-e^{-x}(x + 1) + c$ (e) $-5e^{-4x}\left(\frac{x}{4} + \frac{1}{16}\right) + c$ (f) $x\ln x - x + c$ (g) $\frac{x^2}{2}\ln x - \frac{x^2}{4} + c$
 (h) $-\frac{1}{25}(\cos 5x + 5x\sin 5x) + c$ (i) $12\left(x\cos \frac{x}{3} - 3\sin \frac{x}{3}\right) + c$ (j) $\ln \cos x + x\tan x + c$
 (k) $\frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{x}\ln x - \frac{4}{9}x\sqrt{x} + c$ **2.** (a) $\frac{2}{15}(3x - 2)(x + 1)^{3/2} + c$ (b) $\frac{2}{15}(3x + 4)(x - 2)^{3/2} + c$
 (c) $\frac{2}{15}(3x + 1)(x + 2)^{3/2} + c$ **3.** (a) $x\cos^{-1} x - \sqrt{1 - x^2} + c$ (b) $x\tan^{-1} x - \frac{1}{2}\ln(x^2 + 1) + c$
 (c) $x\sin^{-1} x + \sqrt{1 - x^2} + c$
- 1.** (a) $e^x(x^2 - 2x + 2) + c$ (b) $3\left(\frac{x}{2}\cos 2x + \frac{2x^2 - 1}{4}\sin 2x\right) + c$ (c) $\frac{x^4}{4}\log 2x - \frac{x^4}{16} + c$
 (d) $-\frac{e^x}{5}(2\cos 2x - \sin 2x) + c$ (e) $\frac{2x}{9}\cos 3x + \frac{9x^2 - 2}{27}\sin 3x + c$ (f) $-\frac{e^{-2x}}{4}(\cos 2x - \sin 2x) + c$
 (g) $-8\left(x^3\cos \frac{x}{2} - 6x^2\sin \frac{x}{2} - 24x\cos \frac{x}{2} + 48\sin \frac{x}{2}\right) + c$ (h) $\frac{1}{2}(\ln x)^2 + c$
 (i) $2x - 2x\ln(3x) + x(\ln(3x))^2 + c$ (j) $-\frac{\cos x}{2} - \frac{\cos 3x}{6} + c$
 (k) $\frac{1}{1 + a^4}\left(a^3 e^{ax}\cos\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) + a e^{ax}\sin\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)\right) + c$ (l) $\left(\frac{2x^3}{7} + \frac{4x^2}{35} - \frac{32x}{105} + \frac{128}{105}\right)\sqrt{x + 2} + c$
 (m) $\frac{x^4}{4}\ln ax - \frac{x^4}{16} + c$ (n) $2\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{x}{2}\sqrt{4 - x^2} + c$ (o) $\frac{3}{2}(x\sqrt{x^2 - 9} + 9\ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 - 9})) + c$
 (p) $\frac{1}{2}\ln(x^2 + 4) + c$ (q) $x - 2\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + c$ **2.** (a) $\frac{\pi^2}{16} - \frac{1}{4}$ (b) $\frac{\pi}{8}$ (c) $\frac{1}{2}(e^{2\pi} - e^{\pi/2})$